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# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR FHIROZESHAH M MEHTA IN 1913.

PRICE ONE ANNA

REGD. NO. B 1065

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VOL. XXI NO 201 BOMBAY SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1933 SIXTEEN PAGES

# MAHATMA EXTENDS OLIVE BRANCH AGAIN

## Out Of The Gloaming.

The "latest report from the Frontier," — which was also the first by the way, — is that the Peshawar Brigade column which moved forward to meet the enemy has moved back, because the enemy can't be seen.

* * * *

Now that there is no visible enemy, the best thing for the column to do is to march right back into British territory and rest after its arduous tramps of four miles a day. No use in fighting an enemy who does not want to fight, and who does not even appear to exist.

* * * *

Whatever may have been the differences between the consultees there was good team work on one point—they all paid their glowing tributes to the frankness, ability and honesty of Sir Samuel Hoare, as Gandhiji also did.

The man ought to get the gold medal for—well, we won't say what!

* * * *

Sir P.C. Sethna with his equally "tremendous drive" unfolds his views in a 120-word long sentence and tells India of his modest achievements. And all is not lost—he is going back in October next, for there is more important work to be done and much opportunity for crowing and flapping wings.

* * * *

Sir C.P. (not P.C. this time) the finished Madrasi courtier, has made a great discovery, probably at the W.E. Conference, that the future lies in co-operation between Indians and Europeans. This must be a tribute to his own great co-operation with the Viceroy and Lady Willingdon!

* * * *

The Prime Minister of Patiala whose master is doing such important work in his own State just now,—left London, needless to say, with undiminished faith in the British sense of justice which so obviously inspires Patiala justice too.

* * * *

It must be the same Justice with sound core and some rotten parts, of which the "Star" wrote. His experience as a policeman in the Punjab, must have greatly helped the P.P.M. in coming to this wise decision.

* * * *

At any rate, he was content to leave his case in Lord Willingdon's and Hoare's hands for the present. It shows great wisdom, since they are jailing Patiala's opponents with the help of the same justice.

* * * *

But the one and only member of the India Defence League was no supporter of the W.P. which he said, would substitute brown bureaucracy for the White, and the domination of the unscrupulous over the scrupulous.

* * * *

Rather hard on Indians. But then he has to judge them by his own standard. What else could he do? The company of the Back Bay Lord must have given a keen edge to his honesty and scruples. Don't they say that, a man is known by the company he keeps?

* * * *

The President of Bengal Council was rather wrath that a Khan Bahadur complained that the members were not representative of the people. They all represent at least one interest—their own!

* * * *

Simultaneously with the recovery plans of President Roosevelt our millowners have begun a campaign of reducing wages of workers. While America looks to reach prosperity by increasing wages our millowners expect to reach prosperity by cutting down wages. Perhaps they will reach the goal, but the workers certainly won't.

* * * *

The ideal of both is the same,—only their methods differ. It shows the community of interest all over the world, and how very advanced our millowners are. It is not for nothing they get protection at the expense of workers and the taxpayer.

* * * *

A surgeon was giving clinical instruction to a class of students. The young men accompanied him round the wards. The surgeon halted by the bedside of a doubtful case.

"Now," he said, "is this, or is this not, a case for operation?"

The dozen students made their diagnosis, and each decided it was not a case for operation.

"You are all wrong," said the surgeon. "I shall operate tomorrow."

"No, you won't," said the patient. "Twelve to one is a good majority. Give me my clothes. I'm going."

## EXPLORING AVENUES OF SETTLEMENT

## Will Seek Peace More Eagerly Than Imprisonment

## JUSTICE NOT DONE BY WITHHOLDING FACILITIES ASKED FOR

## Why Fast Should Be Treated As Sacrificial Seal

## DENIAL OF PAYING MORE ATTENTION TO POLITICAL THAN HARIJAN WORK

POONA, August 25.

"I shall seek peace much more eagerly than imprisonment and a possible repetition of the fast. I shall, therefore, again use this unexpected freedom from imprisonment for the sake of exploring avenues of peace", declared Gandhiji, in the course of an interview to-day.

Gandhiji added, "This time my discharge having come upon me absolutely unexpectedly, I confess I have no knowledge whatsoever of how I would shape my movements, after my convalescence is over. So I must repeat what I have said so often before, but this time with much greater force than before, that I shall be constantly praying for light and guidance.—A. P.

Looking remarkably well, Gandhiji received a group of journalists at 10 a.m. today in the spacious hall of Lady Thackersey's bungalow.

Gandhiji spoke very clearly and often with emotion. Towards the end of the interview which lasted nearly an hour, signs of exhaustion were however perceptible, and at Mrs. Naidu's suggestion press representatives stopped asking more questions.

Gandhiji commenced by expressing his thanks to Col. Candy, Civil Surgeon, Poona, his staff and nurses for the very great care with which they had looked after him and also to Lt. Col. Martin, Superintendent of Yeravada Prison and his staff for their kind treatment during the early stages of his fast.

NO NEED FOR ANXIETY

Gandhiji said: "I would like the public to be assured about my condition. Generally a week's fast is nothing for me, and though this time the fast, whilst it lasted caused terrible physical agony because of my inability to take the necessary quantity of water, I feel on the second day after the breaking of the fast that I shall be able to regain my lost strength within a reasonable time. There need be, therefore, no cause for any anxiety."

"I SHALL SEEK PEACE."

Proceeding Gandhiji referred to the future and said:

"I shall seek peace much more eagerly than imprisonment and a possible repetition of fast I shall therefore again use this unexpected freedom from imprisonment for the sake of exploring avenues of peace.

"One thing, however, I do want to make clear. This discharge is a matter of no joy for me; possibly it is a matter of shame that I took my comrades to prison and came out of it by fasting. The statement made on behalf of Government in connection with the fast. I have not had time to study at all fully. During the fast and a few days previous to it, I was deprived of

(Continued on page 11.)

## SATISFACTORY PROGRESS

### Mahatma Takes To Milk Diet Well And Attends To Important Letters

### PROMINENT VISITOR

Sir Prabhashanker Pattani Calls On Gandhiji And Has Long Talk On Friday Afternoon

POONA, Aug. 25.

Gandhiji is progressing satisfactorily. He has taken to milk deit well. He attends to a few important letters.

In the absence of Mr. Mahadev Desai, Miss Miraben and Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji look after his correspondence.

A prominent visitor to Parnakuti to-day was Sir Prabhashanker Pattani, who returned yesterday from England. He had a long talk with Gandhiji this afternoon.

Rev. C. F. Andrews and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu continue to be here.—A.P.

## MRS. MOTILAL X-RAYED

### Present Condition Causes Anxiety

LUCKNOW, Aug. 25.

Mrs. Motilal Nehru who arrived from Allahabad was admitted in King's George's Medical College. She has been suffering from malignant fever.

She was x-rayed. Mrs. Kamala Nehru is attending on her.

Her present condition is causing anxiety.—A. P.

## NO SURPRISE TO INDIA GOVT.

### *Official Wire Announcing Release Only Delayed In Reaching Assembly*

SIMLA, Aug. 25.

Some misunderstanding appears to have been caused by the manner in which the news of Gandhiji's release reached Simla.

The information arrived here while the adjournment motion was under discussion in the Assembly and was announced from non-official benches a few minutes before the end of the debate on the basis of press telegrams which reached Simla earlier.

OFFICIAL WIRE DELAYED.

The official telegram on the subject did not reach the Government until shortly after the House had risen. This delay has been interpreted by some newspapers as meaning that Government of India were aware of the policy of release or out of sympathy with it and that it had been settled over their heads by the Secretary of State.

DECIDED ALREADY.

The Associated Press is officially informed that there is no foundation to this story. It had been decided some time before with the full concurrence of the Government of India that Gandhiji should be released before he entered the danger zone.—A. P.

## ENFORCING DECREE

### Celebrities Lose German Citizenship And Property Seized

### THEIR BEHAVIOUR!

Persons Affected Include Ex-Editors, Socialist Reichstag Leaders And Famous Autho.

BERLIN, Aug. 25.

In accordance with the recent decree, the Minister of Interior has annulled German citizenship and confiscated the property of a number of famous Germans now abroad who "have injured German interests by their behaviour, conflicting with the duty and loyalty to their nation Reich."

CELEBRITIES AFFECTED.

Those affected include Herr George Berthard, ex-Editor, "Vossische Zeitung," Dr. Rudolf Breitscheid, a Socialist Reichstag leader, Herr Leon Feuchtwanger, the famous author, Dr. Alfred Kerr, ex-Editor of the "Berliner Tageblatt,' Herr Philiph Scheidemann, a Socialist ex-Chancellor, and Herr Fridrich Stamfer, editor of the "Vorwaerts."—Reuter's Special.

## C. D. PRISONERS RELEASED

### *100 More To Be Set Free Next Week ?*

MADRAS, Aug. 25.

The Government have ordered the release of 13 political prisoners, convicted in connection with civil disobedience, before the expiry of their terms of sentences.

About 100 civil disobedience prisoners are expected to be released by the beginning of the next week.

The total prisoners at the end of the month will be about 200. —A.P.

## WHEAT AGREEMENT REACHED

### Price Of 12 Gold Francs A Quintal Agreed To

LONDON, Aug. 25.

The Wheat Agreement has been reached. The exporting countries have agreed to accept the price of twelve gold francs per quintal.—Reuter.

## SIGNING OF AGREEMENT

LONDON, Aug. 25.

A very important provisional wheat agreement will be signed at 5-30 p.m., and its copy is registered with the League of Nations.

Under the agreement, firstly, the exporting countries agree that in the year 33-34 the total export maximum should be 560 million bushels; secondly, with the exception of Russian and Danubian countries the exporting countries will reduce production by 15 per cent. in the year 34-35; thirdly, the importing countries have agreed to readjust customs tariffs when wheat reaches 12 Swiss gold francs per quintal, or 63.6 gold cents, c.i.f., per bushel, while they undertake not to take advantage of voluntary reduction of exports by developing domestic production.—Reuter's Special.

## HEAVY SHOWERS IN RATNAGIRI

RATNAGIRI Aug. 25.

After a full dry week the poor agriculturists felt relief as it rained heavily last night recording two inches.

Intermittent showers with densely clouded skies still continue.—A. P.

## Princes Demand Protection

### And Paramount Power Ready To Oblige Them In Order To Retain Their Friendliness In Interest Of Federation !

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, Aug. 25.

I understand that the discussions which have led to the proposed legislation for the amendment of the Princes Protection Act have been a long drawn out affair. At one time it looked that arguments against such a piece of legislation at this juncture prevailed, and the idea of legislation was practically given up, but apparently pressure from Indian Princes had been great, and as Government is anxious to keep them stick to Federation they are willing to concede this piece of legislation against the press in India.

GOVERNMENT ARGUMENT.

The Government argument is that the better class of press can treat the legislation as dead letter, while the black-mailing press should have no sympathy from the public, and should be dealt with severely under this legislation.

Originally the idea of such a peace of legislation arose when Kashmir agitation started, and British India was made a platform for sending out Jathas and creating trouble. Then steps were taken, though a little late, to give protection by Ordinance. But Alwar faced a similar situation as Kashmir, and Gurgaon became the centre of propaganda. Bahawalpur had also represented that agitation was fanned from outside, and left the Nawab without protection. And now, last of all, comes Patiala, who maintains that the Amritsar agitation is being fed by the Press which is hostile to him.

PARAMOUNT POWER APPROACHED

The Paramount Power was approached with a request to give to Indian States the same all-embracing protection that the British Government enjoys in India, under the new Emergency Press Act. The opinion in the Government of India was sharply divided, because legislation of this kind would never be approved by non-official members of the Assembly and might put up the back of the entire Press of India against Indian Princes at a time when in the interest of Federation more and more friendliness should be cultivated.

Moreover it was contented by this section that under the future federal Government, Indian States would have an effective part to play, and that it would be better to leave the legislation of such a kind to the future Government rather than enact a legislation which may create vested interest, and may embarrass the future Federal Government if it wished to modify or repeal it.

OPPOSITION AT EVERY STAGE

The Assembly members with whom I have talked this matter over hold that the Bill will have to be opposed at every stage. For the moment they are considering whether it should be sent round the country on a circulation motion, or whether they should accept a Select Committee on it so that the Bill may come on for effective discussion in November. A great deal will depend on the Government attitude, as Government commands a majority and can defeat any motion of a dilatory nature.

However, non-official members feel that Government is fully aware of the public feeling in British India on the subject and that there is no reason to anticipate a hasty decision on the subject.

## ALTERATIONS RECOMMENDED

### *Select Committee On A. I. Medical Council Bill*

SIMLA, Aug. 25.

A number of alterations in the All-India Medical Council Bill is said to have been recommended by the Select Committee which, meeting under the chairmanship of Sir B. B. Ghose, to-day, concluded detailed discussion this evening.

It is understood that the atmosphere is very friendly. The Committee suggested that the idea of an All-India Register should be given up, in view of the fact that the scope of the measure is to be limited, firstly, to the creation of a uniform standard for graduates and persons possessing an equivalent qualification, and secondly, to arranging reciprocal recognition with foreign countries.

NOMINATION OF PRESIDENT.

It is further recommended that the President of the Medical Council be nominated for the first four years, and, thereafter, be elected by the Council, that representatives on the Council should include one representative nominated by each Provincial Government, one representative elected by the Senate of each University from among the members of its medical faculty, and one member to be elected from each Province, having a medical register of its own by medical graduates or persons possessing equivalent qualifications of the Province.

The Committee meets again to consider the draft report.—A.P.

## ASSEMBLY & VISITORS

### *Regulations For Admission To Public Galleries*

SIMLA, Aug. 25.

It is understood that an Informal Conference between the representatives of various parties in the Assembly and the President of the Assembly was held in the President's Room to discuss certain proposals made by the Punjab Police Authorities regarding the regulations for admission of visitors to the public galleries.

It is surmised that the rules contemplated are more stringent and the intending visitors will be asked to sign their names before and after entering the public galleries. The question was considered from various points of view and it seems that some members took up a strong attitude against the rules being made more stringent.

It is understood that it was ultimately decided that the existing rules should remain unaltered for the present.—A.P.

# TABULATED ADLETS

## 1 Anna Per Word.

## Minimum Re. 1

**SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

**ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE** are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

**BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

**REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS** should be addressed carefully as under "Box No. The Advertisement Department. The 'Bombay Chronicle' Red Building Parsi Bazaar Street BOMBAY To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

### 9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

**Wanted Assistant Bank Secretary** pay Rs. 400-25-600, apply for particulars to: Manager Royal Service Bureau. Meerut. (1101).

**Wanted Salesman fully conversant** with foreign butter business immediately apply to care of Messrs. N. S. Gubbi & Company, 35, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay (1119).

**Wanted a competent film director** with good experience of talkie pictures by a well established uptodate studio. Non: without previous experience need apply. Apply immediately with testimonials and salary expected to Box No. 1124, "Bombay Chronicle".

### 12. TO BE LET.

**To Let in Linden House, Apollo** Bunder, airy flat on second floor west side, rent reduced too much. Apply to A. M. Raja, Carnac Bunder, Iron Bazaar, Bombay (1129).

### 13 SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

**Space Available For Flash Light** Advertisements; also Shops and Rooms at Shri Hari Nivas, Gowalia Tank, Oppo. Fire Brigade. Apply to: Purshotam Govindjee. 62-66, Vithalwadi Telephone No. 23518. (1100).

**Near Carnac Bridge Opp.** Haji Cassam Musafirkhana in Hira Mahal Building, Shop, Offices, Residential quarters at cheaper rent. Apply Owner, 4th Floor, Hira Mahal. (1120).

### 20. OFFICES TO LET.

**To Let Erachshaw Building,** opposite Lloyds Bank, Fort, whole third floor, suitable first class very large firm, formerly occupied Railway Traffic Offices. Oxford Library, costly English Partitions. Also very cheap rooms, new electric installation, lift. Apply Top Floor. (1123).

### 56 EDUCATIONAL.

**German, Technical and Conversational** from an experienced Indian Science Graduate. Terms moderate. Apply Box No. 1113 "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted candidates to learn Shorthand** by post in 6 weeks. Practical training. Low cost. Easy terms. Booklet free. International Correspondence College. Post Box 412, Calcutta. (1003).

**Matric Students: New Matric** Course harder for 1935. If you wish to appear in 1934, apply at once to Post Box 2066, Bombay 2 (1128).

### 70. ESTATES & PROPERTIES.

**Wanted Printing Press with** Types, etc., Complete. Apply Box No. 1127, "Bombay Chronicle".

**To Be Sold, at Jam Salaya two** Godowns situate near Haveli. Apply Guzerati Morarji Liladhar, Jogeshwari. (1121).

### 74 AGENCIES WANTED

**Applications are invited from** persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi, Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock, Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd., P.O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

### 108. MACHINERY WANTED.

**Wanted Small Complete Carbonic** Acid Gas Plant. Apply Box No. 1125, "The Bombay Chronicle".

### 124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

**All varieties Mango, Lichi Grafts** 4 years old, fruitable next year, Rs. 25 dozen. Expenses Extra. Advance essential. Catalogue free. Botanical Garden, Darbhanga. (Bihar). (1084).

### 154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

**A Bargain—Norwegian Glazed** Newsprint paper 30" x 40"—50lbs. and 35" x 45"—62lbs. For Sale at one Anna and Six Pies per pound. Apply "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd.

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**TRY IT AND AVOID OPERATION.** Cures Piles Fistula Sinuses Carbuncles Abscesses Malignant Ulcers Burns etc. Marvellous surgeon itself. Harmless. soothing. Details Free.
**NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi Bengal**
**KEMP & CO., Charni Rd. Bombay.**

## Legal Notices

### Sheriff's Proclamation

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 955 of 1932.

DEVIDAS JEKISONDAS DESAI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, an Attorney of this Honourable Court, residing at Santa Cruz in the Bombay Suburban District. ..... Plaintiff.

Vs.

SUNDERBAI, widow of Narotum Nanji of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Sandhurst Road, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendant.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above suit on the 20th day of July, 1932. it was 'inter alia' ordered that the Defendant do pay to the Plaintiff the said sum of Rs. 2,142 for debt and interest and the costs of the suit when taxed and noted in the margin thereof and further simple interest at 6 per cent per annum upon the amount of the said Judgment from the date of the said decree until payment.

AND WHEREAS by a Warrant of Sale, dated the 13th day of January, 1933, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to sell by public auction all the right, title and interest of the Defendant in the lands and premises in the said Warrant mentioned, that is to say

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the East side of Vithoba Lane, or Vithalwady Cross Lane, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 273 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 761, New No. 3399, Old Survey No. 192, New Survey No 1464, Cadastral Survey No. 1545 of Bhuleshwar Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 1734 and Street Nos. 15, 17, 19 and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Vishram Mowji, on or towards the West by Vithoba Lane or Vithalwady Cross Lane, on or towards the North by the property of Nathoo Moolji and on or towards the South by the property of Soorji Govindji and which premises are not occupied by the tenants of the Defendant.

NOW IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED AND NOTIFIED that on the 13th day of September, 1933, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said Warrant of sale dated 13th January, 1933, put up for sale by Public Auction on the premises to the highest bidder and without reserve the right title and interest of the said Defendant in the said lands and premises or in so much thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, costs, costs of previous and of this execution together with Sheriff's poundage.

The following is a list of the rights, charges and claims to which the said lands and premises are supposed to be liable:—

Mulchand Shivnarayan and Bijnath Shivnarayan claim as mortgagees Rs. 36,290-7-9 with further interest at 12 annas per cent per month from 22-2-33 till payment.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said Defendant to the same or to any interest therein.

Should the said Defendant have no saleable interest whatever in any lot to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The abovementioned Plaintiff has not obtained permission to bid at the sale.

Of the price of the lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser; the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in that case by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the lot will be sold free from any interest therin or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff, or at the office of Messrs. Motichand & Devidas, attorneys for the plaintiff, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 8th day of August, 1933.

HUGH G. COCKE,
Sheriff of Bombay.

## Public Notices.

### THE B. E. S. & T. Co., Ltd.

### OMNIBUS SERVICES

ON AND FROM SEPTEMBER 1ST 1933.

*"A" and "C" Route Omnibuses will be ALTERED to run as follows:—*

**"A" ROUTE**

FROM AFGHAN CHURCH TO CRAWFORD MARKET VIA COLABA POST OFFICE, **KITTRIDGE Rd., COLABA Stn., COLABA CAUSEWAY,** MUSEUM, FLORA FOUNTAIN, BORI BUNDER, CRAWFORD MARKET AND VICE VERSA.

NO ALTERATIONS WILL BE MADE IN FARES

**"C" ROUTE**

FROM CHURCHGATE STN. to COLABA STN. via **CHURCHGATE ST., FLORA FOUNTAIN, MUSEUM,** WODEHOUSE Rd. to COLABA Stn. But after 5 **P.M. BUSES WILL RUN TO AFGHAN CHURCH AND VICE VERSA.**

FARE BETWEEN COLABA STN. and AFGHAN CHURCH 1 ANNA.

**F. WRIGHT.**
Ag. Traffic Manager.

### AUCTION SALES

**SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.**

AUCTIONEERS.
123, Meadows Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

SALE OF BUNGALOW KNOWN AS DOMINICK MANSION AT BANDIVLI ON GHODBUNDER ROAD. ABOUT 10 MINUTES FROM JOGESHWARI RAILWAY STATION OF THE B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. Dastur & Co., Attorneys for Mr. Edulji Erdeshir Marshall the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Anoo, widow of Dominick Paul Gonsalves alias Doming Pavlo Ghosal the Mortgagor and in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the said Mortgagee under an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 23rd January, 1933, sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 31st August, 1933, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) at their Sale Rooms at 123, Medows Street, Fort, the following property:—

All that piece of land with the bungalow standing thereon touching the boundary of the village of Oshivri in the North situate at Bandivli in the Bombay Suburban District known as Dominic Mansion containing by admeasurement 7¼ Gunthas (847 square yards) or thereabouts and entered, in the Books of the Bombay Suburban District as under:—Survey No. 7, Pot No. 0, Hissa No. 11, Falni No. 1/5, Area 7¼ Gunthas and Assessment Re. 0-3-9.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Dastur & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee, Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Fort, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,

### Messrs. VORA & Co.,

AUCTION SALE of valuable furniture of J. Crom Esquire and others TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Chowpatty Sea Face, Next to Vianelli's Restaurant of jacobean and plain furniture, Safe, Cabinets, Tilting suit, Hall Clock, Cabinet gramophone, Singer machine, Bronze fountain, Ice chest, Cottage Piano (S. Rose) Fans, Glassware, etc.

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**MIND YOUR EYE**

"EYE-SUN" Cures Cataract and Imperfect Sights absolutely. No need of operation. Success guaranteed. If not, price refunded Price Rs. 2 Harryasram, Panchpota (Jessore) Bengal.

By appointment to H. E. The Governor General of Portuguese India.

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Gent's Complete Outfitters, 173, Princess Street BOMBAY. Our stocks of Cashmeres, Shirtings and Ties are of the very Latest Designs. Wonderful, Colourings and Delightful Textures.

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CENT PER CENT CURE WITHOUT OPERATION

Apply for Prospectus:—
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PADMA WITH NAVINCHANDRA IN

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At Rs. 2|15|- only LEVER WRIST WATCH with 5 Years written guarantee.

Switzerlands new invention. Regulated and dependable Time Keeper for all strong machinery, fancy dial with bold figure at Rs. 2|15|- only with a velvet box and high class leather or silken strap. For three watches together postage free. 9 Ct., Gold Rs. 6|8|- 14 Ct Rs. 10|8|-, 18 Ct Rs. 15|- and Pure Gold Rs. 20. Postage, Packing, extra. Catalogue free on application. Apply to G.M. SHARMA. Post Box No. 6706, CALCUTTA.

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SOLE AGENTS
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# CITY AND SUBURBS

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

### To-day

Hindu—Bhadarvad Shud 6. 1989
Muslim—Jama-dil-aval 4, 1353.
Parsi—Aspandad 24. 1302.
Sunrise—6-22m.
Sunset—6-59.
Hightide—2-48; 14-42.
Lowtide—8/22; 20/58.

PHASES OF THE MOON: First Quarter 28th August, 3h. 43m. p.m. Full Moon 4th September 10h. 34m. a.m. Last Quarter 12th September 3h. 0m. a.m.

S.S. "Rajputana" with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

Prof. R. D. Choksy's lecture on "Adult Education." Bowen Memorial Hall, Y. M. C. A., Lamington Road. 6 30 p.m.

MONDAY, Aug. 28.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Improvement Trust Board, 4-40 p.m.

## TO-DAY ON RADIO

6-30 a.m.—Commercial Bulletin. Liverpool and New York Cotton Closing Rates.
12-00 Noon.—Selection of Indian Music.
12-30 p.m.—Selection of European Music.
1-00 p.m.—Bombay Market: Opening Rates.
6.00 p.m.—Children's Hour: Anandrao Stories in Hindi.
6-30 p.m.—Auntie Ella will entertain.
7-00 p.m.—H. J. W. Miller, Esq.: At the Organ of St. Thomas Cathedral.
8-00 p.m.—Cotton, Silver, Gold, Seeds; Wheat; Stock; Exchange and other Market Prices. Empire Relay if reception is satisfactory.
8-45 p.m.—Weather Report and News Bulletin.

INDIAN PROGRAMME.

9-00 p.m.—News in Hindi. New York Opening, Liverpool Closing and Bombay Current Rates. Light Music.
9-15 p.m.—Miss Goharian of Bijapur with Dattaram Parwarker, Sarangi.
11-00 p.m.—God Save The King Emperor.

### TO-DAY'S GANPATI CELEBRATIONS.

AT MATUNGA (G. S. Brahman Samaj) 4 p.m. pravachan, 9-30 p.m.: Hari Kirtan by Dandekar Sastri.

(Lakhamsey Nappu Hall) 4 p.m.: Kirtan by Dr. Patwardhan. 8 p.m.: Pravachan by Prof. D. K. Limaye. 9 p.m.: Arya Mitra Mela of Thana (Harijan Boys).

AT KALYAN (The Andhra Assn.) 8-30 to 11 p.m. Musical entertainment.

AT PHADKE WADI 6-30 p.m.: Lecture in English (Swami Vishwananda). 9-30 p.m.: Pravachan (Mr. D. G. Bapat).

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSN.—Under the auspices of the above Association Swami Vishwanand will deliver a public lecture in the premises of the Association, Girgaum Back Road, to-day (Saturday) at 6/30 p.m. (S.T.) on "The Spirit of Hinduism". Special accommodation will be made for ladies.

## DAILY AMUSEMENTS

IMPERIAL—"Miss 1933." Time as usual.
CAPITOL—"Made on Broadway" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday 4 p.m. Matinee, Sunday 4 p.m.
CARLTON—"State Fair." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday: 4 p.m. Matinee, Sunday: 4 p.m.
PATHE—"She Done Him Wrong" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday, morning show, 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"I Cover the Waterfront" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday: 3-30 p.m. Matinee, Sunday: 3-30 p.m.
GLOBE—"The Temptress." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday: 3 p.m. Matinee, Sunday: 3 p.m.
ROXY—"Just My Luck." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday 4 p.m. Matinee, Sunday: 4 pm.
KRISHNA—"Sohni Mahiwal". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday: 2/45 p.m. Matinee, Sunday: 2/45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Kurukshetra". Daily at 5, 7/45 and 10/30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday: 2-30 p.m. Matinee, Sunday: 2-30 p.m.

## EMPIRE BROADCASTING

4-30 p.m.—Omni-directional broadcast. Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin and Announcements.
7-20 p.m.—Casani Club Orchestra.
8-00 p.m.—Midland Studio Orchestra.
9.00 p.m.—Don Baker at the Organ of the Grant Tooting.
9-45 p.m.—B. B. C. Dance Orchestra.
10-30 p.m.—Gramophone records.
10/40 p.m.—News Bulletin and Announcements.

SOUTH INDIAN ASSN.—The Annual General Body meeting of the South Indian Association will be held at 9 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday) at the South Indian Association Hall (Improvement Trust Buildings.)

WOMEN GRADUATES' UNION:—There will be a debate on "Social Reform should precede political reform" between the Union and undergraduate women students at the St. Xavier's College Lecture Room to-day (Saturday) at 5/30 p.m. Dr. Miss Jerbanoo Mistri will speak for the proposition on behalf of the Union while Miss M. Masani will speak for the opposition.

SARASWAT BRAHMAN SAMAJ:—The late Dr. Ramkrishna Bhandarker's anniversary will be celebrated to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. in the Samaj premises at 264, Charni Road, Girgaon when Mr. J. L. Joshi, Advocate will speak on the life work of the late Dr. Bhandarker.

GOA HINDU CO-OP. CREDIT SOCIETY:—The nineth Annual General Meeting of the Goa Hindu Co-operative Credit Society will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.) in the Registered Office of the Society.

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# UNITED FRONT CAN DO IT !

### Adamant Authorities In Awkward Position

## ECLIPSE ECHO AT JHANSI

**Deserted Workshop Compelled To Be Closed For Day**

The General Secretary of the G. I. P. Railway Labour Union, Bombay, writes:

About a week prior to the Solar eclipse day the workers of the G. I. P. Railway workshop at Jhansi had intimated to the Shop authorities that the shop should be closed on the day of eclipse.

The authorities, however, were adamant and declared that the workshop would continue to work as usual on the 21st. This caused great resentment among the workers from whom about a thousand gathered before the office of the Works Manager on the 19th and demanded a holiday on the 21st. This demand being once again turned down, Messrs. Benjamin, D. S. Vaidya and other office-bearers of the Union held a meeting of the workers opposite the Shop on Monday morning and exhorted the workers not to go to work on that day as the demand for holiday was quite reasonable.

The workers resolved to carry out this proposal into action and on the 21st, at 8 o'clock the shop was so deserted that the authorities were compelled to close it down officially.

## FATAL FALL FROM SECOND FLOOR

Compound fracture of the skull caused by an accidental fall from a window on the second floor of Shanghai Sadan Building, Khetwadi 4th Lane, was the verdict returned by the Coroner's jury at the inquest held over the body of Bhogilal Balkrishna Mehta on Friday.

It will be remembered that Bhogilal fell from a height of about 50 feet on Thursday morning whilst brushing his teeth near a window. The deceased and his wife Icchabai were to leave their host's house for their native place on the fatal morning.

POSTAL NOTICE:—Mails from Australia via Dhanushkodi for Bombay are due here on Sunday, the 27th instant.

PUNJAB UNITED CLUB:—After a discontinuation of about three months Volley Ball and other games will again be started, from 1st of September, as usual in the morning hours in the Esplanade Maidan under the auspices of the Punjab United Club.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS:—Clan Line Steamer "Clan Sinclair", left Suez on 23rd evening.

### LATE MR. MANGESH SAGOON.

Mr. Mangesh Atmaram Sagoon, proprietor of Mrs. Radhabai Atmaram Sagoon, the well-known Booksellers and Publishers of Kalbadevi, Bombay, died on Tuesday at the age of 60, at his own residence on Harvey Road, Gamdevi.

His father, the late Mr. Atmaram Sagoon was a pioneer of the book-trade in Bombay having commenced it about 70 years ago. He has left behind him a widow, a daughter and a large circle of friends to mourn his loss.

### DR. N. R. TAWDE.

Dr. N R. Tawde who returned from England last week was a past Xavierite.

Two years ago he proceeded to England for research in Spectroscopy. He worked as an internal student of the University of London and published original papers in various journals. He was elected an Associate of the Institute of Physics, London and got his Ph.D. degree in the University of London for original work on Molecular Spectrum. Dr. Tawde has also worked for sometime in the University of Stockholm, Sweden and is now lecturing at the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay.

### PATETI SWADESHI BAZAR.

Friday was another busy day at the Bazar and brisk business was made by the stallholders. The Bazar provides a very good opportunity for making purchases of genuine Swadeshi goods of all kinds and the organizers expect still stronger support from the public. The Bazar is open daily from 4-30 to 830 p.m. No entrance fee.

TO PROTEST AGAINST AIR BOMBING:—Under the auspices of the Bombay Ahrar Party a public meeting will be held on Monday in Chota Qabrastan at 9-30 p.m. to protest against air bombing on the tribesmen of the Indian Boarders. Mr. M. C. Chagla will preside.

# BUTTER-FAKERS MUST BE JAILED

### Thana Municipality Supports Mr. Surve's Resolution In Council

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, August 23.

A resolution for the enhancement of punishment to six months' hard labour instead of the present maximum fine of Rs. 200 for the first offence which was ineffective, in case of fakers of butter and ghee, was sought by an amendment proposed by Mr. A. N. Surve to the Prevention of Adulteration Act in the Bombay Legislative Council, was passed unanimously by the general board of the Thana Municipality at its special meeting held last evening, Mr. L.N. Tanpure, Vice-President, presided.

A slip of the pen in the proceedings discovered by a councillor after the minutes of the last meeting were confirmed by the board, evoked a heated discussion, which lasted for about two hours. Had the mistake not been rectified by a majority of the members present at the meeting, it would have raised a vital issue, as there would have been a tie between the original proposition declared carried and the first amendment lost. The Municipality would have been put in an awkward position. If the contract for 171 additional electric lights made with the Thana Electric Supply Co., Ltd., in pursuance of the resolution had to be revoked in the event of the failure of the proposition.

### PRIVATE SLAUGHTERING OF ANIMALS.

On the motion of Mr. G. B. Walavalkar, the board agreed with the proposal of the Ahmedabad Municipality to move the Government to enhance the amount of fine laid down for the present in section 172 (2) of the Bombay Municipal Act of 1925 and recommended to the Government to fix it at Rs 200 as recommended by the Collector of Ahmedabad.

By the above proposal it is urged that the private slaughtering of animals should be put down with a strong hand, because the animals rejected at the Municipal slaughter house are found often to be slaughtered in private places and their meat is either sold in the market or hafked about in isolated localities.

### ALLOWANCES REDUCED.

The board next agreed to the Government's proposal re-reduction in cycle allowance of sanitary inspectors in the employ of the Municipalities.

### BUTTER FAKERS.

The board then unanimously approved of the amendment proposed by Mr. A. N. Surve in the Bombay Legislative Council to the Prevention of Adulteration Act of 1925.

The amendment seeks to impose rigorous imprisonment for six months in addition to fine, instead of the present maximum fine of Rs. 200 for the first offence which is not effective.

## BRANDED FOR LUNACY

### Death Due To Incipient Atrophy Of Liver

A verdict of general debility and incipient atrophy of liver, as the cause of death was returned at the inquest held over the body of Vithabai Dhondiram on Friday.

A distant relative of the deceased deposing at the inquest said that Vithabai had come to her house on August 10, crying and complaining that one Ganpat branded her saying that she showed signs of lunacy. Ever since her arrival in the house of witness the deceased was behaving queerly, jumping about like one deranged in mind. When Ganpat, the deceased's paramour turned up at the place, people seized him and took him to the Police.

Subsequently they had Vithabai removed to the J.J. Hospital where she died on August 22.

### AIR MAIL ARRIVES.

KARACHI, Aug. 23.

The inward airmail arrived at 1/55 p.m. the passengers including Prince of Kapurthala who was accorded a warm reception by a number of local Sikhs.

The Calcutta airmail left at 4/40 p.m.—A. P.

# AMERICA TO LAUNCH INFLATIONARY PROGRAMME ?

## Sharp Rise In Gold Owing To Appreciation Of Franc

Bombay, August 25: 11 p.m.

(FROM OUR COMMERCIAL CORRESPONDENT).

**The present movement in Exchanges between the on and off Gold Standard countries indicate that the Washington Government is about to launch an inflationary programme to revise commodity prices.**

**The U. S. Government had carefully watched the progress of the National Recovery Act, and now it seems to have been satisfied that a further step of either buying, on a large scale, Government Securities or reducing to gold content from the Dollar is necessary.**

**Gold currencies are appreciating daily, and the price of gold is reaching new high levels.**

**These improvements in gold prices will adversely affect the foreign trade of the gold bloc countries. Thus the next few weeks will see a considerable movement in commodity prices which will have a far-reaching effect on the economic condition of several countries.**

The London Stock Exchange ruled very steady to-day. The 3-1/2 per cent. Indian Sterling Loan was quoted at £83-1/2.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool Cotton Market was due to open at unchanged prices on parity with New York closing prices but the market opened steady at a rise of 1 point. Later on prices moved up on better American advices and closed at a rise of 8 points.

NEW YORK MARKET.

With further depreciation of Dollar the New York Cotton Market opened at a rise of 12 points and recorded a further rise of 8 points.

At this level Southern selling checked the improvement and prices were quoted 18 points higher.

SILVER MARKET.

The London Silver Market ruled easy on speculative selling. The offerings were absorbed by the China Bank and the Market closed at a decline of 1/8d. per oz. as under:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot Silver | 17-3/4d. |
| Difference | —1/8d. |
| Forward Silver | 17-7/8d. |
| Difference | —1/8d. |

The Local Bullion Market was closed, but some business was reported in gold.

Gold prices have reached new high levels and general feeling in the Local Market continues bullish. Nominal quotations were as under:—

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Silver 1st Settlement | 55 | 6 | 0 |
| Silver 2nd Settlement | 55 | 12 | 0 |
| Gold 1st Settlement | 31 | 7 | 6 |
| Gold 2nd Settlement | 31 | 9 | 0 |

Dollar-Sterling Cross Rate was quoted 4.61-5/8 and Franc at 82.46.

## LONDON NEW YORK CROSS RATE

### Latest Quotation

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.
London, Aug. 25.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.56 |
| To-day's opening | 4.55-3/4 |
| To-day's closing | 4.61-5/8 |

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.
New York, Aug. 25.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.55 |
| To-day's closing | 4.66 |

## LATEST COTTON PRICES

(Cotton Information Bureau 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

OCTOBER.

New York, Aug. 25.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 9.40 |
| To-day's opening | 9.52 |
| Difference | +.12 |
| To-day's closing | 9.65 |
| Difference | +.25 |

BROACH EXPECTATION.

| | |
|---|---|
| April-May | Rs. 206 |

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

OCTOBER.

Liverpool, Aug. 25.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 5.38 |
| To-day's opening | 5.39 |
| Difference | +.01 |
| To-day's closing | 5.46 |
| Difference | +.08 |

FRANC RATE.

Paris, Aug. 25.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 83.78 |
| To-day's opening | 83.78 |
| To-day's closing | 82.46 |

## DIES AFTER AMPUTATION

### Gangrene Sets In After Injury To Mill Worker

An inquest was held on Friday on the death of a 19-year-old kar when the Coroner's jury returned a verdict to the effect that death was due to gangrene setting in due to an injury accidentally sustained in the Raghuwamshi Mill, Haines Road.

The deceased who was a millworker accidently tripped and fell on a box of bobbins about four months ago with the result that he got a slight abrasion on his left leg. He was at first treated by the mill doctor. His mother then gave him treatment at his house, but his leg grew worse and began to swell. His mother then took the deceased twice to the K.E.M. Hospital where he was treated and allowed to go home. When, however, she took him to the same hospital on August 17, the doctors amputated his leg, and he died the next morning.

A House Surgeon of the K. E. M. Hospital deposed that the deceased when admitted was conscious and was suffering from gangrene in the left leg extending to the thigh. Immediately on admission an operation was performed on the deceased by amputating his left leg. Without recovering from its effects he died.

## DEALINGS IN SWADESHI CLOTH

### 25 Cloth Merchants Take Solemn Vow

SHEIKHUPURA, (By Mail).

Cloth dealers of the Mundi and the Old Town, Sheikhupura, numbering about 25 have taken a solemn vow before the members of the Congress Committee, Sheikhupura, that they would hence forward purchase and sell only Swadeshi cloth.

They have further promised to dispose of their old stock by the 31st of October. The Congress Committee has, therefore, abandoned its idea of posting volunteers for picketing.—A.P.

## GRUESOME FIND AT BEACH CANDY

### Young Hindu Woman's Dead Body On Foreshore

Early on Thursday morning the dead body of an unknown Hindu woman was found thrown upon the foreshore of Beach Candy. On getting the information, Sergeant Quilter immediately went to the spot and held a panchnama and had the body removed to the morgue.

The Assistant Police Surgeon giving evidence at the inquest held on Friday at the Coroner's Court, stated that the deceased was well nourished in body. A male foetus aged about six months was found during the post-morten examination on the body.

The jury returned a verdict that death was caused by drowning.

Cawnpore, Aug. 23.—Mohammad Isnaq, Chheda, Haroun and Mohammad Shafi have been ordered by the District Magistrate to leave Cawnpore within a week and not to re-enter it for 3 years. One man was discharged.

## REVOLUTIONARY GOVT. FOR CUBA ?

### Dr. Cespedes' Cabinet To Dissolve Congress

HAVANA, Aug. 25.

Dr. Cespedes' cabinet has decided to dissolve the Congress and return to the Cuban Constitution of 1901.

Thus the Government declares itself frankly revolutionary, depriving the posts of all State Officers elected under 1928 constitutional reforms.—Reuter.

## THREE MONTHS JAIL FOR HOISTING FLAG

SHEIKHUPURA, Aug. 24.

A Congress volunteer, who was arrested yesterday for hoisting a national flag in the court of the Deputy Commissioner, was tried to-day and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

# WATERY GRAVE FOR FOUR VILLAGERS

## Descend Into Well To Get Back Slipped Pot But Meet Their Doom At Bottom By Poisonous Gas

LAHORE Aug. 25.

A story of tragic death of four young men of the village of Adamke in Tehsil Baska who entered the jaws of death one after another without the least suspicion that they were going to their doom is reported by a message from Sheikupura which gives version of an eye witness who has just returned from the scene of the incident.

It is reported that a Sikh youth, while drawing water from a well accidentally let slip the vessel into the well. With the object of recovering the pot a man descended into the well but as he did not return for an unduly long period, his brother also went down into the well after him. He too seemed to tarry too long at the bottom of the well. Thereupon a Mohammaden friend of the two brothers dived in to see what the matter was. Neither of the three men, however, gave any sign of his presence in the well. Eventually a brother of the man, who had gone in last, made up his mind to probe into the mystery and descended into the well, but he too shared the same fate as of those who had preceded him.

POISONOUS GAS?

A large number of people had by now assembled at the brink of the well and prevented any persons from diving into the well. A medical man suggested that the deaths were probably due to poisoning from some dengerous—gas evolved inside the well

This theory was confirmed, when a dog was lowered into the well and brought up unconscious. A lamp was also immediately put out when lowered down the well.

It is reported that viscera of the bodies have been sent to a chemical examiner to ascertain A. P.

# UNEMPLOYMENT TRAGEDY ?

## Two Youths Commit Suicide By Throwing Themselves Before Running Train

LAHORE, Aug. 25.

Two educated Hindu youths are reported to have committed suicide last evening by throwing themselves in front of the Frontier Mail at Shadara, four miles from Lahore.

It appears that while the train passed Shadara and was running at high speed, the pilot noticed two figures emerging from near the signal and throwing themselves upon the railway line. He applied the brakes immediately and when the train was at standstill, two human bodies were found on the line with their heads severed.

The cause of the tragedy is reported to be continued unemployment.—A. P.

## FLOOD HAVOC IN BENGAL AND ASSAM

### Embankments And Bunds Washed Away

CALCUTTA, Aug. 25.

Heavy rainfall during the last few days has caused considerable flooding in various districts of Bengal, Bihar, Orissa and Assam with serious damage to property.

Most of the rivers in south-west and north-east of Bengal have risen above normal level and in many parts embankments and bunds have been washed away.

Communication by road and rail has been affected and restriction on night-running of trains has been notified by the Eastern Bengal Railway.—A. P.

## HEAVY LAND-SLIP ON KANGRA RAILWAY

### Transhipment Of Trains Impossible At Present

LAHORE, Aug. 25.

The D T S Lahore. N W Rly. wires:

The road bridge near Mile 73/5 has collapsed with the result that a heavy land-slip occurred at mile 52/7,8 between Jawalamukhi Road and Kopar Lahar on the Kangra Railway blocking the railway line at 4 hours on date.

Transhipment of trains is impossible at present. Booking of all description of traffic beyond Jawalamukhi road in the up direction and beyond Kopar Lahar in the down direction on the Kangra valley railway is suspended. Daily trains on the K. V. railway will run between Pathankot and Jawalamukhi Road and between Kopar Lahar and Joginder nagar until further advice—A. P.

## FAMOUS DANCER TO VISIT BOMBAY

### Great Reception To Mr. Uday Shankar And Company During Tour

Next week Bombay public will have the opportunity of enjoying the art of Mr. Uday Shankar, the famous Indian dancer, who returned to India with his company of Hindu Dancers and Musicians in May last, after achieving a great success in Europe and America during their tour of those countries lasting over three years.

Since their arrival in India, Mr. Shankar has been touring this country and has met with a great reception everywhere for the classical Hindu dance and music presented by his company. In Calcutta, as reported in the "Chronicle" at the time a public address was presented to Mr. Shankar at the Town Hall.

VISIT TO TAGORE

Mr. Shankar also visited Shantiniketan to see Poet Tagore who expressed his great appreciation of Mr. Shankar's creative efforts in the field of art

After an engagement of over 15 shows in Calcutta, Mr. Shankar and his company visited Rangoon, Lahore, Lucknow, Simla, Karachi and other places where they received an enthusiastic reception from packed houses at every show. In Rangoon, Mr. Shankar and his party were invited to the "Orient Club" which is supposed to be the most aristocratic and exclusive club in Burma, where the famous Burmese dancer, Posein, gave a special performance for them.

In Bombay Mr. Shankar will open a six-days' engagement at the Empire Theatre commencing from Friday September 1st. His Company are sailing in the middle of September for the United States where they have been booked for another engagement of a long duration.

## ROUND-UP OF 'DACOIT GANG'

### Revolver And Cartridges Recovered From Person Searched At Cawnpore

(From Our Correspondent).

CAWNPORE, Aug 23.

Banta Ram was surprised last night at about 10 at the Central Railway station by some local C.I.D. and Railway Police Officials, as he was entraining for Phapund.

On a search being made a revolver and 10 cartridges are reported to have been recovered from his person. He was immediately taken into custody

Four others named Abdul Latif, Amjad Khan, Matroo and Mihilal were also arrested. Some others said to be belonging to the same gang are reported to have made good their escape. The police are busy trying to trace them.

Shiam Manohar, alias Shiamu, alleged to be one of the notorious gang of dacoits led by Akbarsingh, has been arrested at Meston Road.

## KATHIAWAR CRICKET CARNIVAL

### Postponed Till Second Week Of November

RAJKOT, Aug. 24.

(By Mail.)

The organisers of the Kathiawar Quadrangular Cricket Carnival, which used to be held in September, have decided to postpone it till the second week of November, as the M. C. C. have decided to play a two-day match against Jamnagar players on December 3 and 4.

Prior to their departure for Bombay on December 6 the M. C. C. have decided to meet His Highness the Maharaja of Porbandar, who captained the Indian Cricket Team during its visit to England last year.—A. P.

## AMATEUR RULES NOT VIOLATED

### Result Of Enquiry Into Status Of Vines

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.

The United States Lawn Tennis Association Amateur rules Committee have announced that investigation into the question of Vines Amateur status has revealed that amateur rules have not been violated. The Association say that Vines has not made any written or oral agreement to turn professional, although he has initiated discussions regarding its possibility which, in their opinion, does not constitute violation of rules. They add that the discussions have not added to the lustre of the spot.—Reuter.

## KEEN TUSSLE IN SIND TENNIS TOURNEY

KARACHI, Aug. 25.

A hammer-and-tong tussle ensued for the doubles supremacy in the Sind Lawn Tennis Championship Tourney, where R. C. Daryanani and J. R. Kavasji were opposed to Dyall and Pitcher, former winning after a three-set duel. Bhojwani and Hiranandani eliminated N. R. Advani, and J. S. Cumper.

The following are the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES.

Kamesarnath beat I. R. Ajwani 5-7, 7-5; 6-3.

Ajwani beat J. N. Hazari, 6—2; 6—3.

MEN'S DOUBLES.

Bhojwani and Hiranandani beat N. R. Advani and J. S. Cumper, 6—2; 6—1.

Daryanani and Kavasji beat J. Dyall and Pitcher 6—3; 3—6; 6—4.

Amarjit Singh and Bhupindra Singh beat R. Hannah; 6—2, 11—9.

V. R. Shivadasani and R. A. Wadhwani beat S. Dinshaw and Balliwala, 8—6; 6—1.

J. M. Dinshaw and Kavasji beat Maurice Clapp and Sheppard, 6—2, 6—2.

S. K. and P. K. Khambatta beat Stuart and Bower 6—2; 6—0.

E. C. Fraser and T. Blake beat C. Woolen and A. Bowie, 6—3; 3—6, 6—4.

G. P. Advani and R P Bhavnani beat Elizingre and Gatehouse, 6—2. 6—1.

MIXED DOUBLES.

Mrs. Hossack and S. E. West beat Miss Pearce and H. Hannah, 3—6, 6—3; 6—0.

Mrs. Hermand and Copu beat Miss Kilcoin and M B Chapman, 6—0; 6—1.

Mrs. Sladen and Henderson Brooks beat Mrs. Yound and Jobson, 6—2, 7—5 Mrs. Sheppard and Maurice Clapp beat Mrs. Carey and E. C. Fraser, 6—2; 7-5.—A. P.

## PROCESSIONISTS ARRESTED

MADRAS, Aug. 25.

The police arrested Mr. N. S. Vardachari and eight Congress volunteers while they were taking a procession along China Bazar Road in the morning to picket foreign cloth shops.—A. P.

## MODERN WOMAN PRAISED !

### Lahore Ladies Stand Up For Own Sex

### MEN SPEAKERS IN OPPOSITION

**More Affectionate to Dogs and Kittens than Husband, Home and Children, says ungallant Doctor.**

LAHORE, (By Mail).

"Modern woman is less human than her predecessor of the last generation," was the subject of an interesting debate at the Club House of the Punjab Literary League before a distinguished gathering which included a number of educated ladies. Mrs. Brij Lal Nehru presided.

A special feature of the debate was that "Modern Woman" was strongly defended by the lady speakers.

Prof. Sharma said that, according to Ruskin man and woman were complement of each other, for the good of the family, and the society, but under the stress and strain of modern age, woman was the competitor of man and had ceased to be the true companion of man. The chief domain of woman which was her home had now ceased to be so.

NO DIFFERENCE IN INSTINCTS.

Mrs. Surrey said that there were no differences between the instincts of women of the past age and those of the present age. The modern woman was more well-informed, educated, brave and plucky. She was a full-flooded companion, a good mother, a teacher, a nurse and a true friend to her children. She was jollier, and her children were happier.

Dr. Sharma said that modern women were like so many dolls. The home was neglected and the family life had deteriorated. Modern woman had made a mess of home life. She lacked love, affection and sympathy, which were her real qualities.

NOT EXTRAVAGANT!

Miss Karim said that the modern woman was a more efficient mother, a kindlier wife and a more dutiful daughter than her predecessor. She was sincerely devoted to her husband. The woman was not sent to this world to be a maid servant of man but his helpmate and companion. The modern woman, made the home a really sweet home. She brighted and cheered the husband in his moments of despair. The present civilisation had not unsexed her. She thought that the only crime of the modern woman was that she refused to be a slave to man. The modern woman was neither extravagant nor unreasonable.

A LIABILITY.

Mr. Agnihotri said that the modern woman had become a liability instead of an asset. If the competition between men and women continued at the present rate, a time might come when they might have a war between the two sexes.

Mrs. Madan Lal said that the woman of the past had no social, legal, political or intellectual rights. If the modern woman demanded those rights, men should not show hostility to them. It was a monstrous perversion of truth that the modern woman was less human than her predecessor, simply because she was fighting for her rights.

TO DOGS AND KITTENS!

Prof. Sehgal said that the modern woman felt that men had ruled and dominated over women too long, and it was her turn to do so now. On point of fact, woman had always ruled men, was ruling him and would always continue to rule over him. While women of the last generation were brave and strong in their family affection the modern woman was kind and affectionate to the dogs and kittens. She was less interested in husband, home and children.

EQUAL STATUS.

Mrs. Nehru winding up the debate said that she was gratified to see the competent defence put up by the lady-speakers. The modern woman, she said, wanted the men also to perform their duties and not merely to insist that women alone should perform theirs. As long as women did not attain equal status with men they must continue to point out to them their duties towards women. She was afraid, in India, the idea of the performance of the duties was rather one-sided.

She thought that the modern woman was a better companion to her husband than her predecessor. Indian women had made remarkable progress and their awakening in public life has been astounding.—A.P

# TRIBUTES TO POET NARMAD

### Bhavnagar Celebrates Centenary

BHAVNAGAR, Aug. 25.

Bhavnagar celebrated the Gujarati poet Narmad's centenary with great eclat and pomp in the magnificent Darbar Hall in the presence of H's Highness the Maharaja Saheb.

The hall was filled to capacity by more than a thousand visitors Sardar Janardan Pathakji of Surat presided

In the absence of the president of the Local Committee Mr A. P. Pattani, Dr. R. K. Yajnik read his speech wherein he dwelt on the need of realistic literary presentation in simple but artistic prose. The fact that His Highness had evinced keen interest in this celebration was of excellent augury to the future of Gujarti literature.

LIFE DEDICATED TO MUSES.

Dr. Yajnik dwelt on the heroic character of the Poet who dedicated his whole life to the muses. Sardar Pathakji's several services were enumerated and the bold venture of the graduate amateurs in touring Kathiawad was reviewed. More than fifteen hundred rupees were collected.

Sardar Pathakji at the start, drew a beautiful pen-picture of Bhavnagar in 1887 when Mahatma Gandhi was one of his co-students at the reputed Samaldas College Then he paid an excellent tribute the the Gladstone of Kathiawad, the great Gauri Shanker Oza. Finally he reviewed the poet Narmad's life and letters and expressed his opinion that the literary period after the Poet's birth should be styled "The Age of Narmad".

Professor R. M. Joshi, Messrs. Harbhai Trivedi, A. N. Raval and M. M. Zaveri spoke very eloquently on the several aspects of the versatile Poet.—A. P.

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# A Page About Pictures And The People Who Make Them

## SHOWN ON THE SCREEN

### MAE WEST IN "SHE DONE HIM WRONG"

#### Paramount Production With New Song Hits At Pathe Cinema

Miss West who wrote both the story and the dialogue, gives her role a brilliant and vivid treatment and puts over her lines with a crackling spontaniety that speaks well for her own ability and that of Lowell Sherman, who directed. And her torrid rendition of your favourite old rag-time ballad, "Frankie and Johny" is something to get up and cheer about. Miss West also sings two brand new hit tunes, "Haven't Got No Peace Of Mind" and "A Man What Takes His Time," written especially for her by Ralph Rainger who wrote such successes as "Moaning Low," "Please," and "Here Lies Love."

Quite as effective as the brilliant portrayal of Miss West is the plot which twists and turns in any number of surprising ways, yet which succeeds in keeping perpectly logical. Miss West, as Lady Lou, entertainer in a sinister cabaret in the heart of New York's colourful Bowery district, is the love-interest of every man who visits the cabaret. Her passion is diamonds and her current provider, as the film opens, is Noah Beery, proprietor of the cabaret and leader of a ring of counterfeiters. However, he has plenty of competition in David Landau, powerful political boss and Gilbert Roland, handsome Russian counterfeiter. But Lou has eyes only for Cary Grant, a crusading mission worker.

A series of climaxes begins when the cabaret is raided by The Hawk, an unknown detective who single-handed smashes the counterfeit ring. During the raid, Lady Lou's life is threatened by Owen Moore, an escaped convict enamoured of Lou who believes she has double-crossed him. The film reaches its dramatic ending as the identity of The Hawk is revealed as he rushes into Lou's room in a desperate endeavour to save her.

### THRILLING DRAMA AT WELLINGTON

The charming actress Claudette Colbert, Ben Lyon, and Ernest Torrence (since deceased) are featured in the cast of "I cover the Water-front" a United Artists picture to be screened this week at the Wellington Cinema, Dhobi Talao.

Thrills and existing incidents are packed into the picture which, under the artistry of the noted director James Crug, offers something quite novel in entertainment. In the story, Ben Lyon has the role of a reporter who helps the authorities in tracking down a gang of pseudo-fishermen, headed by Ernest Torrence, whose real business is to smuggle the Chinese into the United States. After landing hordes of the undesirable aliens under the very noses of the authorities, the mystery is solved at last. The Chinese are hidden inside the sharks which the fishermen deliver to a factory. The theme is adapted from Max-Miller's best seller "I Cover the Water-front."

### "MADE ON BROADWAY" AT CAPITOL

One of the liveliest and most entertaining pictures of this season is "Made on Broadway," the farce-drama with Robert Montgomery and Sally Ailers in leading roles, which opens to-night at the Capitol Theatre. The Sensational story of life "behind the scenes" in metropolitan politics, provides Montgomery with a role that has the dash and flip humour at which he excels. A tempo that races along at breath-taking speed is packed with situations that are thrilling and at the same time blended with comedy.

Sally Eilers portrays a lady of questionable reputation who is the center of hectic, high pressure leading to a smashing climax. The part has strong dramatic possibilities that are played for the utmost in screen value, with Miss Eilers even outdoing her previous screen triumphs.

VIVID "HUNTING GROUND"

A background of metropolitan New York shows intimate inside views of exclusive night clubs and speakeasies, that serve as a "hunting ground" for Montgomery in his activities as a super-public relations expert, receiving thousands of dollars for advice to politicians. In the midst of this artificial environment Madge Evans, as his ex-wife, tries to cope with a complex domestic situation which finally leads to a reconciliation and retirement of Montgomery from his activities as a "fixer." Although she is required by the part to be an unwanted restraining influence there are many delicious situations which are played with an entertaining sparkle.

The large supporting cast all fill their parts in the spirit of the fast-moving story by Courtenay Terrett, colorful metropolitan newspaper man. Eugene Pallette provides much comedy as the butler extraordinary for Montgomery. C. Henry Gordon as the mayor is outstanding in a small role. Jean Parker shows an unusual ability to play a sophisticated woman of the world although still in her 'teens. Ivan Lebedeff, David Newell, Vince Barnett, and Joseph Cawthorn give entertaining performances.

### DELIGHTFUL COMEDY AT ROXY

"Just my Luck," the hilariously funny comedy to be released by United Artists at the Roxy from to-day features the well-known comedian Ralph Lynn who has scored such a hit in many pictures. He receives splendid support from Winifred Shotter, Vera Pearce, Davy Burnaby and other players of established reputation.

The picture which is a screen adaptation of the Aldwych farce "Fifty-Fifty" is distinguished by sparkling dialogue and a well coordinated story. The plot concerns a music teacher who "made good," because he was determined to succeed. The inspiration came from a girl whose advice enables him to face the hard life of a businessman with equanimity and courage, and the situations provide plenty of fun and laughter.

MISS SHARADA plays the part of Bhanumati in Chhatrapati Cinetone's spectacular mythological talkie "Kurukshetra," which opens to-day at the Majestic Cinema.

## Their Biggest Scare

### Screen Celebrities Relate Their Most Terrifying Experiences

By SIDNEY FALKENBERG

What is the biggest scare you ever had in a motion picture scene?

When this question is asked of screen celebrities in Hollywood there is usually considerable evasion in answers. Famous folks are not supposed to be "scared" like ordinary mortals, but after talking over some of their experiences many will admit they have felt their knees quake all too often.

Clark Gable's worst scare occurred whilst on locating for his talking picture "The Painted Desert," when a section of a mountain was blown up too soon. A "jittery" horse carried Clark from under falling debris.

A 'plane dive gave Wallace Beery a few breathless moments during the filming of "Hell Divers." As he plunged towards the earth at more than 200 miles an hour, with a camera 'plane following, one of his controls would not operate for a second. This was just long enough to make Wally's hair stand on end.

Marion Davies' most terrifying experience was encountered on a train, returning from location on one of her early silent pictures. The train struck an oil lorry on a crossing, and was literally covered with burning oil by the explosion that followed. Marion awoke in her berth to find the car windows solid with flames. It was a very scared young actress who ran from the train with the other passengers.

RAMON IN CHARRIOT RACE

Ramon Novarro hopes that he will never have to repeat a scene like the chariot race in "Ben Hur." His small two-wheeled vehicle nearly upset a dozen times before the race was finished. Sixty motion picture cameras and twenty-four "still" cameras covered the action which could not be repeated because of the extreme hazard.

A forest fire that started too soon gave Norma Searer some of the most uncomfortable moments in her career. The scene occurred in an old silent picture made from the story "Lucretia Lombard", in which Irene Rich also appeared.

William Haines will always have an aversion for motorboats after the scare he had in Los Angeles Harbour during the filming of the picture, "Fast Life." Whilst traveling at high speed, his craft suddenly swered into a moored yacht completely demolishing its top deck.

### "MAID OF THE MOUNTAINS" AT EDWARD TALKIES

A well-proportioned blend of music, romance and stirring action is a feature of "The Maid of the Mountains", the tuneful musical comedy produced by British International Pictures, which will be this week's attraction at the Edward Talkies, Dhobi Talao.

At once a genuinely gorgeous and exquisitely funny production made by that grand little comedian, Lupino Lane, must be highly commended to all filmgoers. Numbers, which we have all come to know and love, are rendered very ably by such talented artistes as Harry Welchman and Nancy Brown, Betty Stockfeld and Wallace Lupino in the starring roles.

The rollicking lilt of "Live for to-day" sung with an accompaniment of the "clopping" of horses hoofs along the high mountain pass; the introduction of perfect little camoes illustrative of a "A Bachelor Gay" number rendered by Harry Welchman; the mirth provoking ditty "Dirty Work" in which Albert Burdon is chased by Gus McNaughton and Wallace Lupino through an entire Palace, the three of them ending up by falling into the moat, and finally that beautiful number "Love Will Find a Way" sung superbly by Nancy Brown as the Maid with all the bewitching charm of the true gipsy, all go to make this all-British colour feast of romance an entertainment to be seen and seen again.

Programme includes Empire news and reviews and Coral Camoes.

May West and Cary Grant in "She Done Him Wrong," a Paramount picture commencing to-day at the Pathe Cinema.

## AGE OF GANGSTER FILMS OVER?

### Sumptuous Settings, Eye-Filling Chorus Girls And Ear-Splitting Melodies Dominate Screen Again

It is scarcely three years since the movie-going public and the members of the industry were joining in audible relief over what they thought was the extinction of the screen musical comedy. The age of 'The Broadway Melody' 'The King of Jazz,' of sumptuous settings, eye-filling chorus girls and ear-splitting melodies was over and in its place had come the sinister gangsters and their molls.

Looking back over the past season, one is struck by the fact that the age of the gangster film is over and in its place have come the sumptuous settings, the eye-filling chorus girls, the ear-splitting melodies of the screen musicals, writes Mr. Thornton Delehanty in the "Literary Digest".

Things happen so rapidly and so illogically in the movie world that the producers might well adopt as their slogan, "Off with the new cycle, on with the old." A short while ago James Cagney, the apogee of the hard-boiled, was breathlessly dodging insults and machine-gun bullets in a film called "Pictures Snatcher" at the Strand theatre in New York. The popular Mr. Cagney failed to achieve his usual success, indicating that audiences had tired of underworld excitements. "Picture Snatcher" was succeeded by "The Gold Diggers of 1933"; immediately the Strand was besieged by an awakened populace which hailed the screen musical as if it had been something discovered by Einstein, and placed the virtuous-miened Ruby Keeler on the pedestal formerly occupied by scowling killers.

SWEETNESS AND LIGHT

Tho the revolution came with a rush, it was not unheralded. As long ago as last fall there were signs of a change. This was apparent in the warm reception accorded the gently romantic "Smilin' Through," a picture which encouraged other Hollywood producers to experiment in the realm of sweetness and light.

Thus the past season is characterized by a number of films which indicated a breaking away from the school of tough realism. George Arliss appeared in two tender pieces called "The King's Vacation" and "The Working Men", Maurice Chevalier continued his popularity, if he didn't add to it with 'A Bed time (story," in which an infant named Baby Leroy carried off the honours; and Janet Gaynor was represented by a characteristic lullaby called "Adorable."

Sophisticated films in the drawing-room comedy manner followed each other intermittently throughout the past eight or nine months. They were distinguished by superior acting and polished direction. There was Ronald Colman in "Cynara," Herbert Marshall and Miriam Hopkins in "Trouble in Paradise," Leslie Howard, Myrna Loy and Ann Harding in "The Animal Kingdom," John Barrymore and Diana Wynyard in "Reunion in Vienna," Elissa Landi in "The Warrior's Husband" (not precisely drawing-room comedy, but far removed from the underworld), and Ronald Young and Genevieve Tobin in "Pleasure Cruise."

The mention of Diana, Wynyard inevitably brings us to what is generally considered the outstanding cinema event of the past season, "Cavalcade." Not since the early D. W. Griffith days has any picture evoked more critical acclaim than this British his orical pageant, written by the Englishman Noel Coward, acted by English players and filmed by Americans in Hollywood. Competent observers who had seen the stage play in London maintained that the picture would never take with American audiences. Yet it was a success, largely because of the author's shrewd sense of showmanship, and because of the manner in which the tragedy and romance and heroic triumphs of a nation and its individuals were translated in terms of universal drama. It was a superbly acted picture and a superbly produced one.

HISTORY ON SCREEN

In the ordinary season we might expect to find more historical pictures than appeared last year. Aside from "Cavalcade," there was nothing outstanding. "The Silver Dollar," recounting the career of Colorado's spectacular "Haw" Tabor, was not up to the standard of "Cimarron" and other historical films of the past few years. The American panorama was more effectively handled in "State Fair" in which the contemporary flavour of mid-Western rural life was portrayed with rare spirit and a welcome lack of that sentimental strup which the movie producers have heretofore poured over American rustics. It was a fine example of a worthy story interpreted by honest acting and alert direction.

There are indications that madcap comedy is in favour. Tho the Marx Brothers have not supplied us with anything lately, they are working on a new picture; and last season witnessed the ascendency of such delightful loons as Jimmy Durante and W. C. Fields.

Certain pictures, which do not fall into a category, have impressed themselves on the 1932-33 record: 'A Farewell to Arms' stands out as an achievement both in the handling of its theme and the acting of Helen Hayes and Gary Cooper; then there are the novel and ingenious "If I Had a Million," the orgiastic "Sign of the Cross," the naively propagandist "Gabriel Over the White House," the fancy-dress oddment called "Rasputin," Eddie Gantor's "The Kid From Spain" and Mae West's phenomenally inviting "She Done Him Wrong."

Yet these are disparate in character and unrelated to anything like a trend. The significance of of the season lies in the fact that the triumph of "42nd Street" was repeated in "The Gold Diggers of 1933," and that before the gangster films come again we may very likely see a "Gold Diggers of 1934" and, who knows? of 1935.

### "STATE FAIR" AT CARLTON

Eight stars, each playing the type of role in which he or she has won the greatest success, bring Phil Stong's popular novel, "State Fair" to the screen of the Carlton Theatre this week. Janet Gaynor, Will Rogers, Lew Ayers, Sally Eilers, Norman Foster, Louse Dresser, Frank Craven and Victor Jory are the stars of the Fox production.

Miss Gaynor and Ayres are the lovers of a romance between a little farm girl and a dashing newspaper reporter, and Miss Eilers and Foster are the principals of another affair, said to be as intense as it is unconventional. Rogers has what is reported as the greatest comedy role of his career, that of a Midwest farmer whose great ambition is to land a grand championship for his prize hog, Blue Boy. Miss Dresser takes the part of Roger's wife Craven appears as a country storekeeper and Jory portrays a carnival stand barker.

The action locales are Roger's farm home and the grounds of a big state fair.

## SCREEN TOPICS

DIANA'S NEXT.

Diana Wynyard is again to be starred with John and Lionel Barrymore on her return to Holly wood, according to the latest reports. The film will be an adaptation of "The Paradise Case" by Robert Hichens.

Diana says that playing with the Barrymores is not, as one might expect, an ordeal, but an entertainment. They are, she says, the wittiest people in Hollywood.

FIRST FILM OF NEW BRITISH COMPANY

Margot Grahame, Jean Adrienne, Lester, Mathels, Eva Moore and other British artists have left London for Budopest to commence work on 'House of Dreams' the first film to be produced by a new British company, Danubia Films. The story of the film is based on Margaret Pedlar's novel, 'House Where Dreams Come True' The interior scenes are to be made in the Sacha Studios in Vienna. The picture is to be directed by Toni Frenguelli.

HIGHEST PAID BRITISH STARS

Five of the highest-paid British stars have had £53,000 worth of their time in three pictures distributed in this fashion:

£10,000 worth of Madeleine Carroll; £10,000 worth of Herbert Marshall; and at least £5,000 worth of Conrad Veidt in "I Was a Spy."

£25,000 worth of Gracie Fields in "This Week of Grace."

£3,000 worth of Carl Brisson in "The Prince of Arcadia."

"THIS WEEK OF GRACE"

It is impossible to imagine an artist more essentially English than Miss Fields, and in "This Week of Grace" her incomparable personality has been given a worthier screen setting than ever before.

Watching her now it is difficult to believe that this is only her third picture She does some straight acting and quite a lot of purely cinematic stuff In both her assurance is equal to that of players with years of studio experience. She gets £25,000 per picture under her present contract.

A "CAVALCADE" SLIP.

After all the elaborate care bestowed on the detail of 'Cavalcade' it is interesting to note an odd little error that has only recently been discovered in the production.

The London atmosphere and sets were perfect down to the specially imported street lamps. The costuming was flawless down to the smallest brass button.

One expensive scene was entirely re-shot because an imperfection was discovered in the deportment of a major domo.

And yet this slip occurs; the honeymooners are shown on a liner and one of the dramatic highlights of the film comes when they move away from the ship's rail and you see the lifebelt bearing the words s.s. "Titanic, Southampton".

The ill-fated "Titanic" sailed out of Liverpool.

NEW TEAMS.

The next few months will see the launching of some interesting new screen teams. I am looking forward to seeing Maurice Chevalier and Sylvia Sidney together in "The Way to Love".

Lupe Velez will probably be opposite Ramon Novarro in "Laughing Boy"—presumably if they can find some celluloid that will stand up to so much Mexican sex appeal.

Ramon is also to be teamed with Jeanette MacDonald in 'The Cat and the Fiddle'.

The combination of Lew Ayres and Lilian Harvey should also be exciting, while the work of Laurence Olivier as Garbo's leading man will be watched with interest.

MORE "COME-BACKS.

The come-back parade goes on. The latest candidate is Norma Talmadge, who is reported to be considering a film with George Jessel.

Anna Q. Nilsson, who has been away from pictures for the past six years, started work a day or two ago in a featured part in "World Changes", which Mervyn Le Roy is directing for Warner Brothers. Lilian Gish, too, is toying with the idea of making a new bid for fiim fame. She may do a picture for Merian C. Cooper.

Madge Bellamy has started on the come-back trail by taking the feminine lead in the new Buck Jones serial.

SHORT SHOTS

Myrna Loy replaces Jean Harlow opposite Warner Baxter in Metro's "Bombshell."—Constance Bennett's first picture for Twentieth Century will be "Moulin Rouge."—Benita Hume seems to be the final selection for the feminine lead in "The Worst Woman in Paris".—Boris Karloff who has signed to make two for Universal Studio is planning "The Return of Frankenstein" with Karloff in the starring role.—Lupe Velez now has the lead in "The Prize Fighter and the Lady" at Metro. Max Bauer, heavyweight champion, has the male lead, replacing Clark Gable.—Sylvia Sidney will be starred with Herbert Marshall in "Reunion."—Lelia Hyams and Robert Young have the leads in Universal's football picture "The All American Girl," just started.—Genevieve Tobin to appear in 'Golden Harvest,' replacing Marguerite Churchill.—"Napoleon; His Life and Loves," which was to have been Edward G. Robinson's next film, has been postponed in favour of 'Dark Hazard.".—Charles Laughton's part in Paramount's "Alice in Wonderland" is to be Humpty Dumpty.

* * * *

President Roosevelt is a character in the new Edward G Robinson picture "I Loved a Woman." The part will be played by E. J Ratcliffe, an Englishman.

* * * *

Pola Negri is to star in a French screen version of "La Savelli," a play by Max Maurey dealing with the amorous adventures of Napoleon III and an opera singer.

GRACE FIELDS. Britain's highest paid Star, gets £25,000 per picture under her present contract, her latest picture being "In This Week of Grace."

# MONSOON ACTIVE IN KONKAN AND DECCAN

## Rainfall Is General In Bengal, United Provinces Konkan And Madras, And Local In Rajputana Bombay Deccan And Malabar

POONA, August 25.

The shallow depression over cast United Provinces still persists near Cawnpore and caused strong monsoon in the United Provinces, Central India, Central Provinces, south Rajputana and east and north Punjab.

Monsoon is also active in Konkan and Deccan. Rainfall is nearly general in Bengal, United Provinces, West Central India, West Central Provinces, west Rajputana, Konkan, North Hyderabad, Madras, Deccan and local in lower Burma, Assam, East Central India, East Central Provinces, East and North Punjab, Kashmir, North West Frontier Province, East Rajputana, Gujrat, Bombay, Deccan and Malabar. A few falls occurred in Bihar and Orissa, South-west Punjab, South Hyderabad, Mysore, South-east Madras, North Madras coast.

The Chief amounts of rainfall are as follows:—

Akyab, one and half, Tungoo, one; Chittagong, two; Cherrapunji, one and a half; Dhubri, Barissal, Chaibasa, one; Jessore, Gaya, three-quarters; Burdwan, Dinajpur, half; Chanda, three; Agra, Guna, Mussoree, two; Allahabad, Cawnpore, Amraoti, Nagpur, one and a half; Nowgong, Mukteshwar, Pachmari, Akola, one; Lucknow, Jhansi, Raipur, half; Mt. Abu, five; Dalhousie, three; Delhi, Jhalarapatam, Montgomery, one and a half; Jodhpur, Dessa, one; Bikaner, Parachinar, three-quarters; Tankhala, Udaipur, Bohad, Dharampore, half; Parbhani, Bellary, three; Malegaon, Nizamabad, Raichur, two; Chittaldrug, Kurnool, Ramagiri, one and a half; Karwar, one; Mangalore, Kodaikanal, three-quarters; Ahmednagar, Anantpur, half.

Forecast: Rainfall will decrease in Central Provinces and monsoon will continue strong in Central India and United Provinces and strengthen generally in north-west India except Sind and Baluchistan. Monsoon will continue active in Konkan and scattered falls will occur in Deccan and Mysore.

Heavy Rainfall Warning:—Locally heavy rain will occur in and near Punjab, Kumaon Hills and in and round south Rajputana during next thirty-six hours.—A.P.

### BOMBAY CITY RAINFALL.

Bombay, August 25.

Rainfall during 24 hours 8 a.m. of date 25-8-33: Colaba Point 0.23 inches; Fort 0.30 inches; J. J. Hospital 0.26 inches.

Total since 1st June to date: Colaba Point 41.78 inches; Fort 66.78 inches; J.J. Hospital 48. inches.

Total for the corresponding period of 1932: Colaba Point 52. 49 inches; Fort 59.56 inches; J. J. Hospital 56.04 inches.

Total for the corresponding period of 1931: Colaba Point 75. 47 inches; Fort 82.35 inches; J. J. Hospital 75.80 inches.

# MERCHANTS MOBILISE

## Mysore Public Protest Against Proposed Levy Of Octroi Duty

(From A Correspondent.)

MYSORE, August 23.

The City Municipality of Mysore having proposed to levy an Octroi duty on 21 articles of daily use imported into the city, a meeting of prominent merchants of the City was held to protest against the new levy and form a permanent organisation to safeguard the interests of merchants.

Mr. G.R. Josyer, was voted to the Chair, and after considerable discussion the following resolutions were passed:—

That, as the existing Municipal taxation is itself excessive this public meeting of Mysore Merchants is opposed to the imposition on the 21 articles now notified by the Council.

That as the Octroi duties now in force are disproportionate, and not based on a rational adjustment, this meeting suggests the imposition of a terminal tax on a uniform basis.

That a Central Association of Mysore Merchants by the name of "The Mysre Merchants' Chamber, to safeguard the interests of the merchants of the City in general be formed and that the subscription and entrance fee be fixed as low as possible.

# CHICAGO WHEAT

## Two-Sided Market

## ROOM FOR LARGE EXPORTS

In their commodity markets review Messrs. J. S. Bache and Co. state under date Chicago, August 3 as under:—

WHEAT.

The past month has seen one of the most active and erratic wheat markets in the history of the Exchange. After a spectacular advance during the fore part of the month, which carried September wheat to the $1.20 level, a sharp reaction set in and in three days the market lost thirty cents per bushel. Since that time, the market has moved erratically within a range of about 15 cents. By order of the Board of Directors a minimum trading price for grains has been established which will prevail until August 15th, and possibly longer. These minimum limits are 92-1/8 for September wheat, 95-3/4 for December wheat, and 99-7/8 for May wheat. In addition, the market may not fluctuate up or down more than five cents per bushel in one day in the case of wheat and rye, 4 cents in corn and 3 cents in oats.

BULLISH NEWS.

The major stimulating incentive during the past ten days has been the bullish nature of Canadian crop news. Hot, dry weather developed over the western provinces catching the grain in a critical stage, and this was immediately followed by frost at several points in the West. Unofficial reports suggest that the present prospect for Canadian spring wheat is under 250 million bushels. High temperatures have, also, been experienced in the American Northwest and have caused some injury to late sown wheat. The private reports issued to-day indicate on the average a domestic spring wheat production of 147 million bushels and a winter wheat output of 323 million bushels.

With a domestic wheat crop of less than 500 million bushels and a Canadian crop of not more than 250 million bushels, it is obvious that North America will have to make use of carryover supplies during the coming year. It is indeed very fortunate that supplies of old crop wheat are liberal. Preliminary estimates indicate that the carryover of wheat in all positions in the United States on July 1st was approximately 370 million bushels, which, according to the Department of Agriculture, is around 30 million bushels less than the previous year. Canadian reserves are placed in the neighbourhood of 200 million or about 50 million bushels more than in the previous year. On the basis of these figures there will be more than sufficient wheat for all domestic requirements in the United States and enough in Canada to permit exports of probably as much as 300 million bushels. These figures, of course, do not take into consideration any further important losses to growing crops.

UNCERTAIN TREND.

The immediate trend of the market is a very uncertain one. The trading limits which have been imposed have tended to curtail speculative activity, while the severe break of July 20th has naturally tended to temper constructive enthusiasm. A good demand for cash wheat develops on the declines but has not been inclined to follow bulges and the same has been true of foreign buying of Canadian wheat. Harvesting of spring wheat is now making rapid progress over the domestic belt and in southern portions of the Canadian provinces and the North American markets will be forced to absorb a considerable amount of hedging pressure during coming weeks. On the whole, we are inclined to look for a more two-sided market around this level. There seems every reason to anticipate adequate support on the breaks but caution in following bulges seems advisable.

CORN.

The corn market has also fluctuated erratically much in line with the action of wheat. On the Mid-July advance the country was a very heavy seller of grain and hedges were absorbed mostly by speculators. Since that time, there has been a considerable amount of speculative liquidation and country pressure has shown some reduction.

A period of hot, dry whether over the corn belt during the last several days has caused much concern. The corn crop is now in the critical period of tasselling and forming ears and because of the backward nature of the crop abnormally favourable conditions seem necessary if a fair crop is to be harvested. The report of the private experts indicate a total corn crop of 2,370 million bushels, but this estimate, of course, is subject to considerable change depending upon weather developments.

OATS.

The oat market has been dominated by speculative activity and has naturally followed the trend of other grains. Crop advices continue to indicate a partial to total failure of the oat crop over the greater portion of the grain belt, and the private reports suggest a total oat crop of only 676 million bushels which is only slightly more than half last year's production. Harvesting of oats has been practically completed. In view of the very small prospective crop, we feel that oats can be purchased on every minor reaction.

RYE.

The rye market has tended to follow the action of the wheat market. Harvesting of rye has been practically completed, and a production of around only 25 million bushels is expected.

PROVISIONS.

Influenced by the action of the grain markets, the lard market advanced sharply during July under a broad wave of speculative buying. This advance carried prices to an abnormal premium over hog prices, which had failed to participate in the upturn, and resulted in rather heavy hedging sales. Subsequently, the market reacted under speculative liquidation. Stocks of lard are liberal and the hog market has failed to show much rallying power, apparently in part because of the proposed processing tax on hogs. Chicago stocks of lard on August 1st are reported to be 123,077,000 pounds, which is one of the largest stocks on record for this date and compares with 64,628,000 last year.

CHICAGO CLOSING PRICES.

Closing prices for the most active positions were as follows:—

| | Sept. | Dec. | May |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat | 100-1/4 | 103-7/8 | 108 |
| Corn | 56-1/4 | 60-3/4 | 66-1/4 |
| Oats | 41-7/8 | 45-1/8 | 48-7/8 |
| Rye | 74-3/4 | 80-1/4 | 85-3/4 |
| | Sept. | Oct. | Dec. |
| Lard | 6.47 | 6.57 | 6.85 |

# *INDIAN STERLING LOANS*

## *Opening Quotations*

London, Aug. 25.

Messrs. R. K. Motishaw and Co. have received the following opening quotations of the Indian Sterling Loans on the London Stock Exchange to-day by cable:

| | |
|---|---|
| 3 p.c. | £71-10-0 |
| 3-1/2 p.c. | £83-10-0 |
| 4-1/2 p.c. | £107-10-0 |

Tone:—Steady.

# KHANDESH COTTON GROWERS BADLY HIT

## Public Meeting Of Traders Protests Against Termination Of Anglo-Japanese Agreement

(From A Correspondent.)

DHULIA, Aug. 25.

A meeting of the leading cotton merchants and cotton growers of Dhulia city was held on August 24th under the chairmanship of Sheth Gulabchand Hiralal, a leading merchant of Dhulia, and adopted the following resolution unanimously: This public meeting of Dhulia cotton merchants and cotton growers regrets the drastic action taken by the Government of India by notifying the termination of the trade convention with the Japanese Government without having any previous negotiations with Japan, and by imposing high tariffs on Japanese piece goods the consequent decision of the Japan Cotton Spinners' Association to suspend the purchase of Indian Cotton, will in the opinion of the meeting cause great harm to Khandesh agriculturists who grow short staple cotton. Japan is the best customer of Khandesh cotton as it approximately buys 2½ lakhs of cotton bales of 3½ lakhs grown in both Khandesh districts every year. In the opinion of the meeting Indian short staple cotton will not be used by Lancashire as is made out, and so by the present trade deadlock and boycott of Indian Cotton by Japan the loss to the cotton trade of the Khandesh districts will be very heavy. The present high tariff on Japanese piece-goods have not benefited Indian mills.

In the opinion of the meeting higher tariffs on Lancashire piece-goods will benefit Indian mills, the meeting therefore earnestly requests the Government of India to remove the undesirable trade deadlock and settle this question amicably with Japan.

### INDORE PRODUCE MARKET.

Indore, Aug. 25.

(Messrs. Gangadhar Waman & Co.)

What seed and Cotton. Rate per Mani of 6 Mds Bengal.

Wheat Bombay pass Rs. 21/ 22/
Wheat Malwi Rs. 20/ 21/
Wheat Pissi Rs. 18/ 19/
Gram Rs. 12/ 13/
Tilseed Rs. 30/ 36/
Linseed Rs. 20/
Jawar Rs. 7/ 8/
Barly Rs. 12/ 15/
Bajara Rs. 17/ 18/
Lintal Rs. 15/
Lintal Rs. 15/
Tuar Rs. 17/ 18/
Oile Cake Rs. 17/ 20/
Moog Green Rs. 17/ 19/
Oil Cakes Rs. 17/ 20/
Cotton seed Rs. 9/
Maka Rs. 5/ 7/
Dhana Rs. 29/ 35/
Ajavan Rs. 20/ 22/
Cotton Malwi per boja of 4 Mds. Bengal Rs. 76/ 80/
Cotton Nimadi per boja of 4 Mds. Bengal Rs. 72/ 72/
Wheat Flour Maida per bag of 95 srs Rs. 10/
Wheat Wlour Rawa per bag of 95 srs. Rs. 10/8
Wheat Flour Ata per bag of 90 srs. Rs. 8/4/
Wheat Flour Chapad per bag of 40 srs. Rs. 2/12/

Shares:—

P. N. Bhandari Ltd. L State Mills 40/
Indore Malwa United Mills Ltd. 340/
Hukumchand Mills Ltd. 224/
Kalyanmal Mills Ltd. (Ordy) 170/
Kalyanmal Mills Ltd. (Pref) 120/
—Swadeshi Cotton and Flour Mills Ltd. 12/
Rajakumar Mills Ltd. 30/
Nandalal Bhandari Mills Ltd. 104/
Bhagaratha Spinning and Weaving Mills Ltd. 10/
Binod Mills Ltd. 130/
Navayouga Mills Ltd 10/
Hukumchand Julte Ltd 20/
Bank of Indore Ltd. 19/

Bullion:—

Gold bar per tola Rs. 32/4/
Silver Rs. 55/

# *BULLET WOUNDS ON DEAD BODY*

CALCUTTA, Aug. 25.

According to the Jamalpur Correspondent of the "Liberty," body of Dhirendra Dey, a youth belonging to Bagabald was found on Wednesday morning on roadside near the local Mela Ground with several wounds presumably caused by bullet.

The deceased had suffered imprisonment for civil disobedience and was arrested and discharged in connection with several dacoity cases.—A. P.

The public of Jamshedpur formed a Flood Relief Committee to rescue the distressed in Orissa and collected a total of Rs. 1,003-12 in the shape of donations.

# *ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT*

The following table gives the details of the rainfall for the 24 hours ended at 8 a.m. on Thursday, together with the rainfall departure from normal since June 1:—

| Stations. | Past 24 hours. | Since 1st June. | Departure from normal. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Allahabad | 2.3 | 15.8 | —10.3 |
| Agra | ... | 20.7 | +3.2 |
| Ahmednagar | T | 10.8 | +0.5 |
| Ajmer | 0.1 | 26.3 | +12.1 |
| Ahmedabad | 0.1 | 30.9 | +8.2 |
| Akola | 1.0 | 2.3 | 35.0 | +5.3 |
| Amraoti | 1.0 | 23.6 | +3.5 |
| Benares | 2.2 | 19.8 | +6.3 |
| BOMBAY | ... | 41.5 | —11.9 |
| Bangalore | 0.3 | 14.5 | +3.3 |
| Calcutta | 0.7 | 46.4 | +12.1 |
| Cawnpore | T | 15.6 | —7.0 |
| Calicut | T | 85.1 | +7.9 |
| Dehra Dun | ... | 78.2 | +19.7 |
| Delhi | ... | 25.3 | 8.8 |
| Hyderabad Dn. | 0.1 | 23.3 | +7.3 |
| Hyderabad Sind | ... | 6.7 | +1.5 |
| Indore | 3.4 | 38.1 | +16.2 |
| Jubbulpore | 1.2 | 33.4 | —5.1 |
| Jaipur | 0.1 | 25.9 | +9.6 |
| Jhansi | ... | 23.2 | —1.6 |
| Khandwa | T | 22.3 | +3.4 |
| Karachi | ... | 18.5 | +13.1 |
| Lucknow | ... | 8.5 | —15.0 |
| Lahore | ... | 10.5 | —1.2 |
| Lyallpur | 0.6 | 11.4 | +3.7 |
| Marmagoa | ... | 81.0 | |
| Mussoorie | 0.4 | 29.0 | —9.7 |
| Mahableshwar | 0.3 | 230.2 | +18.3 |
| Multan | ... | 2.1 | —2.4 |
| Mysore | 0.1 | 12.3 | +4.8 |
| Madras | ... | 4.8 | —4.4 |
| Nagpur | 5.2 | 40.9 | +9.5 |
| Patna | 0.7 | 33.6 | +3.7 |
| Peshawar | ... | 4.3 | +0.6 |
| Poona | 0.1 | 19.4 | +4.5 |
| Ranchi | 0.2 | 32.6 | —2.8 |
| Rangoon | ... | 57.5 | +1.7 |
| Ratnagiri | T | 90.6 | +13.0 |
| Sialkot | ... | 25.9 | +8.4 |
| Sialkot | ... | 25.9 | +8.4 |
| Sholapur | 0.2 | 15.5 | +2.0 |
| Simla | 0.4 | 29.0 | —9.7 |

### COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observation during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 25|8|1933.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours .27 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.6 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.6 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 87.7 degrees (2.7 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.8 degrees (1.1 above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 87 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N.W.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 10 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 147 miles.

Velocity of Minimum gust of wind during 24 hrs. 19 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10) 10.

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.23 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 17.36 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 44.63 inches.

Weather remarks Rain.

### OFFICIAL BAROMETER

Bombay August 25.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83-1 degrees F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.98 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.78 68 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.


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Sita Vilas, Rajamundry.

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| Paid-up Capital | ... | ... | ... | Rs 5,62,50,000 |
| Reserve Fund | ... | ... | ... | Rs. 5,20,00,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Shareholders | .. | .. | .. | Rs 5,62,50,000 |

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# HOLIDAY RACING AT POONA

Zorawar gains an easy victory in the Magdala Plate, the chief event at Thursday's meeting in Poona.

Risque (Brace up) scores comfortably from Mystic Fruit and Neddins in the Childwickbury Handicap (Div. 11) on Thursday at Poona.

These smiling faces denote that fortune has favoured them.

The Misses Kothawalla who are ardent patrons of the turf, snapped at Poona on Thursday.

Zorawar (Whiteside up) returning to scale led by trainer Mahomedali after winning the Magdala Plate.

Trainer Jennings leads in after his stylish victory.

# Poona Gallop Notes

## FACINO AND CARTOON WORK WELL

## Keep An Eye On Jorrocks

(By Our Resident Correspondent.)

POONA, Aug. 25.

Several of the horses engaged on Saturday were exercised on Thursday, and the gallops noted are given below:—

JORROCKS (Hill) moved well in a 6 furlongs burst on the tan. This animal should be watched as he is fit and well.

SKY HAWK (Dillon) covered a mile on the tan in fine style. He will be another of Byramji's winners.

POWDERS (Evans) traversed 9 furlongs. Improved.

SASSABY (Dall Acqua) and GENEVA (Maurice) were sent 6 furlongs on the tan. Fair.

VIRBALA (Munro) showed that all is well with her when she spurted 4 furlongs in the company of a stablemate.

HARVARD (Harding) was exercised for 5 furlongs on the tan. A fit horse.

CAPTAIN DESMOND (Brace) was given an easy 4 furlongs spurt on the tan. Has improved.

THE CLOWN (O'Neale) and SPANGLE (Riding Boy) were tried out over 6 furlongs. They finished together.

NOBILITY (McQuade) showed to advantage when sent 9 furlongs on the tan. Has improved.

HARDINGE (Riding Boy) was fair when doing 1-1¼ miles.

DAHAM PASHA (Whiteside) covered 9 furlongs on the tan. Fair.

NARAYEN (Forsyth) shaped well in a 9 furlongs gallop with BADRUZZAMAN (Riding Boy). The former will be troubling the Judge shortly.

HAMIYAH (Munro) put up a smashing gallop over the 6 furlongs course.

FAMOUS (Riding Boy) travelled a mile on the tan. Fair.

NAZAM BAHADUR (Riding Boy) impressed in a mile gallop on the tan.

PASHA (Meherji) was restricted to pacework over the mile course. Not quite fit yet.

RUSHDI (Riding Boy) and TENNYSON (Riding Boy) finished level over 4 furlongs.

FUNNY FACE (C. Hoyt) spurted 4 furlongs on the tan. He is fit and well.

BRAY BEAU (Howell) had the assistance of GLENALMOND (Peck) in an easy mile gallop. They are in forward condition.

HIGHNESS (Dall Acqua) and MONREALE (Maurice) were given a rousing 1-1|4 miles gallop. Both pleased.

MULLIGATAWNY (Whiteside) was much superior to MISS MOUNT (Fletcher) over a mile.

SAINT AMOUR (Hill) did a mile on the tan and has improved.

OOTMAN (Walker) made a great impression when sent 5 furlongs on the sand. Should make amends for a poor show recently.

GAY DAY (C. Hoyt) was given pacework over the mile course. Fair.

ETHICS (Munro) had an easy mile gallop. Can win again.

BUCENTAUR (Peck) and FORECAT (Whiteside) travelled 6 furlongs on the tan, the latter showing improvement.

GREEK BURN (Riding Boy) and BLACK JEST (Purtoosingh) went a mile on the sand, the former holding the advantage.

FACINO (Riding Boy) held FINANCIER (Meherji) over 1-1|4 miles on the tan.

CARTOON (Northmore) was superior to SPRING SONG (Riding Boy) when galloped 6 furlongs.

TRURO (Burn) spurted 4 furlongs on the tan. A much improved horse.

DE BEERS II (Harding) ARTHUR (Riding Boy) were given a 5 furlongs gallop on the tan. The former must win a race this season.

BONNE TETE (Howell) had MEREDIAN (Malone) well beaten in a mile gallop on the tan. The former has improved.

The following have given satisfaction in their work:—THE STIFF; CHIVALRESQUE and AWAY.

The following are the selections for the Sixth Day of the Poona Summer Meeting to be held on Saturday:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *1st RACE* | | |
| SHOGAT AZIZ | 1 | |
| YANOOS | 2 | |
| WALI'AHD | 3 | |
| *2nd RACE* | | |
| PHILLIP SYDNEY | 1 | |
| SPANGLE | 2 | |
| TINDER GEE | 3 | |
| *3rd RACE* | | |
| CARTOON | 1 | |
| TRURO | 2 | |
| REJOICE | 3 | |
| *4th RACE* | | |
| QUI VIVE | 1 | |
| FORECAT | 2 | |
| THE CLOWN | 3 | |
| *5th RACE* | | |
| DE BEERS II | 1 | |
| D'ARTAGNAN | 2 | |
| SKY HAWK | 3 | |
| *6th RACE* | | |
| ETHICS | 1 | |
| HIGHNESS | 2 | |
| PHARAOH III | 3 | |
| *7th RACE* | | |
| FACINO | 1 | |
| MONREALE | 2 | |
| THE STIFF | 3 | |
| *8th RACE* | | |
| HAZIMA | 1 | |
| FUNNY FACE | 2 | |
| NAZAM BAHADUR | 3 | |

Our track notes are informative and can be relied on implicitly.

On Tuesday

**ORAWAR, SHOGAT AZIZ**

**HAZIMA & QUARRY**

were indicated as winners.

## ACCEPTANCES FOR TO-DAY'S RACES

## Field Of Thirteen In Big Event

*The following are the acceptances for the Sixth Day of the Poona Summer Meeting to be held on Saturday:—*

### *1st Race (2-30 p. m.)*

THE ARABIAN PLATE.—Distance 1½ miles

Winner Rs. 1,250; second Rs. 400; and third Rs. 250. Terms for Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st March 1932, once 7lbs; twice 12lbs oftener, 16lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4 lbs.

Narayen 9-8; Badruzaman 8-10; Kashaf 9-8; Wajee 9-5; Daham Pasha 9-3; Mu'mar 9-3; Farik 9-3; Zari 9-3; Hardinge 9-3; Wali'ahd 9-0; Viking 8-10; Gannas 8-10; Delhi 8-10; Naji Beg 8-10; Nobility 8-10; Nickel 8-8; Victor 8-7; Darya Dil 8-7; Nafea al Khair 8-6; Yanoos 8-6; Sabhanoor 8-6; Iranshah 7-13; Khayum 7-13; Shogat Aziz 7-9.

### *2nd Race (3-0 p. m.)*

THE ROXY PLATE. Division II —Distance 6 furlongs

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; and third Rs. 300. A handicap for horses in Class IV

Bridgethorn 9-4; Vileika 9-1; Sassaby 9-0; Tinder Gee 8-12; Philip Sidney 8-9; Queen's Pilot 8-7; Spangle 8-5; Happy Baby 8-4; Martian Princess 7-0.

### *3rd Race (3-30 p. m.)*

THE KATHIAWAR PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; and third Rs. 300. A handicap for Indian horses in Class IV.

Old Scar 9-10; Cherry Boy 9-7; Daftrum 9-5; Rejoice 8-12; Poetry 8-10; Cartoon 8-7; Spring Song 8-5; Truro 8-2; Torch Dance 6-12; Diadem 7-3; Sanguine 6-12; Orphan 6-12; Naring 6-12

### *4th Race (4-0 p. m.)*

THE ROXY PLATE. Division I. —Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; and third Rs. 300. A handicap for horses in Class IV.

Away 9-4; Harvard 9-0; Many Ways 9-0; Virbala 8-9; Cherrymoir 8-8; Qui Vive 8-7; Lady Friarsdale 8-8; Forecat 8-4; Maya 8-4; Geneva 8-2; First Class 7-12; Daftrum 7-9; The Clown 7-7; Crinoline 7-4.

### *5th Race (4-30 p. m.)*

THE RUFFORD PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 1,200; and third Rs. 600. A handicap for horses in Class III.

Trelawne 9-3; Knockdon 9-3; Sailor's Knot 8-12; Complet 9-1; De Beers II 9-0; Essexbrook 8-11; D'Artagnan 8-10; Powders 8-10; Financier 8-8; Long Reign 8-6; Black Jest 8-3; Eagle's Prey 7-13; Miss Mount 7-13; Meredian 7-11; Sky Hawk 7-10; Glenlinnhe 7-10; Santon 7-7; Dilectus 7-5; Dandy Brush 7-4; Jorrocks 7-4.

### *6th Race (5-0 p. m.)*

THE HARRIS PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 2,000; and third Rs. 1,000. A handicap for horses in Class I.

Buland 9-4; Ethics 9-3; Bray Beau 8-13; Ootman 8-11; Spanish Wish 8-8; Glenalmond 8-7; Private Seal 8-3; Highness 8-3; Melesigenes 7-4; Pharaoh III 8-1; Gay Day 7-11; Redeswater 8-0; Celebrator 7-10

### *7th Race (5-30 p. m.)*

THE DUNSTALL HANDICAP.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Winner Rs. 4,500; second Rs. 1,500; and third Rs. 750. A handicap for horses in Class II.

Carnelian 9-2; Maybar 8-7; Heremia 9-0; Chivalresque 8-13; Signifer 8-9; Eastern Essex 8-6; Monreale 8-5; Charmaine 8-4; Sauer Kraut 8-3; Greek Burn 8-3; The Stiff 8-0; Facino 7-10; Bucentaur 7-5; Arthur 7-0; Hero Worship 6-12; Johnny Green 6-10

### *8th Race (6-0 p. m.)*

THE IRAQ PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; and third Rs. 500. A handicap for Arabs in Class I.

Hamiyah 9-7; Pasha 8-11; Tennyson 8-10; Funny Face 8-9; Blue Funnel 8-3; Hazima 8-8; El Faras 8-7; Amij 8-0; Rushdi 7-13; Ghaflah 7-11; Sea King 7-11; Watchmaker 7-9; Nazam Bahadur 7-8; Lamington 7-5; Murat 7-4.

# Prisoner Reveals Horrors Of Devil's Island

## System Which Makes Punishment More Criminal Than Crime Stands Self-Condemned

Devil's Island, the more notorious part of the penal colony of French Guiana, is little more than 1,000 yards long, with an average breadth of 250, and can be walked round in forty minutes. It has a coconut palm grove banana plantation, and trim gardens which the prisoners cultivate, selling the produce for their own benefit. They live, mostly in pairs, in granite cabins with living-room and kitchen, and do their own cooking. It is, according to Mr. P. G. Ettighoffer, in a remarkable book ("The Island of the Doomed," Hutchinson, 10s. 6d.), "a tropical island that might have been celebrated for its beauty, luxuriant palm vegetation, and pure air. By day it is cooled by the sea, and fresh winds blow over it. At night the ocean provides an even current of air. If Devil's Island were not so far removed from the great liner routes its praises would surely be sung in all international guides."

And yet, of 7,000 prisoners quartered there during the eight years 1920-1927, he states, 4,313 died; while an average of 500 to 800 each year attempt to escape to the South American mainland, 150 of whom disappear—perhaps to die at sea or in fevered jungle, writes Mr. Trevor Allen in "John O'London's Weekly."

### THIRTEEN YEARS.

The experiences of Alfons Paoli Schwartz, whose story Mr. Ettighoffer tells, explain why. Domiciled in Alsace, but born in Corsica, Schwartz fought for Germany in the Great War, was subsequently arrested by the French, declared a Frenchman, and deported on a charge of fighting for the enemy. In 1932, after serving thirteen years on Devil's Island, his release was procured by friends who knew him to be of German nationality.

It is a story of hardship, cruelty victimization, attempted escape. Schwartz was no ordinary prisoner. He played and taught the guitar, sketched plants and animals, studied astronomy, and worked out a few theory of colour on physiological lines, translated the "Handbook of Epictetus" into Esperanto, and a number of German poems, collectel bettles and plants, wrote a monograph on the flora and fauna of the island and translated it into five languages.

And all the time he was thus beguiling his exile he studied the men around him, men who were rotting and dying, suffering for minor acts of insubordination, plotting to escape, losing hope as day succeeded garish day.

### SPANISH GALLEONS.

Like himself, they were practically al political offenders, the majority convicted on slender evidence of having had "relations with the enemy" during the War. Some, in their docile simplicity, were as pitiable as half-witted, half-starved children.

One became a devout Catholic, sold the precious books he had collected to ease the material lot of his fellows, fasted and gave them most of his rations.

A second became dispenser, and prospered, for the men would say to him: "If you see I'm certified sick and get three tins of milk, you can have my wine and a franc besides."

A third developed a mania for plunging into the shark-infested waters because he saw visions there. "I know where three Spanish galleons, heavily laden with gold, lie on the sea bottom," he told Schwartz. "When the towns of the Incas were destroyel the Spaniards brought the gold they had stolen as far as this coast and loaded it on three ships. The galleons went down in the strong tide here. They're less than thirty feet below the surface, and at sunset I've seen them and had to shut my eyes, I was so dazzled by the gleam of the gold." Shortly afterwards he died of brain-fever.

### PACKING-CASE

One of the most remarkable was a Pole, who as clearing contractor for an old war-area in 1919, organised a gang which systematically robbed the head, removing all trace of identification. He persuaded a sister in Europe to send him goods which he could trade with his fellow exiles and their warders. On one occasion, says Mr. Ettighoffer, "he ordered a complete outfit of women's clothes, and his sister commissioned a Paris firm to carry out the order. A capacious packing-case arrived, and when it was opened on Devil's Island the most wonderful collection of fashionable gowns and lingerie slid through the rough hands of the warders.

There was great indignation! What could the Pole want with all this feminine splendour? Was he proposing to sell it? He was. He knew the wives of the officials, as well as the chocolate-brown ladies of Cayenne, had no opportunities of acquiring such fashionable things, so he had decided to let them have some cheap.'

The Pole spent the proceeds on additions to his rations, which were never sufficient for normal men

### A FLIGHT ABANDONED

Schwartz conspired with three others to escape to the Venezuelan mainland, ten days' sail away. For weeks, at odd hours they laboured secretly in a cellar, building a boat of odd materials "scrounged" from new cabins which were being erected. Carefully, they accumulated food and stores. Then, when the boat was launched in the dark, the current overturned it, the leader became frightened, persuaded the others to abandon the flight, and divulged the whole plot to the authorities. The four went tamely back to their cabins to take their punshment.

A far worse fate befell four Arab prisoners who had been deported for refusing to serve in the War. After several years' exile they accumulated 3000 francs between them by selling carvings and doing extra heavy work. A Negro fisherma nfrom Kourou offered to take them to Brazil for this fee. He ground the boat on a mudbank, went ashore on the pretext of shooting waterfowl, but instead, turned round and shot the fugitives in cold blood—all but one whom he thought drowned, but who clung to swampy bush and was subsequently rescued by a fishing-boat. This led to the Negro's arrest.

A deeply affecting chapter is devoted to letters written to Schwartz by a girl, convicted of espionage, whom he met in a prison in France before his deportation. This is by far the best and most convincing book I have ever read about Devil's Island, for it relates with strong narrative power the day-to-day life as well as the more sensational happenings, such as the death of a prisoner who was ruthlessly ordered to retrieve a cable from waters alive with sharks. The psychology of the experience is there and the implicit condemnation of a system which contrives, in many cases, to make punishment more criminal than crime.

---

Rangoon.—The Western Sub-Divisional Magistrate framed charges to-day against C. R. Skill, an Anglo-Indian unemployed and G. A. Williams, an European Marine Engineer of cheating two ships officers namely Mr. E. Carold of the S.S. "Subadar" and Mr. Searll of the S.S. "Bahadur" of certain sums of money. Both the accused pleaded not guilty. Further hearing has been adjourned.—A.P.

---

The Divisional Superintendent Multan Cantonment, N. W. Railway, wires under Friday's date:—Regarding the derailment of 138 Down passenger between Kotamirshah and Chiniot, owing to breaches on the one side and unsafe condition of the line on the other, through communication has not yet been restored. It will probably be done by 28th with transhipment of trains at the sites.—A.P.


# MALARIA RESISTED

**Mr. John Carveth Wells, F.R.G.S., who walked round the world in 3 years. writes:**

"While in Central Africa I had **malaria** fever very badly, and had I not once more taken up Phosferine, I am convinced that I should never have been able to carry out my subsequent expedition to Mount Kenya, and the remote Congo. Phosferine gives the system strength to overcome the effects of and withstand **malaria**. I have succeeded completely in making the round the world hike, and I may truthfully say that a large part of my success is due to the use of Phosferine. I am still using Phosferine for the effects of the winter months, and am very glad to say that it is absolutely invaluable. I shall certainly use it on my future expeditions."

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| Advertising Printing and art in commerce by Preston | Rs. 12-0 |
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## 150 PERSONS SERVED DAILY

### Released Volunteers' Camp Does Useful Work

Sardar Jamiat Singh writes:—The Released Volunteers' Camp was started on the 18th inst. Up till now 23 released volunteers have been sent to their homes, some to distances as far as Mysore, Cawnpore, Saharanpore etc.

Forty volunteers have been usefully employed with the financial assistance of the camp in the following petty trades:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Fruits selling | 3 |
| Ganji frock selling | 13 |
| Pan | 1 |
| News boys | 6 |
| Domestic service | 1 |
| Book selling | 1 |
| Scrap materials | 1 |
| Cutlery | 2 |
| Toys | 2 |
| Matches | 1 |
| Barber | 1 |
| Boot polish | 1 |
| Mason | 1 |
| Chana Sellers | 2 |
| Flowers | 1 |
| Tea selling | 2 |
| Agar batti | 1 |
| Total | 40 |

Until the above 40 are well established in their professions they are being allowed to take food in the camp. More than 100 volunteers are on our list who are still to be sent to their homes and provided with some work and every day several applications for help are being received. In the camp, food is being served to more than 150 persons daily. We invite the help of the generous minded citizens to his humanitarian work. Donations may please be sent to Mr. Abdur Rehman Mitha, Lloyd Chambers, Walkeshwar Road, Bombay.

## *ASKS UNCLE TO ATTEND HER CREMATION*

### *"Philosophical-Minded" Typist Sends Strange Invitation Before Suicide*

Extracts from a remarkable "philosophical" letter were read by Dr. Edwin Smith, the Hammersmith coroner, at the inquest on Miss Bertha Ruet Carter, 34, typist. She was found dying in a gas-filled room, in mail week.

"In considering the state of her mind," remarked Dr. Smith, "one has to notice the philosophical letter which she left to her uncle. She mentions cremation, which she would like carried out, writes 'News of the World.'

"She wants your attendance at the cremation," added Dr. Smith, addressing the uncle, Mr. F. Carter, of Grove-road, Southend, who was at the rear of the court. "She says it would be a new experience for you—and variety is the spice of life."

Reading from the letter Dr. Smith quoted: "I want no mourning, no chaplain, and no flowers. Unless we have some sincerity the whole thing is a satire."

### UNCLE'S REQUEST.

"That sounds sensible," Dr. Smith interposed. "She mentions a sum of £40 16s. standing to her credit, and also a policy for a 'feeble' sum of £9 14s.

"Having no one there at the moment she says she could not set forth her will in the orthodox manner, but goes on to deal with the items of her property."

Again quoting from the letter Dr. Smith read: "If only one could slip round the corner and pack oneself neatly in a packet one would do it."

At this point the uncle stood up in court and asked that Dr. Smith should not allow the letter to be published.

Dr. Smith: Undue publicity of letter is often inadvisable, but if letters are read and not divulged the Press and other people think that things are being concealed which ought not to be concealed.

### ATTITUDE OF CHURCH.

After Dr. Smith had read the remainder of the letter to himself, he observed: "I cannot say that sht was of unsound mind, but on this question of a suicide's mental state the clergy often adopt an unsatisfactory attitude.

"If people of sound mind take their own lives the clergy are in the habit of refusing ordinary funeral conveniences.

"One has heard of a suicide's coffin being left out in the rain while the relatives were enjoying the shelter inside a church during a funeral.

"That such a thing might happen is very regrettable, and I shall find that there is insufficient evidence to show the state of her mind, which is fully satisfactory so far as the clergy are concerned. One cannot say that she was of unsound mind, judging by her letter."

A verdict of "Suicide" was recorded, death being attributed to coal-gas poisoning.


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# STOP PRESS

### MACHADO FOR BERMUDA.

NASSAU, Aug. 25.

Machado has announced that he is sailing to-morrow for Bermuda and from there he will go to Canada, where he hopes to remain for some time.—Reuter.

### GAEKWAR AT QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Aug. 25.

The Gaekwar of Baroda arrived here from England en route to Chicago where he will preside at the Conference of World religions.—Reuter.

### DRIVE AGAINST KIDNAPPERS.

ALBANY, Aug. 25.

Death penalty for kidnappers in cases where victims have not been returned before the trial of the kidnappers, is provided in a Bill signed to-day by Lehmann, Governor of New York, which also provides life imprisonment in some other cases.—Reuter's Special.

### ANTI-GERMAN BOYCOTT IN S. AFRICA?

PRETORIA, Aug. 25.

Suggestions of anti-German boycott in South Africa and the possibility of an anti-Nazi outbreak in South-west Africa have prompted Gen. Hertzog to appeal officially to South Africans to realise the gravity of the German situation and abstain from doing or saying anything likely to harm the Union. Germany was actually in the throes of a revolution and history's lessons showed that at such times the innocent suffered with the guilty.—Reuter.

### WHEAT CONFERENCE AGREEMENT.

LONDON, Aug. 25.

The Wheat Conference agreed that the price to be reached and maintained for the period of four months before the engagement to readjust tariffs, comes into force would be 63 gold cents, calculated on the method of the Stanfard Food Research Institute, California.

The latest index figure of the Institute on August 5 was 53 to 54 gold cents, and, therefore the price will have to rise about ten gold cents before the tariffs are adjusted.

The spirit of the compromise to reach the international wheat agreement by the London Conference was revealed by the exporting countries' acceptance of the price of twelve Swiss gold francs per quintal, or 63.6 gold cents per bushel, after which the importing countries will be willing to consider readjustment of tariff. The figure equals to c.i.f. price of 31 shillings, per quarter of eight bushels, on London market, at the prevailing rate of exchange.

To-day's mean price in London was approximately 22 shillings a quarter. The importing countries pointed out that any changes necessitated by the draft agreement often require sanction of the legislatures, and the degree of protection adopted should primarily depend upon the domestic condition of each country. While not committed to limit production, Russia is agreed, as between the exporting countries, to limit exports to a certain figure.

The Danubian States adopted similar attitude.

(LATER.)

The signing of the wheat agreement will take place at 9-30 p.m.—Reuter.

# What Film Stars Earn In Japan

## 1,800 Yen Is Highest Salary While Ordinary Actors Earn From 20 to 80 Yen

Who is the most highly paid film star in Japan? The question is considered as a very difficult one to answer correctly because the actual salaries movie actors and actresses received are not publicly announced while fictitious amounts are often reported probably for propaganda purpose, writes the "Japan Times."

As a matter of fact Japanese film stars are not paid as much as is generally reported and it may be a revelation to many that there is not a single film star in Japan who is paid more than two thousand yen a month. Actresses are more popular than actors but strangely they are not as well paid as are the men.

The highest paid person in Japan's filmdom is Chiyezo Kataoka who receives a salary of 1,800 yen a month. As he receives a bonus for each picture he stars in his monthy income is said to average about 2,000 yen. Among actresses, Takako Iriye is the highest salaried. She earns 1,000 yen a month. Thus the highest paid film actress in Japan receives only about one half what the highest paid actor does. Japanese stars, moreover, receive only a very small fraction of the salaries paid in Hollywood.

Among movie actors, Chiyezo Kataoka and Denjiro Okochi are the highest paid, and then come Demmei Suzuki, Minoru Takata and Tokihiko Okada. As above mentioned Chiyezo recives a monthly income of about 2,00 yen and furthermore, his mother is quite wealthy, and thus he is regarded as the most fortunate one financially in the filmdom. Denjiro Okochi has a salary of 1,500 yen month. Only a few years ago he was receiving only 80 yen as a primary school teacher in Kobe and his sudden rise on the movie stage has not only won him popularity and fame but also has brought him much money. He is also regarded as a fairly rich man, possessing some 150,00 yen of property.

### OTHER LUMINARIES.

Tsumasaburo Banto and Utayemon Ichikawa are also very well off. Tsumasaburo receives 35,000 yen for each picture he makes from the Shinko Cinema Company but as he has to pay the expense of operating the Yatsu studio, his monthly net income is said to be not very large. Utayemon is also on a similar arrangement, but his rate is smaller than that of Tsumasaburo.

Demmei Suzuki and Minoru Takata were receiving 1,500 yen a month each when they were with the Fuji Cinema Company, but their income to-day is much smaller. Minoru Takata is getting now only 600 yen a month, and Tokihiko Okada only 500 yen. Eiji Nakano had a contract of 10,000 yen a year but that expired in April this year. Chojiro Hayashi is having about 1,200 yen a month.

Thus only about eight or ten actors are paid between 2,000 yen and 500 yen a month. They are in the highest salary class. The salaries of other actors are much smaller. Among fairly famous film actrors, those who are paid between 150 yen and 300 yen are most numerous.

### HIGHEST PAID WOMAN.

The highest salaried film actress is Takako Iriye who now receives 1,000 yen a month from the Shinko Cinema Company. When she was with the Nikkatsu, she had only 380 yen a month. Thus the paid actress receives only one half of the highest paid salary to actors.

Next comes Sumiko Kurishima who receives 800 yen a month. It must be remembered that her husband, Yoshinobu Ikeda, a movie director, has a salary of 300 yen. Thus between them they have an income of 1,100 yen a month.

Naoye Fushimi's income is 500 yen a month. Shizuko Mori of the Shinko Cinema received 550 yen a month. Sumiko Suzuki has a salary of 400 yen although before the recent salary cut she was having 600 yen. Keiko Takatsu is quite well known, but her salary is only 180. Tamako Katsura is having 180 yen a month although her pay was originally only 80 yen when she gave up her job at the Takashimaya Department Store and became an actress. Reiko Mizuhara is receiving 200 yen a month.

Among the Nikkatsu stars, Shizuye Natsukawa is having 600 yen. Satoko Date who is probably next to Natsukawa in the Nikkatsu studio has only 180 yen. Haruyo Ichikawa who has been a Nikkatsu actress since when she was fourteen years old has now only 100 yen a month.

Among well-known names, Ranko Sawa and Yoshiko Okada are receiving about 200 yen a month. Kinuye Tanaka is having 400 yen. Michiko Oikawa has a salary of 200 yen at present. Hiroko Kawasaki receives only 150 yen.

When one thus views the salaries paid to the best of movie actors and actresses in Japan, it will be seen that they are not paid particularly well. Famous film stars have to live up to their reputation, have to dress better, and have various petty expenses. Therefore their salaries are not at all good. Then those above mentioned are only a few out of hundreds majority of whom are receiving twenty to eighty yen a month.

There are hundreds and thousands of girls and boys who are applying to film companies every month and all of them dream of becoming stars. The Kyoto police say that yearly they have to take care of more than 550 film crazy young men and women who have no money to return home.


## MALAYALEES AT BOMBAY

**A GOLDEN CHANCE FOR A PROFITABLE INVESTMENT**

A new monthly Kuri (Chitty) with Rs. 4,440 as capital divided into 111 tickets of the value of Rs. 40 each a month running for 111 months, will be started by THE MAR THOMA SYRIAN BANK LTD., TRICHUR, Cochin State, on 21st September, 1933. Fractions of tickets are also available. For further particulars apply to the above Bank. Register your name soon.



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The mere sight of it cures at once serious scorpion bites and the bites of hornets and bees also. Cures lakhs of sufferers and keeps it for hundreds of years and its efficiency is unaffected. Price Re. 1 per root. Reward of Rs. 500 if proved fallible. B. Brij Nandan Sahai, B.A., B.L., Advocate, Patna High Court, writes:—"It can be used for curing hundreds. It is an innocent herb and deserves public patronage."

VAIDYARAJ AKHIL KISHORE RAM.

No. 22, P.O. Katrisarai (Gaya).

She was a luring lady, though her past was rather shady...and men were only tools to dig up diamonds for this Baby!
MAE WEST
In
"SHE DONE HIM WRONG"
PATHE
3-30 6-30 10

# Soviet Flag Flows In Many Chinese Cities

## But Ambassador Bogomoloff Has Very Uncomfortable Time Of It

The flag of the hammer and sickle waves over many a troubled area but newly arrived diplomatic envoys of the Soviet Union in China believe they had a lot of bad luck when they were assigned to serve under their emblem here writes Mr. H. R. Ekins United Press staff correspondent, in a despatch from Peiping dated July 23.

The restoration of diplomatic relations between China and the Soviet Union was marked by expressions of the utmost friendliness between Nanking and Moscow but no sooner had M. Bogomoloff, the Soviet Ambassador, arrived in Old Cathay than he found he hadn't fallen heir to any bed of roses. He and the members of his staff have discovered that whether house-hunting in Nanking or Shanghai or whether inspecting the spacious old Soviet Embassy on Ligation Street in Peiping their cup of grief is about full to the brim.

Ambassador Bogomoloff, who incidentally is the only diplomat of Ambassadorial rank accredited to China, had barely had time to unpack his bags after his arrival in China than his home Government up and offered to sell the Chinese Eastern Railway to Manchoukuo. Since China operated the railway jointly with the Soviets prior to the transformation of Manchuria into Manchoukuo by the Japanese and since China made so bold as to claim half ownership in the line Ambassador Bogomoloff's first job was to listen to reproaches from a Chinese Government which adopted a "how could you do it" attitude when it heard that rather than fight a war with Japan Moscow would sell the railway.

The Ambassador side-stepped most of the hurdles placed in his path by referring all hands to Tokyo or Moscow, he didn't care which only to find he had a brand new set of jumps to take because of official Chinese claims that those pesky Communists were financing Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang who had emphasized the lasting nature of his ill-feeling toward Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek by revolting and seizing control of Chahar Province. The Japanese Legation in Peiping promptly backed up the Chinese on that one by announcing that yes the Soviets were running arms into Kalgan from Urga, capital of Outer Mongolia. Further, announced the Japanese, the Reds had sent 200 Chinese students from Moscow to Kalgan to see to it that Marshal Feng's propaganda was properly handled.

Ambassador Bogomoloff didn't know what to say to China's questions as to whether or not Moscow was behind Marshal Feng so, very astutely, he didn't say anything.

The next thing the Ambassador knew he had incurred the wrath of foreign oil companies—Texaco, Socony and Asiatic Petroleum—because the Soviet Oil Trust was dumping large quantities of gasoline and kerosene in China. The Soviet Oil Trust went right ahead and so much petrol and kerosene did it dump that retail prices for petroleum products were forced down by as much as from $2.00 to $6.00 per case, silver.

CHIANG TOO BUSY.

Through it all Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, the major power in the country to which Ambassador Bogomoloff is accredited, was too busy fighting Communists down in Kiangsi Province to even make the acquaintance of the Soviet Union's new diplomatic envoy.

Ambassador Bogomoloff has come to the conclusion that his best bet is to let time roll on as rapidly as it can, ignoring the knotty problems he hadn't expected to find and devoting himself to discussing the long heralded but still unarrived Sino-Soviet Pact of Non-Aggression. Meanwhile, China is chock full of militant White Russians, none of whom has dropped cards at the Soviet Embassy.

MILLIONS of people are walking the streets because they cannot sleep—thousands of others go to bed and seek in vain for sleep's restful and revitalising power. The rush of modern conditions—financial worries—artificial environment—noise—real or fancied troubles—they are the main contributors to the cause of insomnia or sleeplessness. For these sufferers 'ASPRO' is the influence that they need—for sweet, peaceful and restful sleep comes by the simple action of taking two or three 'ASPRO' tablets.

YOU WILL JOIN THE *PAINLESS* ARMY TOO

RHEUMATIC PROOF FROM W. KRUGERSDORP

Dear Sirs, West Krugersdorp
I should like you to know of the great benefit I have received from taking 'ASPRO' tablets. I am quite prepared to recommend same to any sufferer for any pain or rheumatism.
Yours faithfully, (Signed) C. HIRBST.

JOHANNESBURG RESIDENT PRAISES 'ASPRO'

Dear Sirs, 120 Kerk Street, Johannesburg
I feel I must write to tell you what I think about 'ASPRO'. For the last year I have suffered with headache and nerve shock. I was recommended by a friend to take 'ASPRO' Tablets and have had great relief in taking them.
I will never be without them.
You can use this letter to show others what a great benefit 'ASPRO' did for me. Yours faithfully,
Signed: E. GROBLER (Mrs.)

'EXCELLENT IDEA' SAYS DOCTOR

Dear Sirs,
My children are subject to Bronchitis, and as soon as they are attacked we give them an 'ASPRO' and it immediately deals with the rising fever. A Doctor here, when the wife told him she always gives 'ASPRO' to the children, said: "A most excellent idea." Neighbours here often send round and ask the wife if she has one or two spare, and we have assured many that they do not affect children's hearts, let alone adults.
I am, Sir, Yours faithfully,
(Signed) A. E. WARBEY.

THANKS TO 'ASPRO' FROM CAPE TOWN

11 Barham Road,
Observatory, Cape Town.
Gents,
I have had fever bad and influenza, and have never had to go to bed less than 6 days; but to get up after two days feeling fit and eat my usual breakfast, I can only put it down to 'ASPRO'. Last Wednesday went fishing Simon Town Bay, came over wretchedly cold, after arriving home felt stuffy, took a dose of Cough Mixture, next day at 11 a.m. came over in a terrible sweat and chill, jumped into bed, hot-water bottle, heaps of blankets, in the afternoon my son asked me to try 'ASPRO', a new preparation he said, took two, at 10 p.m. took 2 more, had a glorious sleep, only woke up once, next morning took two more, felt much better, fever gone, later took 2 more. On all, had a big sweat, rub down, woke up Saturday morning fit and well for my usual breakfast, was able to dress and go to a wedding, and reception in the evening. I feel thoroughly well, and have had no relapse. I can only put it down to 'ASPRO'.
Yours truly,
(Signed) A. J. F.....

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## *VICE-PRESIDENT OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL*

### *Sir George Schuster's Appointment*

SIMLA, Aug. 25.

The Gazette of India announces the following:—

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT: Mr. S. P. Varma has resigned membership of the Council of State. Election of Mr. James Aitchison Milligan from the Assam (European) Constituency has been gazetted.

HOME DEPARTMENT: The Indian Police Medal has been conferred on Moochikkal Kunju Nayar, Head Constable at Madras. Sir George Schuster has been appointed as Vice-President of the Viceroy's Executive Council.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT: Mr. K. B. Sardar Mir Ahmad Khan officiates as the Assistant Political Agent at Zhob in addition to his duties as the Extra Assistant Commissioner in Lower Zhob.

The following officers have been confirmed in the Political Department of the Government of India:—Hon'ble Mr. E. Baring, Captains C. A. Cole, H D Rushton, H B S Brar, G H Cooke and A S B Shah.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, HEALTH AND LANDS: Drafts of Indian Pilgrims Ships Rules 1933 have been gazetted and objection or suggestion received up to 20th September will be taken into consideration. The services of Major C. M. Ganapathy, I M S have been placed again at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

ARMY DEPARTMENT: Maj. J P Gulland becomes Lt.-Col.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT: Mr. C Dyers has been appointed Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer (running) E I Railway. Mr. A C Robertson officiates as Deputy Chief Operating Superintendent (Power) E I Railway.

INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR DEPARTMENT: Mr. F T Jones has been confirmed as Superintending Engineer.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT: Mr. Brebner is confirmed as Chief Engineer, Central Public Works Department.—A. P.

## TWO YOUTHS JAILED FOR ROBBERY

(From Our Correspondent).

KALYAN, Aug. 24.

On charges of house-breaking by night and theft of Rs. 1,285, Narayan Dattatraya Jadhav, a Hindu, and Kallu Ahmed, a Muslim, two youths of Ambernath were convicted by the Resident Magistrate of Kalyan and were each sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 or in default two months' additional hard labour.

The case for the prosecution was that on the evening of July 6 last the complainant, accompanied by her husband and children left Ambernath for a neighbouring village. Next morning on her return to Ambernath she found that her brass "daba," containing Rs. 1,285, was missing. She suspected Narayan, who was living in her chawl close by and who had visited her the previous day, when she had taken out Rs. 10 from the "daba" on the loft. The police arrested the accused, who later pointed out the places by the side of a streamlet, where they had buried the property, and took out Rs. 1,040 in the presence of the Panchas.

The accused pleaded guilty to the charges brought against them.

## *SUCCESS OF RADIO EXHIBITION*

RUGBY, Aug. 25.

The Radio Exhibition at Olympia, London, which attracted great interest was attended by quarter of a million people last night. The official statement gives the value of business done at more than £26,000,000, and adds that orders have been secured that will necessitate the industry thriving out for the ensuing season for 1,250,000 receivers, 23,000,000 batteries, 3,800,000 valves and accessories. The British Radio industry continues to develop with great rapidity, and it is stated officially that it will now be able to absorb another 130,000 work-people. Factory space is also being greatly enlarged.—B.O.W.

## *JAIN NUNS FASTING "UNTO DEATH"*

Two Jain nuns, Rojonjee and Champa Shreejee have decided to fast unto death for the purification of their souls says a Jodhpur message dated Aug. 20.

Champa Shreejee has just completed 37 days of her fast while Rajonjee has been fasting for the last five days only.

Devotees in large numbers are daily visiting their places for "darshan."

## *MAN CHANGES INTO WOMAN*

### *King Of Denmark Declares Marriage Null And Void*

It is scarcely credible that a human being, apparently a man, could marry at 20, seem a normal husband, gradually grow to resemble a woman, and finally become so completely transformed that "his" marriage was annulled.

Yet this story is vouched for by Dr Norman Haire, the Harley-street gynaecologist, in an introduction to "Man Into Woman," by Niels Hoyer, a book just published, which gives an account of the transformation. It is translated from the German, writes "News of the World."

The man was the well-known Danish painter Einar Wegener. His transformation into "Lili Elbe," the woman, took place about a couple of years ago. It needed two or three surgical operations, and was never quite complete.

Lili Elbe was never so entirely a woman that she could give birth to children. Nevertheless she was a woman in appearance, not a man pretending to be a woman, and she believed herself to be a woman.

"The Danish authorities," states Dr Haire, "issued Einar a new passport as a female in the name of Lili Elbe, and the King of Denmark declared his marriage null and void."

When he felt he was ceasing to be a man and was turning into a woman, his wife grasped the fact that it was a physiological change, and not a mere case of mental aberration.

She sympathised with him, accompanied him to doctors, and agreed to his undergoing surgical operations to enable the transformation of sex to become as complete as possible.

DEATH SOON AFTERWARDS

After Einar Wegener, the married man, had ceased to be a man, and the King of Denmark had dissolved his marriage, his wife, with his consent, and even, states Dr Haire, at his suggestion, married a mutual friend.

Lili Elbe did not long survive the process of transformation. She died in 1931.

Dr Haire explains that Einar Wegener married when he was about 20, and was a normal husband.

"Gradually he began to feel a change taking place in himself. The second personality became more and more important.

"Gradually the female personality took on such importance that he felt that, unless in some way his male self could be made to give place to 'Lili,' he could not go on living."

By this time he was in his forties. At a German doctor's suggestion he went to Berlin, where investigations confirmed the theory that his body contained both the male and the female elements.

The operations were performed and at the same time a kind of "monkey gland" was transplanted from a healthy woman of 26.

Eventually a man actually fell in love with "Lili" and proposed, but "Lili" died of heart trouble.

## FOUNDLING HOME FOR BOMBAY

### Hindu Deen Daya Sangh's Proposal

The Hindu Deen Daya Sangh was started in 1934 for rendering help to those unemployed Hindus who were without food, shelter, or railway fares. The work done during the last year is as follows:—

Some 30 persons and families were given the railway fares. 40 persons were given necessary old clothes and food for a month or so. New clothes were given to two persons. During the Hindu-Muslim riot days 10 families were supplied with necessary rations.

Two dead bodeis of poor and unclaimed Hindus were cremated by the members of the Sangh, the expenses being borne by the Sangh.

Five students from the backward classes who intended to give up prosecuting further study due to want of money were given the necessary help.

SCHEME FOR FOUNDLING HOME.

As Bombay is without a Foundling Home for the Hindus, the Sangh prepared a scheme for starting a 'Fondling' Home some 3 years ago; but it was not realised owing to several obstacles that had to be faced. But now the Sangh are in a position to start one in a few months' time. The Sangh has reserved some funds for the Foundling Home from the yearly expenses.

The Sangh will be shortly undertaking the proposed work. Please write to or see the following for further particulars: Dr. A. P. Naik, Secretary, Hindu Deen Daya Sangh, Bawla Buildings, Kalachawki Road, Chinch-Pokali, Bombay No. 12.

## SWADESHI FESTIVAL

### Crowded Programme For Eight Days

The Swadeshi Festival Programme is fixed as under:—

DAILY PROGRAMME.

1. Ward Meetings.
2. Distribution of literature.
3. Enrolment of members of the League and of Kamal Dal.
4. Selling of Swadeshi stamps.
5. Khadi hawking by sale of tickets.
6. "Swadeshi in the Home" Exhibition and "Swadeshi Bazar."

DAY-TO-DAY PROGRAMME.

Monday (4th Sept.):—Opening of "Swadeshi in the Home" Exhibition and the "Swadeshi Bazar" at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall. Entrance fee for the exhibition will be one anna.

Tuesday (5th Sept.):—Kamal Dal Day. Public meeting at Hira Bagh, at 6 p.m.

Wednesday (6th Sept.):—Students' Day. A mass meeting of students to be held at Chowpatty Sands. Suburban meeting at Vile Parle at 9 p.m.

Thursday (7th Sept.):—Producers' and Consumers' Day. Meeting at Swadeshi Market at 6 p.m. Suburban meeting at Andheri at 6 p.m.

Friday (8th Sept.):—Women's Day. A Fancy Dress Competition for children at the Blavatsky Lodge (Swadeshi cloth compulsory). Spinning Competition. Meeting at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 6 p.m. Motor lorry procession starting from Rampart Row and ending at Byculla Bridge.

Saturday (9th Sept.):—Motor lorry procession in the labour area starting from Dhobi Talao and ending at Dadar Tram Terminus, round Parsi Colony and disperse. Meeting at Mandvi at 6 p.m. Suburban meeting at Matunga at 9 p.m. Public meeting at Ghatkopar at 8-30 a.m.

Sunday (10th Sept.):—Labour Day. Public meeting at the Jain Mahavir Vidyalaya Hall. Distribution of prizes to winners in Children's Fancy Dress and hand-spinning competition. Hawking of Swadeshi goods in Labour area.

Monday (11th Sept.):—Concert in aid of the Bombay Swadeshi League at the Royal Opera House.

## *N. ATLANTIC SHIPPING COS.*

### *Nearing Settlement Of Problems*

RUGBY, Aug. 25.

A further stage has been reached towards settlement of the problems confronting the North Atlantic shipping companies. A statement issued after the debate by principals in London, under the chairmanship of Sir George Maclaren Brown of the Canadian Pacific Railway, says, that the subjects under discussion were of most civic quality, and fully recognised by all lines.

Utmost harmony prevailed and good progress was made towards solution of the problems before the meeting.

The Conference adjourned after a session lasting for nearly two days, and will not meet again until statutory meeting in October.

It is understood that among the matters which had been awaiting consideration by the Conference was the difference of fares between large express liners and cabin class liners of moderate speed. In certain quarters it was thought that divergence is too great and going to cheapen unduly the cost of Atlantic traffic.—B.O.W.

## TEACHER RELIEVED OF GOLD BUTTONS

### Accused Gets Nine Months R. I. And Fine

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Aug. 24.

The story of how a headmaster of the Municipal Gujarati Boys School of Thana was relieved of four gold buttons of his shirt, hanging from a peg by a Brahmin youth, who approached the former on a pretext that a private tutor was wanted by the Civil Surgeon of Thana, was narrated in the Court of Mr. M. B. Kunte, City Magistrate.

Gopal Gajanan Joshi, the accused, was convicted by the Magistrate on a charge of theft and was sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 10 in default 15 days' additional hard labour. The accused admitted five previous convictions, the last being of 14 months about 15 years back (September 14, 1918).

The facts are that on the morning of August 5th last Gopal went to the house of Mr. Gulabbhai Bhagwanji, an Anavil Brahmin, and asked for the services of a tutor for the Civil Surgeon, Thana.

Telling the accused to come later, Gulabbhai went inside for worship. Pinching four gold buttons of the shirt hanging from a peg, Gopal stepped out, but was noiced concealing something in his cap by a teacher. He informed the headmaster, who subsequently found that his gold buttons were missing.

The accused was traced in a temple and was marched off to the police station. The property was recovered. One of the buttons was pledged with a Marwari for Rs. 3/8.

The accused pleaded guilty to the charge.


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Interest paid on claims kept unpaid for more than three months.
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BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay); Poona; Bandra; Bara Bazar, Calcutta); Ahmedabad; Rajkot and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS.
The Westminster Bank, Ltd.

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|---|---|
| Capital Subscribed | Rs. 2,00,00,000 |
| Capital Paid-up | Rs. 1,00,00,000 |
| Reserved Fund | Rs. 1,00,00,000 |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 1 per cent. per annum. Interest on balances in excess of Rs. 1,00,000 allowed only by special arrangement. No credit will be given in accounts for interest amounting to less than Rs. 5 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened. Rules may be obtained on application.
The Bank acts as Executor and Trustee under Wills and Settlements and undertakes Trustee business generally. Rules on application.
A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

# THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

*SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1933*


## AN APPEAL TO GANDHIJI

The statement issued by Mahatma Gandhi, giving the full facts of his side of the case shows that the Government have been guilty of breach of faith, though they gave a wrong impression to the world by publishing only a part of the correspondence, leaving out the most essential portions The Government of India definitely recognised that if Gandhiji's activities on behalf of the Harijans were to be fully effective, there could be no question of restricting his work. They had agreed to give him the fullest freedom to do that work, and yet they deliberately went back on their word and proposed to treat him as an ordinary prisoner.

Much of Gandhiji's suffering at Poona could surely have been avoided if the authorities had shown greater regard for their promises, and they would have strengthened their own position in the country if they had acted more gracefully in the matter.

We have no desire to harp on what is past, but since there is a pernicious propaganda going on in the Anglo-Indian Press we are bound to take note of it in the light of Gandhiji's statement.

**GANDHIJI'S ASSURANCE.**

We are now more concerned with the immediate present and also the future. Mahatma Gandhi's assurance that he would "seek peace much more eagerly than imprisonment and a possible repetition of the fast," will be received throughout the country with great relief. He also says that he would "again use this unexpected freedom from imprisonment for the sake of exploring avenues of peace." That is a categorical statement, and shows that Gandhiji at least has no intention of precipitating another crisis of the kind we saw a few days ago. As we have often said the cessation of mass civil disobedience movement combined with Gandhiji's great anxiety for peace, ought to hasten a political settlement in the country, unless the Government were altogether opposed to the idea of making peace with the Congress, which is still the most dominant political party in India. And that we cannot believe.

If the Government believe that the Congress is dead, because its activities have ceased for the time being, they are wrong. Congress lives in the hearts of the majority of Indians, and the more Government try to repress it the greater will be the loyalty and love of the people for it. Congress can never be killed either by an Acting President or by any Government.

**ANOTHER CONFERENCE.**

But if Gandhiji is anxious to use his freedom for "exploring avenues of peace" he should again call together all those Congressmen who are still free and take counsel with them, with a realisation that the recent action which was taken to dissolve existing Congress organisations is generally disapproved, and then consider what should be done in the immediate present. The country is now stagnating from the political point of view, and this cannot go on without doing great harm. The first duty of Congress leaders is to re-establish the Congress in its legitimate place as a great political organisation and then consult Congressmen as to what the country should do next.

**AN APPEAL**

It has often been stated by Gandhiji that he has no love for dictatorship. If that is so, then there can be no objection to bringing the Congress back to life. Once the Congress is re-established in the country, it should be possible for Congressmen to carry out the constructive programme which has been sorely neglected all these months. Even if Gandhiji thinks that the Harijan work is the most constructive work for himself, there is ample scope for it alongside the work for Swadeshi, communal unity and other allied activities which insistently call for attention.

We believe ourselves that communal unity and Swadeshi together with Harijan work, are far more important than any other national work at the present juncture and we appeal to Gandhiji to use his great influence in redirecting the Congress activities into these useful channels, rather than to allow them to be dissipated through individual civil disobedience or in any way hampered by a profitless adherence to a principle, which cannot at the moment be put usefully into practice, though we do not suggest for a moment that it need or should be abandoned or rejected.

**THE WAY OPEN.**

In this regard, too, note has to be taken of the statement by the Home Member in the Assembly a day or two since, that the Government is not asking for anything so impossible and foolish as that, but for merely an assurance that Civil Disobedience is to be called off now and not resumed as an active policy in the immediate future. If the Government act up to that statement sincerely the exploration of all avenues to peace, to which Gandhiji says he will now apply his attention, should result in a speedy arrival at an understanding, which will make way for the opportunity of concentrating the attention of the country on the danger of the White Paper, as well as the national activities we have already mentioned.

## Determined To Be Happy

The ease with which some Liberals are reconciled to Government's decisions is very remarkable indeed. When the White Paper was published, the Liberals severely condemned it and also the constitution and procedure of the Joint Select Committee. The whole scheme, they said, would be utterly unacceptable to them unless it was radically altered. But as the time for the Committee to commence its work drew near, the condemnation became less and less severe, and finally all the Liberals chosen by the Government to play second fiddle to the Committee quietly accepted that role. They hoped that by their co-operation they would get the White Paper considerably altered.

Only one of them has since been thoroughly disillusioned. But Sir Phiroze Sethna and Sir C.P. Ramaswami Iyer have returned neither sadder nor wiser. They have made guarded statements about their achievements in England, but they seem to be quite reconciled to Government's entire plan, though it is getting more and more reactionary as days pass. Sir Phiroze is now thoroughly satisfied with the constitution and procedure of the Joint Committee. And he naively assures us that, though the Indian Assessors have no voice whatsoever in making the final decisions of the Committee, they are free to submit a report of their own. He has evidently forgotten the old stand of the Liberals for an equal status in the whole of the constitutional enquiry. Could not the Indian co-operators with the Simon Commission submit their own report, too?

As regards the results of the Committee's work, both Sir Phiroze and Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer seem to be quite sanguine about it. Their sole concern now is to rescue the White Paper Scheme from being destroyed by the Churchillites. They blissfully ignore the fact that the scheme, as it now stands, is much worse than it was expected to be only a few months ago, thanks to the elaboration and multiplication of the safeguards. But nothing can disturb the contentment of those who are determined to be content with whatever is graciously given them by the Government.

## Press Views

### Wanted Congress Session

We do not approve of the suggestion that leading members of the A. I. C. C. should face the issues, perhaps by meeting together, because the experience of Poona will be repeated. Let an open session of the Congress be summoned and the future decided. Since there is now none to do it, with authority, Mr. Aney and Mr. Jairamdas and Sardar Sardul Singh having been jailed, it is up to "those Congressmen who have not gone to jail and who do not propose to participate in the civil disobedience movement," say, men like Mr. Satyamurti, Mr. Asaf Ali and Mr. Kiran Sanker Roy, to convoke the Congress and help in the restoration of the Congress to its position, as the only national organisation, that can be reckoned with.—"New Orissa."

### A. I. C. C. Must Meet

It must be sadly confessed that the present position is one of despair, which is rendered all the more poignant by the fact that Gandhiji is going through a critical time, of which the country can be but a pathetic spectator. It is unable to do anything whereby its political will can be exercised upon the rulers in the manner in which alone they would understand it and be compelled to yield.....To clarify the position and organise vigorous work, a meeting of the A.I.C.C. by such of the Congressmen who are yet free is an urgent necessity.—"Hitawada."

### Restore The Congress

Mahatma Gandhi and other Congressmen have agreed that mass civil disobedience should be called off and this, in our view, imposes on all Congressmen who do not propose to participate in civil disobedience, a clear duty towards the Congress. Without in any way surrendering their opinion of or faith in the principle of civil disobedience as they understand it, they should have no hesitation in declaring that as a programme of organised mass action, civil disobedience should now be given up and on that footing they should proceed to restore the Congress to its position of primacy among the political instruments that half a century of nation-building has evolved for achieving the goal of the country's political ambitions.—"Hindu."

## DILATORY TACTICS

It is most unfortunate that the Legislative Assembly has supported the dilatory tactics of the Government and the ultra-odthodox Hindus in respect of the Temple Entry Bill. The subject has been before the country as a live issue for about a year, and whatever might be the views of different sections of the Hindu community on the Temple Entry Bill, none can reasonably contend that it is a surprise measure and still needs prolonged circulation in the country.

It was possible for the Assembly and the Government to dispense with the circulation stage and send the Bill straight to the Select Committee. But Government have consistently refused to give any facilities to it and their attitude has stiffened the opposition of the reactionaries, discouraged the supporters of the measure and generally determined its fate for the present.

The Assembly has adopted the amendment that the Bill be circulated by the end of June 1934. This means unconscionable delay in the final adoption of a measure of supreme importance to the Depressed Classes.

The debate on the Bill showed the extreme apathy of the Assembly as a whole towards the question. The reactionaries were the only section that seemed to be in earnest, though hostile to the Bill. Sir Harry Haig, speaking on behalf of Government, superfluously explained that, though he supported the motion for circulation, he should not be supposed to support the provisions of the Bill. Hindu members in favour of reform might have shown a little more zeal for it.

The net result is that the Assembly has once again proved how utterly unresponsive it is to public opinion. We are confident that barring a handful of ultra-orthodox people the whole Hindu community whole-heartedly supports the Bill in question, a modest measure which is only permissive in its scope and enables only those temples to be opened to the Harijans where a majority of the temple-going caste Hindus favour the reform. In the absence of early legislation private efforts to promote temple entry need to be made more intensive.

## MAHAR STEPS INTO THE WORLD

## And The Caste Hindu Is None The Worse

By "BERTIE PAUL."

Only the other day, we had all the great and good men of our Council engaged upon the Depressed Classes Bill. Most of them acquitted themselves nobly, and what is most unusual, they voiced their opinions fearlessly —would that they did so always! Many a nominated member was also heard bearing down upon the problem in grim determination—which assures us without the shadow of a doubt that, if left to themselves, the nominated members are capable of gallant effort!

The exact trouble is that when they accept their nomination, they, at the same time, accept a brief on behalf of the constitution; so that we always find them speaking in a rigid constitutional manner or remaining mute in strict constitutional attention! But thanks to the Depressed Classes Bill, the air is now cleared of mists, and what is more our minds are freed from curious doubts concerning the nominated member. One of the members stated that the root cause of untouchability and its attendant curses was "purely economic", meat, bone, and marrow.

This economic question is not related to, and is entirely unlike such other questions as "financial stability" and the "gold standard"—which are strictly out of bounds for the nominated member! It concerns the poverty stricken condition of the Depressed Classes; a condition that has bound them down to dingy surroundings and forced them to live in utter misery, as the Brahmins say, "from first only!"

**"FROM FIRST ONLY"**

"From first only" then, many reasons conspired to perpetuate this state of affairs. The villages were complete units by themselves; every man was born in his grandfather's house, apprenticed to his grandfather's trade, in obedience to his parents married his first cousin, and died in his grandfather's house, exactly as his father did before him! Every man was a necessary instituton in his own village; he was born in a groove, he was content in it and died in it. The Brahmin, as the poet says "ripened in his place"; so did the Mahar, so did the scavenger; they all did the same!

The Brahmin and the "Satans" —so we might call the Sanatanists for the sake of brevity— were born in grooves not unlike the poor Mahar, and like the Mahar, the Brahmin and the Satan ran their course till they died and their sons stepped in their fathers' shoes!

**LITTLE DIFFERENCE**

In truth, there is hardly any difference between one and the

(Continued On Page 11.)

## Frankly Speaking

**FOR FURTHER ENQUIRY.**

The judgment delivered by the Fourth Presidency Magistrate last week and published in our columns on Monday last, in the case of Crown vs. Jacob Santan Martin and another, constitutes a serious reflection on the tactics employed by officers of the Excise Department to secure a conviction.

We trust that the case has attracted the notice of the higher authorities, for it is clear that it calls for a searching investigation of the mysterious and suspicious circumstances revealed.

As far as the judgment goes, it is a serious reflection on the Department and particularly, those concerned in this prosecution. But it appears, from certain other documents before us, that facts of an even more grave and suspicious character have yet to be revealed.

Counsel for the defence alleged in the Court that another interested party was behind the scenes in this prosecution and that is a matter which certainly requires to be cleared up.

We should be glad to know what the Commissioner of Excise and the Collector of Bombay are doing in the matter.

**BARBAROUS PRACTICE.**

Several members of the Assembly betrayed an unbecoming levity in dealing with the question of Mr. Aney's treatment in the Midnapore Jail.

Mr. Lalchand Navalrai's question whether it was proper for an ex-M.L.A. to be forcibly made to sit and stand in the presence of the Jail Superintendent was hardly an occasion for laughter.

Sir Harry Haig was quite wrong in observing that the procedure is a necessary part of ordinary jail discipline. Thousands of lesser political prisoners have been spared this humiliating "Sarkar Salam" method, being required only to stand in the presence of the Superintendent.

And surely it would have been decent to spare an ex-M. L. A. and a Congress President that humiliation, whereas the insult to him was aggravated by force being used on him.

But the main point is that the practice, in itself, is barbarous and stupid and ought to be put an end to at once in all jails.

**SATISFIES HIM BUT NOT US.**

Sir George Schuster expressed himself greatly satisfied with his London visit, particularly in regard to the Reserve Bank and the Railway Board. We have no doubt from the view point of British investors, the reports are satisfactory, but not so from the point of view of Indians.

India has no desire to hand over her investments to the management of a Board which is to be independent of the Assembly, meaning that the voters are to have no voice in its management.

The same is the case more or less with the Reserve Bank, which is to function when Indian financial conditions improve, signifying the postponement of the scheme to Greek kalends.

Sir George Schuster ought to be aware that it is a complete surrender of India to the forces at work in Britain, and we do not see anything in it for which he can take any legitimate pride.

**THIN-SKINNED M.L.C.'S.**

The President of the Bengal Council seems to be unusually touchy. During the discussion on the Money-lenders' Bill, a Khan Bahadur, opposing the Home Member's amendment for raising the rate of interest, said the Council did not represent the people in the sense in which they should be represented.

The Khan Bahadur himself would not have been there, if the Council were a really representative body. Even the present President would not have been there.

The President thought the remark of the Khan Bahadur to be objectionable and no doubt thought it implied contempt for the Council. He asked the member to withdraw it, and the Khan Bahadur meekly obeyed the order.

We do not see anything objectionable or untruthful in the remark, though the persons who are connected with the legislatures have every right to think of themselves very highly, even if the public do not.

But the Khan Bahadur gave utterance to a patent fact, and no amount of denying will mitigate it.

**ANOTHER CIVILISING MISSION!**

There is very little to be proud of in the French Campaign against the Berbers, perhaps the last of the Moroccan tribes to surrender to French imperialism.

Like the Indian Government on the Frontier, the French have been gradually but unceasingly pushing the tribes back and conquering them step by step. But their task has not been an easy one.

We do not know where all this is to end, but the French show not the slightest anxiety to terminate their African adventure. They claim the whole of Sahara now. Perhaps, any other European nation, whose hunger even for desert land is insatiable, would have done the same.

But these Berbers, like the Riffi, are a warlike tribe and their conquest cannot be called complete. Years alone will show whether the French methods were justified. The British methods on the N. W. Frontier cannot, by any means, be called an unqualified success.

## Readers' Views

### "AS A BUSINESS MAN"

**From "A. B. C."**

Will you please permit me to make some observations in your valuable columns on the subject of the Japanese cotton boycott, which has become a burning question in the Indian market? At the outset I would like to say that the trade of one country with another rests on mutual benefit and goodwill. So, we cannot reasonably expect India to be an exception to this general rule.

Those, who ridicule the effect of the Indian cotton boycott by Japan, should make a little mental effort to realize the fact India is predominantly a community of peasants 72 per cent. of the population are wholly dependant on agriculture. India grows 60,00,000 of cotton bales annually, out of which 35,00,000 of cotton bales are consumed by Indian mills. The major portion of the exportable surplus, which works out in the neighbourhood of 20,00,000 of cotton bales, is taken by Japan. The Indian cotton grower therefore, runs the risk of losing the valuable outlet for the above surplus which Indian mills, under the existing economic conditions, cannot absorb. Hence what to me, as a business man seems of vital importance, is the retention of the goodwill of our customer. Otherwise the natural consequence of boycott by Japan is to hit hard the Agricultural class.

Another feature of boycott, consequent upon the raising of tariff walls against the Japanese imports into this country, is to throw a burden on the shoulder of the consumer. He s already loaded with the policy of the protection to Indian industries. The peasant is further sinking under the burden of rural indebtedness. The advocates of tariffs argue that they will prove profitable in the long run since they are expected to give encouragement to the indigenous industries and stimulate the growth of long staple cotton in India. I do not belittle or discount their view but I wish these sons of the soil to consider not only the consumer's viewpoint but the national viewpoint from all aspect. Their vision seems distant. The possibility of growing long staple cotton becomes meagre in the face of the step motherly attitude of the Government. So, instead of India going in for long staple cotton, I think, she will secure her economic price for her surplus cotton from Lancashire. Thus Lancashire will interfere where Japan has left us.

Lastly how much of the volume of the Indo-Japan trade can be maintained depends upon much goodwill between the Indian grower and Japan is entertained. A conciliatory gesture based on something substantial may radically change the whole atmosphere. Let there be no illusion that no amount of pious platitudes will serve as a substitute for Indian interests. Trade relations between India and Japan are influenced by a variety of considerations. Currency exchange tariffs rate of interest labour capital and others factors play a very important part in their respective sphere. An amicable adjustment between India and Japan, I think, on the substantial points like rate of exchange will bring co-operation between them nearer instead of stretching those which are apt to widen the gulf and it will further the cause of commercial peace between the two countries.

### N. B. Youth Conference

**From "A Non-Brahmin"**

The contradictory statements issued in your paper recently, about the above-mentioned conference, are really mystic. The non-Brahmins have a right to know what is passing behind the scenes of the Reception Committee. The Chairman has dissolved it on the ground of the legality of the president which was questioned by the members of the Committee.

Now on the other hand the enthusiastic General Secretary has issued a statement informing the public that the Conference has been postponed. On what grounds did the G. S. postpone and hold the Conference at a later date, when the members of the R.C. hold the election of the President as illegal. Is the General Secretary so wise as to discard the opinion of the members of the R. C.?

It is a well-known fact that the President-elect Mr. Chikodi, M.L.C., does not belong to the non-Brahmin party in the council nor does he himself claim to be one. As such the legality of the President-elect was brought to the notice. The General Secretary alone persists in this matter of the legality.

### PREFERENCE FOR BOMBAY DEGREE-HOLDERS

**From "Interested"**

About a fortnight ago an advertisement appeared in your paper for a post of Hon. Assistant Surgeon at the K.E.M. Hospital, Bombay. The advertisement wants the candidate to have post-graduate qualification in Surgery of any recognised institution in India or outside with operative and teaching experience. Applicants for this post will be either from those holding Indian (M.S.) or foreign (F.R.C.S.) degrees. I hope those responsible for selection will make a right choice. In short the selected candidate, apart from his qualifications should possess the necessary merits mentioned in the advertisement. Teaching and operative experience being equal a Bombay M.S. should be given preference over England or Edinburgh F.R.C.S.

Reasons for upholding his cause are:—

(1) He belongs to the University of Bombay; and it stands to reason that any institution in Bombay (more so the Bombay Municipality with its national views) should open a field for him to shine out.

(2) The duty of the University is still greater, in that it should emphatically protest against intrusion of foreign degree holders over those of its own. It should take a lesson from foreign Universities where preference is always given to those who possess the degrees of their own. If Bombay University is not going to respect its own degree, who else is going to? Bombay M.S. is refused an appointment as examiner in Surgery though he may satisfy the necessary conditions, of operative and teaching experience; but a newly arrived F.R.C.S. with comparatively little experience operative or teaching is always welcome to hold the position of an examiner. Is this justice?

(3) Three years ago there was a move at the K.E.M. Hospital to take up M.S.'s and M.D.'s of the University of Bombay for the posts of Hon: Assistant Surgeon and Physician. I hope the same atmosphere prevails now, and those responsible will not be led away by the glamour of foreign qualification.

I hope the members of the "Bombay Municipality will give serious and impartial consideration to what is stated above, and rise to the occasion.

### Government And Waqf Act

**From A "Feeler."**

Now that all attempts with a view to secure exemption for Bohra Wakfs have at last been given a proper burial, the Bombay Government deserves, therefore, grateful thanks from the Bohra community and its intelligentsia in particular for their most reasonable stand with regard to the application of Musalman Wakf Act to Bohra Wakfs.

Although much water has flowed under the bridge, it must be said, as it has been often said before, that the argument that according to Bohra tenets, the Mullaji Sahib cannot be made an accountable trustee could not catch the imagination of the public at all, as the exponents of the continuation of the exemption from the provisions of the Act could satisfy none but themselves on that point. And the Bombay Council and its Muslim members in particular, who threw out Mr. Matcheswala's resolution seeking the exemption again, did a very wise thing indeed.

For all that, the Bohra community has much to thank them for not having swerved to the wrong side and for having given at last to this community a right lead to run its Wakfs, which run into crores of rupees, in their proper channels.

I feel sure that the saner section of my community will be at one with me in sincerely thanking the Bombay Government and the Bombay Council for the very just and wise course adopted following on the right verdict of the Musalman Wakfs Enquiry Committee that "if any Musalman community needs the protection and aid of the Wakf Act it is the Dawoodi Bohra community."

# CHARGE OF INCOMPATIBILITY DENIED

(Continued From Page 1.)

all news that was published in the press in connection with it."

NO FAST NEWS.

In reply to a question Gandhiji explained this poin further and said that the "Times of India" given to him during this period was mutilated, portions bearing on the fast having been cut out of it. Gandhiji proceeded, "Therefore I do not know all that has been stated in the press regarding the fast. But what little I had the energy to read yesterday shows that Government have not done me justice.

REPLY TO GOVERNMENT

It should be remembered that when I took my fast in Yeravda in September last, Government gave me fullest facilities for seeing people, giving interviews and writing letters in the matter of anti-untouchability work, not because that I was a State prisoner, but because they recognised it was justly due to me to give me those facilities, if they hold me in their custody. If therefore, a mistake was made by them, it was made at that very first fast. Had they chosen, they could have unconditionally discharged me as they did at the time of the 21 days' fast or this time. The question of jail discipline was just as pertinent then as now, but they did not do so. They thought it a better policy for them to keep me in custody and give me the facilities I have referred to.

AFTER POONA PACT

Continuing Gandhiji said:

"Within two days after the Poona Pact was made facilities for doing Harijan work were suddenly stopped to my surprise and I immediately sent in a respectful protest but that protest having evoked no satisfactory response I had perforce to send a letter saying that unless Government gave me facilities for Harijan work without let or hindrance, life would not be worth living for me and in reply to that on November 3 last the following orders were conveyed to me:—

'3/11/32.—Government of India recognise that in view of considerations stated in Mr. Gandhi's letters of October 18 and 24 that if he is to carry out the programme he has set before himself in regard to the removal of untouchability which they had not before fully appreciated, it is necessary that he should have freedom in regard to visitors and correspondence on matters strictly limited to the removal of untouchability.

NO RESTRICTIONS.

'They also recognise that if Mr. Gandhi's activities in this matter are to be fully effective, there can be no restriction on publicity.

"They do not wish to interpose obstacles to Mr. Gandhi's efforts in connection with the problem of untouchability. They are removing all restrictions on visitors, correspondence and publicity in regard to matters which in Mr. Gandhi's own words have no reference to civil disobedience and are strictly limited to the removal of untouchability. They note that Mr. Gandhi contemplates the presence of officials at the interviews and instructions then and there of correspondence should Government at any time consider such a procedure as desirable.'

Referring to Government orders Gandhiji said:—

"These orders were passed with the full knowledge of my requirements and with full knowledge of what they meant in September.

I say once more that when Government arrested me again after the 21 days fast they had to face my request for doing Harijan work without let or hindrance, whether they took me in as a State prisoner or any other.

IRRELEVANT.

In my opinion classification is wholly irrelevant to the issue. The sole issue was in September, in November and is to-day this, namely, my life and Harijan work or no Harijan work in jail and my death, and so long as I live that will be the issue that will face me, face the government and face the public. If I am wrong in thinking whether outside or inside prison, I should have the fullest liberty to carry on the programme of anti-untouchability which I have undertaken as a solemn obligation, then my fast should be considered impertinent and should not count either with the Government or the public: but if I am right, then my fast should be treated as sacrificial seal.

CROSS MISREPRESENTATION.

One thing more. It has been said on behalf of the Government that when owing to the 21 days fast I was discharged I gave more attention to political than Harijan work. I cannot imagine a grosser misrepresentation of facts, which are all capable of being proved to-day. But I will give a few outstanding instances. The whole of the 21 days and the subsequent days during which I was unable to do anything at all I could only pray and think and not do writing or talking and I can sayy that during this period I thought of nothing else but God and God's children, the Harijans. Then when I was at all able to carry on sustained conversation with a group of men, my first act was to address a meeting of Harijan workers in this very hall whilst I was lying in bed. When I was able to do any public writing, my first writing was for the "Harijan."

NO SECRET ABOUT IT.

True while I was in Poona I did attend the informal Conference and hold frequent conversations with political co-workers on the subject of civil disobedience. There was no secret about it and I am not ashamed of it. Civil disobedience is an integral part of my life. But the fact is that the bulk of my time was not given to civil disobedience work. As a matter of fact in view of the advice I tendered to the Conference it was not necessary. Then when I went to Ahmedabad, people may think that the sacrificing of the Ashram must have occupied a tremendous amount of my time but I am again able to say that a tremendous amount of my time was taken up with Harijan service.

RECKLESS CHARGE.

Thousands gathered at prayer-time and every time if I spoke at all to these crowds, I spoke on untouchability and I collected funds at every one of these meetings with more or less generous response, every pice of which went to the Harijan Fund. If challenged, I would multiply instances of this character. It therefore, In my opinion, ill becomes anybody much more a Government official, to recklessly charge me with having done a thing which I have not done and then to justify the procedure which to a simple mind like mine, appears to be a manifest and gross breach of promise, deliberately made to a prisoner in their custody."

NOT INCOMPATIBLE.

When Gandhiji's attention was drawn to the Home Member's statement in the Assembly that Gandhiji wished to combine simultaneously two incompatiole policies, deliberate incarceration and complete freedom to carry on social work as an ordinary man, Gandhiji replied: "I do not consider that there is anything incompatible in it. I would be asking for incompatible things if I had asked for conducting civil disobedience campaign from inside the prison walls."

NOT ADEQUATE.

Asked whether the concessions given by the Government were not adequate enough Gandhiji replied in the negative and said there still remained tremendous work to be done in connection with the anti-untouchability work. The political part of it formed only very little. The task before the reformers was to bring about a change of heart on the part of the Hindus.

UNKINDEST CUT OF ALL.

Gandhiji continuing said that he could not describe the grief it caused him when on a matter of this character where Government orders had been so explicit in November last, the same officials should have been responsible for goading him on to a fast and then to say that he wanted to become a dictator. This was the unkindest cut of all.

WILL RESIST "C. R."

Asked if Mr. Rajagopalachari, for example, who had been a party to the Poona Pact now in jail could not seek permission for doing Harijan work like himself, Gandhiji replied in the negative and added "I will side the Government in resisting Mr. Rajagopalachari because Mr. Rajagopalachari was not present at the Round Table Conference. I was there as the sole representative of Mr. Rajagopalachari and other Congressmen and I made a declaration that I shall resist with my life separate electorates for the Depressed Classes and therefore it became a matter of sacred obligation to me to conduct this campaign even from inside the jail."

PEACE. ON WHAT TERMS?

Regarding political situation Gandhiji was asked what form his efforts for peace would take. Gandhiji replied that he did not know what it would be at the present moment. I was still in the lap of future. It was all impenetable darkness for him just now. But if Government had the will for peace—and he knew that the Congress had the will—then peace could be had. But on what terms, he could not say at present moment, not having all the strings in his hand to-day.

Asked if he would be approaching the Viceroy again for an interview he replied that he could not say definitely, but it was quite on the cards.

ON MILK DIET.

Gandhiji concluded by saying that he hoped to be restored to health in the course of a week or more and he was now on milk diet and free from pain or discomfort.—A. P.


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## *COUNTY CRICKET RESULTS*

### *Walter's 190 Not Out For Worcester*

LONDON, August 25.

The following are the results of the first class cricket matches, which commenced on Wednesday:—

MIDDLESEX vs. DERBYSHIRE:—Derby won by 141 runs. Derby 132 and 320. Middlesex 151 and 160 (Mitchell 6 for 53).

LANCASHIRE vs. ESSEX:—Lancs won by 17 runs. Lancs 205 and 198. Essex 205 and 181 (Booth 5 for 41).

GLOUCESTERSHIRE vs. WARWICKSHIRE:—Warwick won by 180 runs. Warwick 355 and 181 for 6 declared (Bates 80). Gloucester 244 and 112 (Hollies 4 for 47; Paine 4 for 31).

SUSSEX vs. LEICESTERSHIRE:—Sussex won by 20 runs. Sussex 245 and 167 (Bowley 73, Astill 4 for 44). Leicester 228 and 114 (Wensley 8 for 41).

NOTTS vs. NORTHAMPTONSHIRE:—Notts won by 115 runs. Notts 358 and 125 for 8 declared. Northants 150 and 218 (Snowden 56, Sam Staples 5 for 34).

SURREY vs. YORKSHIRE:—Surrey won on first innings. Surrey 560 for 6 declared. Yorkshire 233 and following on 219 for 5 (Leyland 74, not out).

HAMPSHIRE vs. WORCESTERSHIRE:—Worcester won on the first innings. Worcester 100 and 425 for four declared (Walter 190 not out, Nichol 116). Hants 99 and 295 for four (Mead 131 not out, Pothecary 70).—Reuter's Special.

# CHANGE THE AWARD

## Bhai Parmanand Appeals To Hindus To Present United Front

## NO BARGAINING

**No Self-Government For Centuries, He Says In Lecture On "What Hindus Should Do."**

"Hindus should unite to live as a nation. If we tolerate the present Communal Award, there will not be any Self-Government for centuries to come. India will become a country with two warring camps", said Bhai Parmanand in his lecture on "What Hindus should do under the present circumstances," delivered on Friday evening at the Arya Samaj Mandir.

The Hindu leader traced the history of the communal question of the last few years and said that he was against the view expressed by Gandhiji and the Congress, that there could be no self-government till Hindu-Muslim Unity was achieved.

NO BARGAINING.

Though the speaker was not against communal unity, he did not believe that unity could be achieved by bargaining. He quoted John Stuart Mill to show that any Government would be interested to divide the people to keep up the balance of power and not allow them to join together to fight for national freedom.

The Simon Commission was a statutory body appointed by Parliament and was received with Black Flags all over the country. Still, that Commission, without any bias had recommended 60 per cent. of seats for the Hindus.

Sir Samuel Hoare and others who had arrived at a pact with the Muslims did not like the Commission's recommendation regarding the Hindus and as they wanted to shelve that report, the Secretary of State and his Government wanted that the Hindus and Muslims should meet and come to an amicable agreement amongst themselves. On no agreement being reached by the parties concerned, the Premier gave the Communal Award which was very unjust and unfair to the Hindus.

AS STRONG AS MAJORITY.

The White Paper recommendations contained the Communal Award, which made the position of the Muslims in the country, if not more strong, at least as strong as that of the Hindus, whose population in the country was 75 per cent. All this was done by the British Government because they had arrived at a pact with the Muslims. That being the case, however much the Hindus tried to get at Hindu-Muslim Unity, the Muslims were not prepared to come to any sort of settlement with the Hindus.

THE ONLY COURSE.

Concluding the speaker said that under the present circumstances the only course open for the Hindus was to unite amongst themselves. They should not allow the Communal Award unchallenged. If the Communal Award were tolerated and allowed to continue there could be no Self-Government for India for centuries to come. It will for ever remain a country of two warring camps.

AGITATE.

The speaker suggested that the Hindu population should assert itself and hold meetings and conferences all over the country before next October, and protest against the Communal Award. Cables should be sent to the Premier, the Secretary of State and the members of Parliament informing them that the united Hndus are against the Communal Award, so that before the Bill comes up before the Parliament the Communal Award could be changed.

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Sheikhupura.—A report of a daring burglary comes from the civil quarters here. The victim of the robbery is Dr. Indarsingh. The thieves entered his residence and were collecting valuables when the noise woke up a servant. On his raising a hue and cry, the thieves ran away jumping over a wall and taking away with them jewellery and cash worth about Rs. 500.—A.P.

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Madras.—A Trichinopoly message states that two persons were drowned on Friday in the Cauvery, while bathing, the victims being a teacher employed in the Pachaiyappa's High School, Madras, who had gone to attend a marriage ceremony, and his uncle. The bodies have not yet been recovered.—A.P

## *MAHAR STEPS INTO THE WORLD*

(Continued from Page 10)

other: between the Satan and the Mahar. Both are, or rather were, parts of a well greased machine: both as dead as the steel in the machine. The Satan might as well have been a Mahar; and vice versa. It was all the hazard of birth! And since neither the Satan nor the Mahar could blame his parent for his relative position in this world, the guilt naturally devolved upon the broad shoulders of God! Here was the all-powerful reason for their vocations, indeed! Here was a reason capable of frightful vengeance and quick reprisals! One, who like our local Commissioners, was not to be trifled with! So one bossed the show and the other meekly bowed to the bully.

Talking of God, we come to what has been called the religious part of the topic and incidentally the most sensitive one. To put it gently, with all the respect due to religion, let it be said once and for all that Religion by itself has no objection to untouchability—either to its presence or to its removal! For the simple reason that it explains away its presence and prescribes a ceremoney for the removal of its disabilities. The objection is raised by the "people" in the religion and "they" say it has a religious aspect!

LIKE A BRAHMIN!

Upto 1932 I firmly believed like an obedient son, that the Mahar was squaring accounts with God for the sins of his previous existence. But after all is said and done, it amounts to this: The Philosophy of life, a part of religion, has been taken for the religion itself; the shadow for the substance. For instance, if you ran away with Adam and Eve from the Bible, the Christian religion would still be left behind; the religion that preaches love, justice, purity and equality of all men before God. The religious part of untouchability is only an explanation for a social structure. It is not a mighty tower of truth because truth never dies.

But this tower has begun to crumble; because the structure has already started to totter and fall. This explanation falls short and flat of our changing times. The Mahar has flung aside his purdah of ignorance and in full sight of God has stepped out into this beautiful world. He lifts his head up like a Brahmin, he moves about like a Brahmin, in truth he is everything a Brahmin is—it is worthless to try and tell who is who, even for odds! He can think; he can write; he can tell the Brahmin full to his face, in his own language, that the Brahmin is a bully. Who can stop him?

HOW HINDUS GAIN

Already in Bombay we see a welcome change. The best people tell you that it is only a matter of cleanliness. All that we want is that the Mahar should be clean, he should change his dress and his calling; he should behave himself as our equal. The Mahars must improve themselves, as the great and good member said, economically! Money will make the night-mare go!

The Hindus in Bombay have lost none of their morals by the change. On the contrary they are more human, they are more sociable; they are less cramped in their dealings with others. So far they have not suffered from indigestion, or from ringworm, or from itch. They are just as clean, healthy, and happy as everyone of us.

But old fears die hard. Like the die-hard enjoying his pension they may never be conquered at all. Yet we are jubilant may be a wee bit heartless—in the thought that this fear of divine displeasure will pass away with the present generation of Brahmins! May the two rest in peace!

For the present, wherever the Brahmin is so minded, leave him unmolested in his temple. Let the Brahmin and his God stare at each other for their mutual benefit!

## *OFFICIAL & PERSONAL*

The Revd: and Mrs. T. R. H. Elliott lunched at Government House, Ganeshkhind on Thursday.

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Sheikhupura.—A report of the tragic death of two young zamindars of the village Mamowallia has been received here. It is stated that while they were sleeping just outside their house at night in order to be near their cattle tethered there, a wall collapsed and killed both the young men.—A.P.

# TO TIGHTEN LANCASHIRE'S HOLD ON INDIAN MARKET

## Sir William Lees Expatiates On What Cotton & Artificial Silk Mission Hope To Achieve In This Country

LONDON, Aug. 25.

The Cotton and Artificial Silk Mission to India left London at 10-20 to embark steamer "Malaja" at Tilbury.

Sir William Clare Lees, leader, when interviewed by Reuter said that it was impossible to say exactly what they hoped to achieve in India, but generally their object would be to bring back for consideration by the industry at home and by British Government, plans and proposals which held out the promise for Lancashire of a more satisfactory volume of export trade in the Indian market and other markets where they shared interest with Indian mills.

PROBLEM OF JAP COMPETITION.

Sir William Clare Lees added that although they had various alternatives in mind which they had discussed with the Special Committee on Japanese competition, they would not be able to say until they discovered the situation in India on which of the possible proposals they would chiefly rely. Some permanent solution of the problem of Japanese competition in India was obviously the primary necessity for Indian millowners as well as for Lancashire and this gave a valuable common ground on which to begin. If on this basis they could build up a structure of co-operation and mutual understanding in trade relations with Indians, their visit would not have been in vain.

INEVITABLE BITTERNESS.

Sir W. Clare Lees added that the problem of trade with India had been surrounded with anxieties and uncertainties for years past and some bitterness occasionally shown in private and public statements on both sides. This was probably inevitable but it had undoubtedly led to a great deal of misunderstanding.

It would be a most notable thing if his unfortunate atmosphere could be repiaced by one in which mutual understanding, sympathy and a substantial measure of commercial co-operation were the prevailing notes. He hoped everything said on this side during their absence would be designed to show to those they were meeting that they had confidence of the whole trade. Nothing would help them more than such assurances, which they would all do best to deserve.

DELEGATES OPTIMISTIC

The Delegation was seen off by Sir Horace Wilson and Sir Edward Crowe.

Delegates when interviewed by Reuter expressed high hopes of work to be done in India. There was very harty cheering as the train left. They had dinner last evening with Sir Ness Wadia which was a very cordial function.

Sir W. Clare Lees did not travel with the Delegation whom he will join at Marsailles.—Reuter.

# Misleading And Mischievous Memorial

**From B. F. Bharucha**

The "Kaiser-i-Hind" of the 20th inst. gives us a startling news of a Memorial being just sent to His Majesty's S. of S. to grant special representation to the Parsi Community to save it from being swamped in the new Elections! May we briefly analyse it?

(1) The Authors of the Memorial are the Zoroastrian Association of Bombay, that has never dabbled in politics ere this!

(2) The Memorial was discussed on the quiet, and passed by about fifteen members!

(3) And yet it claims to represent "a large and influential section of the Parsi community"!

(4) Is that why a non-political body was approached, and about fifteen votes collared, and all that on the quiet?

PARSIS OPPOSED TO SEPARATE REPRESENTATION.

Need I say, in brief,

(1) How even our veteran friend, Mr. M. K. Patel, tried his best, some years ago, to secure Separate Representation for the Parsi in Councils, Assembly etc.!

(2) How Mr. K. J. Dubash, Solicitor, tried to revive that agitation!

(3) How a Solitary Parsi Daily moved heaven and earth for separate representation!

(4) How even when Sir Pheroze Sethna and Sir Cowasji Jehangir went to attend the First R. T. C., it was openly said in that Parsi Paper, and at some functions, that they were going to put in a plea for special treatment to Parsis! ! !

(5) And, Sir, two monster meetings of Parsis, held under the auspices of the then Parsi Rajkeya Sabha, denounced communal representation in no uncertain terms.

(6) Subsequently, both Sir Phiroze and Sir Cowasji had to say plainly in England, that Parsis were opposed to communal Representation.

(7) In face of this overwhelming expression of Parsi opinion, is not the Memorial of a few Parsi Ultra-loyalists both misleading and mischievous? The sooner they abandon the idea of sending it to the Authorities, the better for all concerned.


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# 'BODY-LINE' BOWLING QUARREL MUST CEASE

## Cricket Controversy Has Embittered Relations With Australia

When I returned to England from Australia a few years ago Australian friends said to me "Well you have had three years among us and there will be someone in Fleet-street who understands us by actual contact; so when Australia gets into trouble we'll look to you as our Press ambassador."

Now, for the first time, Australians have come to me with their troubles. I have letters from them—from men in responsible positions—expressing grave anxiety about the state of feeling between this country and Australia, says Tom Clarke in the "News Chronicle". The cause is not politics, not finance, not economics. It is this Cricket business; this row about the "body-line bowling" by us, and the "barracking" by them, which made the last tour of our Test team in Australia such a hot and bothered affair.

I did not want to write this article. I imagined that feelings on both sides were cooling down. I felt that there had been enough writing of books and writing of newspaper articles and that the time had come when it was a case of least said soonest mended. I am not sure that the responsible Australians who have lately communicated with me will approve of my writing this article. However, I feel it is the best way to do service, not only to Australia, but also to England, and to the cause of amity in the Imperial family circle.

AUSTRALIAN VIEWPOINT.

It is clear from the letters I have received from "down under" that many Australians of standing and repute do not think their view of the cricket disputes has had a fair hearing in this country. I will quote from one letter at length:

"You, with your World Conferences and other things to distract you, are perhaps not aware of the serious effect these disputes have had upon the relations between Great Britain and Australia. Out here, that effect is unfortunately, all too apparent,, and some of the most representative people here have suggested that I should write giving you what we believe to be the Australian viewpoint, so that if the controversy gathers fresh impetus you will at least know how we feel out here.

"It is true that the "barracking" during the last series of Test matches was much more demonstrative than usual, and, at times, was marked by a tinge of unfriendliness hitherto always absent. This very fact should have convinced our friends in England that something unusual had been introduced into the game.

NO SQUEALING.

"I can speak personally only of the Adelaide Test matches. Whatever has been said of 'barracking' in Sydney and Melbourne in the past, the Adelaide followers of cricket have always enjoyed a reputation for restraint and kindliness unexcelled anywhere in the world. Such an outburst as did occur here, therefore, is in itself conclusive proof to anyone having knowledge of this sober and quiet community that the provocation was very great.

"Nothing has caused more resentment in Australia than the calm assumption by English critics that nothing unusual occurred out here.....The Australian finds it hard to understand how his protests could have been interpreted in England as 'squealing' over the lost Ashes. It should be remembered that Chapman's team won as many Test matches as Jardine's; but the attitude of the crowd towards it was always warmly cordial.

"The exchange of cables between the M.C.C. and the Board of Control has not helped to solve the trouble. The latest M.C.C. message, written without a true appreciation of the feeling here, was hardly less unfortunate in its effect upon the Australian attitude than was the unhappily-worded cable sent by our Board of Control in its effect upon England. These cables have had a serious effect upon good feeling between the two countries.

"The position now has reached a stage at which the adoption of cricket rules or cricket practices is of comparatively little moment. We, here, who put at the head of everything the maintenance of good relations between Australia and Great Britain, will do our utmost to smooth the matter over; but we feel that will be impossible if the assumption is maintained in England that there was nothing in Australia's protest.

"I would not write if I did not feel that something ought to be done to promote a better feeling".

That letter shows how difficult the situation has become and how easily it may become worse.

HEAR OTHERSIDE.

This is no occasion for raking up controversy. Australia, of course, is not blameless, but that is no reason why she should be put out of court. Even if her arguments up to now have not appeared to be very convincing, there does seem to be some ground for her irritation. Are we here not being rather too parental and "possessive" (it's the fault of older lands as of older individuals) and treating Australians as if they had been naughty children? Have we not perhaps been too much influenced by the screechings of a certain section of the Australian Press? The more balanced newspapers have avoided fireworks.

What is to be done? Heaven forbid that the controversy should gather the "fresh impetus" my correspondent mentions. At the moment the plans for next year's Test matches in this country appear to be held up, while the controlling bodies in both countries glare at each other in postures of offended dignity. In the background personal problems have arisen which are beyond the powers of any such official bodies to solve.

Can the pride of persons, either here or in Australia, be allowed to hold up a settlement of this stupid controversy? It may seem grotesque that all this fuss should be made about a cricket row; but history is full of instances where the most serious consequences have followed the most trivial causes. We want no "serious consequences" to Imperial good feeling—especially not in these days when all the world is restless and doubting. What a spectacle for the nations is this row of ours about a cricket ball!

STOP THIS GLARING.

Cannot we get down to it and do something like shaking hands with Australia? Let us stop this glaring at each other across the oceans. I have mentioned the difficulties of the personal aspect of the controversy; yet it might be that peace could best come through the personal rather than the official way.

For example: I like to imagine an English village green far away from the crowd or the newspaper men; and the disputants on both sides having a crack together; with Hobbs, say and Gilligan Chapman looking on—all of them talking things over among themselves (with demonstrations). Then a retirement to the village inn, and tankards all round and messages to officialdom in both countries: "Carry on, we've forgotten all about it."


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# JAMIAT ULEMA SUSPENDS C. D.

## Committee To Chalk Out Practical Programme Of Achieving Freedom

The Moradabad correspondent of the "Hindustan Times" writes under date August 21 as follows:

Four sitting of the working committee of the Jamiat Ulema-i-Hind have been held here. Mufti Kifayat Ulla, President, Maulana Ahmad Saeed, Secretary, Maulana Hasan Ahmad, Hafizurehman, Bashir Ahmad, Fakhruddin, Abdus Samad, Lutf Ullah, Mohd. Naeem and others are attending.

No official statement is yet been available. It is, however, learnt that the Committee has already passed a number of resolutions about important matters, such as the Civil Disobedience movement, proceedings of the Joint Parliamentary Committee, the refusal of the Viceroy to see Mahatma Gandhi, Frontier bombing, and the Haj Bills.

Three condolence resolutions are said to have been passed on the deaths of Maulanas Anwar Shah of Deoband, Salamatullah Abdul Aziz of Bihar, Sir Al Imam, Hasan Imam and Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta.

In regard to the future programme of the Jamiat, it is learnt that the Committe discussed this item for more than 15 hours in three sittings, and considered off the facts and figures produced before it. After full consideration and prolonged discussions, it was decided that the civil disobedience movement be suspended, a sub-committee of four members should chalk out a practical programme of work for the achievement of India's freedom. The sub-committee consists of Mufti Kifayatullah, and Maulanas Husain Ahmad, Mohammad Sajjad, and Ahmad Said.

WHITE PAPER CONDEMNED

The Committee has condemned the White Paper proposals as highly unsatisfactory and contrary to the solemn pledges given to the Indian people by the British Government.

The refusal of the Viceroy to see Mahatma Gandhi is stated to have been condemned as also the bombing of Frontier villages. Mussalmans have been asked to hold protest meetings throughout India.

The Haj Pilgrims' Guides Bill has been strongly opposed on the ground of religious interference, and members of the Legislative Assembly have been asked to reject it unanimously.

## *MANUFACTURING ILLICIT SALT*

### *Two Dindigul Men Jailed At Madura*

MADURA, Aug. 25.

Mr. Mahadev Iyer Vakil and Mr. Raj Verma, both of Dindigul who were arrested, it is alleged, while they were engaged in the preparation of contraband salt with a view to commit individual civil disobedience were produced before the Additional District Magistrate of Madura. They were sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment each.

Police arrested five volunteers as soon as they started picketing foreign cloth shops this morning. —A. P.

# PLAGUE CLAIMS MORE VICTIMS

## Over 200 Deaths Reported From Bijapur

The following is the official report of the health conditions in the Bombay Presidency for the week ending 19th August:

CHOLERA.

The presidency cholera figures for the week are 846 attacks and 335 deaths against 780 attacks and 319 deaths in the previous week. West Khandesh district reported 165 attacks and 75 deaths against 202-84 in the previous week: Satara 162-43 against 167-65; East Khandesh 143-58 against 135-46; Ahmednagar 112-41 against 100-47; Sholapur 111-41 against 42-16; Kolaba 48-19 against 16-3; Poona 42-23 against 55-27; Nasik 28-13 against 24-7; Belgaum 23-14 against 27-14; Thana 10-7 against 6-6; Bijapur 1-1 against 3-2 and Dharwar 1-0 against 3-2.

PLAGUE.

In the presidency excluding Sind there were in all 797 attacks and 457 deaths from plague against 402-263 in the previous week. The returns by districts including town circles were as follows:—Bijapur 332 attacks and 205 deaths against 101-88; Belgaum 206-123 against 149-88; Dharwar 121-55 against 108-50; Poona 79-42 against 24-18; Satara 31-13 against 9-5; Sholapur 14-9 against 4-3; Kanara 10-6 against 3-6 and Thana 4-4 against 4-5. All possible steps are being taken in the affected areas to bring the epidemic under control.

SMALLPOX.

The smallpox figures for the week are:—Kanara 45 attacks and 9 deaths; Satara 42-8; Ratnagiri 34-2; Thana 31-4; Poona 16-2; Kolaba 14-2; Ahmednagar 12-6; Sholapur 9-0; Nasik 1-1; Bijapur 8-1; Dharwar 6-1; Belgaum 4-0; East Khandesh 1-0; West Khandesh 1-0; Dadu 8-2; Hyderabad 1-1, Karachi 1-0 and Bombay City 1-0. Total 235 attacks and 40 deaths against 228-34 in the previous week.

MALARIA.

The medical officer appointed on anti-malarial duty in the Poona district visited 8 villages Haveli taluka and treated 266 cases of malaria.

## *CALCUTTA SWADESHI EXHIBITION*

### *Committee Opens "News Paper Stall"*

The General Secretary of the forthcoming Calcutta Swadeshi Exhibition writes:—

A Swadeshi Exhibition on a big scale is going to be opened in Calcutta at Wellington Square, on 2nd September next, which will remain open for one month or more. A representative Committee with Sjt. Santosh Kumar Basu, Mayor, Corporation of Calcutta as President, Capt N.N. Dutta as General Secretary and Sir P.C. Roy, Dr. B.C. Roy, Mr. J. N. Basu, Mr. N. R. Sarkar and others as members, has been formed for the purpose.

The Committee is going to open a "News paper Stall" under their direct supervision and management to accommodate all sorts of papers so that we can demonstrate them to the large number of visitors who are likely to attend the Exhibition.

## *SURMOUNTING CASTE BARRIERS*

### *Brahmins And Harijans Carry Ganpati Palanquin*

RATNAGIRI, Aug. 25.

Pan-Hindu principle denouncing caste by birth was witnessed yesterday by great crowds when the palanquin holding the idol of "Ganpati" was carried by the Brahmins and the "untouchables" together in a procession to the pan-Hindu temple where the annual festival is being celebrated.

## *CONSTRUCTIVE PARTY FOR BERAR*

(From Our Correspondent.)

AMRAOTI, August 24.

An independent party called the "Congress Constructive Party' is being formed at the initiative of Sjt. Veer Vamanrao Joshi, ex-president of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee. The main object of the party shall be to capture all centres of power along with other constructive work, such as, swadeshi and temperence within the bounds of the Congress mandate.

The party has undertaken to fight the elections of the Chandur Sanitation Board to take place on the 28th instant.

# MORE APPALLING ATROCITIES BY NAZIS

## Warders Beat Socialist Editor To Death And Play Football With Body

Four young Communists were beheaded at Hamburg on Aug 1 on charges of killing a Nazi Storm Trooper in the "Bloody Sunday" riots of July last year.

The riots took place, says the "Daily Herald," London in Altona a suburb of Hamburg, and the deaths that took place were a direct result of Nazi provocation.

It was never proved at the four Communists' trial that they actually killed anyone, but they were found to have fired on the Nazis.

Forty-six Communists were arrested in and around Berlin, and taken to a concentration camp at Oranienburg. They had been engaged in the distribution of handbills urging the observance of yesterday as "Anti-War Day."

Eleven Communist leaders were arrested in Hamburg charged with similar activities.

At Flensburg, some arrests have been made of Socialists following the discovery of an organisation for smuggling "wanted" members of the Socialist Party out of Germany into Denmark.

A yacht and a smaller boat used for this purpose have been confiscated.

FURTHER ATROCITIES.

Yesterday's (Aug. 2) issue of the "Deutsche Freiheit," of Saarbrucke, is full of very alarming news in Germany, showing that terrorism and atrocities have greatly increased in recent days.

A long letter from Bremen, written by a man who has been released from a concentration camp there, describes how the Socialist editor and member of Parliament for the Free State of Bremen, Alfred Faust, was tortured to death by young Nazi camp warders.

Faust, who had been sent to the camp "for his own protection" was beaten from the very first hour of his arrival and compelled to work in the coal cellars and in the heating room of the camp as a coal carrier and as a fireman. He was over 50 years of age and suffered from heart disease.

Each time he worked too slowly or when he was unable to carry the heavy coal sacks he was beaten by blows and kicks from 20-year-old Nazis.

When Faust collapsed from the hard work the young Nazs actually played football with his body.

TRAMPLED TO DEATH.

One night they took him from the dormitory and his companions heard his screams, "which were more dreadful than any they had heard before." They never saw him again, but the next morning one of the Brown Shirts confessed very confidentially to them that it had been horrible.

Faust had been trampled to death and then secretly buried in in a corner of the camp like a mad dog.

Faust was born in Alsace, and had preferred to remain a German at the end of the war.

According to the same source 20 Socialists and Communists have been tortured to death or shot to death by Nazis in Brunswick and district during the last week.


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# Earth Delivered Over To Capitalistic Exploitation

## Imperialist Civilisation Now Revealing Itself In Its True Colours, Says Romain Rolland

The world to-day presents the spectacle of an inferno. The man who detaches himself from the narrow circle of the privileged nations, and within these nations, from the classes, and within these classes from the privileged castes, sooner or later discovers that every civilisation in which he rejoices and of which he is proud rests upon the atrocious, degrading and murderous exploitation of nine tenths of the peoples of the earth. When this revelation has penetrated his being the joy of living dies within him till the moment when he resolves to do battle to destroy this canker, even though in the combat himself must be destroyed, writes M. Romain Rolland, the noted French Savant, in the course of a manifesto on behalf of the Meerut prisoners.

Those who renounce the struggle in advance the great hero of the subservient and the passive, strive to content themselves with the miserable excuse for not acting that what is has always been and that one cannot change.

This is false. Truly the history of humanity has always been that of the oppression of peoples of classes and of castes and of the desperate effort of the oppressed to free themselves, but never has the crushing of nine-tenths of the inhabitants of this planet reached such a degree of deliberate organisation as in this last half-century. The great oppression of to-day is no longer imposed by one or more individuals groups or states but by system which extends to all the great exploiting states by an Imperialism of money which transcending all the national antagonisms and conflicts, dominates the international policy of the great Empires. Menaced by the trembling fo capitalist economy which in its difficulties plunges to madly destructive course shaken by the revolts which to-day like earthquake stir the enslaved peoples this hideous oppression manifests itself yet more brutally employing to an extent and with a rigour unexampled the most monstrous means. Even the semblance of legality with which the modern states hitherto sought to mask their abuse of power, has fallen. Imperialist civilisation now reveals its true face the law of the fist the "Faus recht" the "Sit prorationc voluntas" By terror it was established and is maintained.

CAPITALIST EXPLOITATION.

This terror which now weighs on every part of the eath delivered over to capitalist exploitation, has assumed gigantic proportions in the great territories of India and of the far East. The corpulent case of Holland rests in the same way upon the substance of the Dutch Indies which nourishes her. France has made of her Empire of Indo-China not only a source of super-profits, but a bastion of war which her proconsuls of armed finance like those of ancient Rome, of the Republic of publicans, have made their base of operations for the forthcoming struggle in the pacific, now preparing and for the partition of China. This is why a state of siege reigns secretly or openly in Bengal as in Annam, in Batavia, at Hanoi and at Peshawar. This is why thousands have been condemned, or have rotted for years without trial in the jails and concentration camps. In May 1932 there were 80,000 prisoners in British India, whose [illegible] had been to follow the watchword of non-violence of Gandhi and of the Indian National Congress.

In French Indo-China on January 14th 1933, there were 2,970 political prisoners, out of a total of 6,897 convicted since the Yen-Bay affair (official figures) of whom a large number were old men, women and children guilty only of having pleaded for a reduction of taxes, the abolition of corporal punishment by private employers, and universal suffrage. In the Dutch Indies on January 1st 1932 there were 10,000 politcal prisoners in China 50,000 without account of the hecatombs of massacres in Gorea 35,000. This list makes no mention of the thousands who have been arrested tortured and condemned in Japan of the thousands of victims in the Italian Belgian and Portuguese colonies and in South Africa. It leaves unrecorded the victims of the diabolcal American imperialism, that compound of hypocrisy and cruelty, which makes itself the abettor of the corrupt marshals of the Kuomintang and the assassins of Cuba, which restores independence to the Philippines the more easily to encompass their new economic enslavement and which in South America stokes up the fire of war and sanguinary dictatorships.

So long as the oppressed reacted against the oppressors only by intermittent and piecemeal spasms of revolts, coercion prevailed against them swiftly and noiselessly. It only began to lose [illegible] found itself confronted by immense organised masses, like those of the Satyagraha Gandhi movement in British India. But this great wave which the genius of one man holds in leash static within the limits of non-violence again reassured the reformist bourgeoists anxious to preserve the existing social order at the price of some concessions. It required the stubborn obstinacy of a Viceroy, and of an adolescent and narrow-minded caste, to drive to desperation this magnanimous opposition which would have sought to conciliate the interests of England with those of India.

All is changed since in these latter years the working masses and the peasants have realised the need to organise themselves in a fighting revolutionary' bloc resolved to transform the social system. A new era' has opened in the revolt of the oppressed world. In British India it dates back hardly more than five years to the Bombay textile strike of 1928, and to the formation of the Girni Kamgar Union. In Annam its commencement was still more recent: in February 1930 when the Communist Party of Indo-China was found at the same time as the Viet Nam Quoc-Dan Dang (the Indo-Chinese Kuomintang) which carried out the nationalitt insurrections of Yen Bay.

Repression followed, immediate and implacable. In Indo-China was set upon special permanent court, "The Criminal Commission" of Saigon which tries cases in secret the defending Counsel officially nominated and denied the right to examine the douments material to the case "should the safety of the State demand" Up to July 1st 1932 this court had passed 1,094 sentenced, 83 of death, 160 sentences of penal servitude for life, 420 of deportation. In March and April it will pronounce judgment upon 180 Annamite revolutionaries.

SCANDALOUS JUDGMENT

In British India the judicial machinery is heavier, clumsier more antiquated. It has closed by the scandalous judgment at Meerut, a monstrous trial. For four years from June 1929 to January 1933 this process dragged itself out, under a mountain of paper, comprising more than 2,600 documents and tens of thousands of printed pages. The cost stupidly in these times of economic ruin, amounted to more than £120,000 sterling. The sentences are of such revolting injustice that even the liberal opinion of moderate English people has been dismayed and is endeavouring to utter some time protests. But it is necessary to arouse the opinion of the world, for this trial is not merely the trial of 27 condemned persons; it is the trial of the system of Government which has passed judgment upon them. As one of the concemned R. S. Nimokar, General Secretary of the All-India workers' and peasants party, has clearly established, English liberalism is not only powerless to repair the verdict, it is even incapable of conceiving either the illegal proceedings which have become current or the exceptional laws which the imperialist Great Britain applies to six-sevenths of the people of its Empire, to one-sixth of the population of the world.

The Labour Government, which knowingly made use of these methods or at least permitted them to continue under its auspices, became itself the prosecutor of this trial. It thereby trampled under foot all the doctrines of middle class liberalism of which the Labour Party was the outcome. More serious still it deliberately speculated on the passivity of the workers movement in England and wittingly pandered to this passivity making of it an accomplice, in order to exterminate the movement of the Indian workers who form six-sevenths of the British Empire. Such is the shame of which the wrokers movement in England and in Europe must cleanse itself. The weight of this shame will fall fatally upon the workers movement, it is does not at once arise and reach against criminal laxity of its officials.

The Trade Union Congress is at this moment making a great stir about the coming celebration of the centenary of the martyred labourers of Dorchester who in 1834, were transported for having committed the crime of forming a Trade Union, and who are commemorated to-day as the founders of British Trade Unionism. Three generous Englishmen Philip Spratt, B. F. Bradley and Lester Hutchinson have associated themselves with the Indian workers in the spirit of brotherhood and have been tried with them at Meerut. After four years' imprisonment during which one of the accused died th Trade Unionists of Meerut have been sentenced to transportation under murderous conditions, one for life, the others for 12 years, 10 years, 7 years and five years. Their only crime is that of laying the foundations of an independent Trade Union organisation in India.

AN APPEAL.

We appeal to both, to the workers, and to the intellectuals. We denounce the fearful exploitation of Indian labour which keeps the peoples in a state of undernourishment and of exhaustion which makes them sweat out with their blood the gold which is lost in bottomless coffers.

We denounce the arbitrary arrest of the men whose hearts desired to put an end to these crimes, against whom, as was admitted by the Government of India itself in the Legislative Assembly on March 1929 no unlawful action would be proved.

We denounce the bad faith and the ridiculous ignorance of the committal order which charged Spratt, as if it were a crime of High Treason, with having spoken of "the nationalisation of the means of production and distribution as every working man may legally do, and as the Prime Minister of England did before he denied his principles.

We denounce the stifling of Trade Unionism in India by the country of Trade Unions.

We denounce the attacks which are being made upon the internationalism of the working class, which is for the workers an essential right and a duty, a very necessity of existence in the presence of the internationalism of the forces of exploitation which are destroying them. We demand the public revision of the Meerut trial and we address to the prisoners our greeting of sympathy and of alliance.

They are for us the living symbols of those thousands of victims in the great combat which to-day is being fought throughout the world to break the yoke of imperialism. All these victims make a victory, for they bear witness to the iniquity which is crushing them and to the irresistible rising of the new revolutionary forces which are awakening mankind'.

Nothing henceforward will arrest them.

(The sentences passed on the accused have since been commuted on appeal to the High Court.—Ed.).

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*TRADE AND FINANCE*

# SALES OF INTERMEDIATE BILLS DISCONTINUED

## Gilt-Edged Securities Dull

## GOLD PRICES ABOVE EXPORT PARITY

### Weekly Markets Reviews

Bombay, Aug. 23.

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

This was a short working week owing to the intervention of several Hindu holidays and all markets were inanimate.

**MONEY**

The money market was quiet with call funds quoted as about 3/4 per cent. and with the expected release of about Rs. 4 crores on 1st September, through maturing 1933 bonds, easy conditions are likely to continue. Tenders allotted Rs. 150 lacs of three month's treasury bills and sold Rs. 351.25 lacs of intermediates. The sale of intermediate bills has been discontinued as from 23rd August. Maturities during the same period amounted to Rs. 98.75 lacs. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One month 3/4 per cent., two months 1 per cent., three months 1-1/4 per cent. and six months 1-1/2 per cent.

**GILT-EDGED SECURITIES**

Gilt-edged were dull with a limited turnover. 3-1/2 per cent. Paper showed little change at around Rs. 84.10 and [illegible] per cent. Loan due 1947-50 at Rs. 94-9. 4 per per cent. 1960-70 Loan is quoted at Rs. 97-9. 1934-37 at Rs. 104-13 and 1943s at Rs. 102. 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 Loan showed no change at Rs. 105-4 and 1934 Bonds at Rs. 102-4. 5 per cent. 1939-44 Loan is quoted at Rs. 106-11. 1940-43s at Rs. 106-14 and 1935s at Rs. 104-8. 1945-55 Loan remained steady at Rs. 113. 5-1/2 per cent. 1938-40 Loan closed at Rs. 108. 6-1/2 per cent. Bombay Development Loan was placed at Rs. 108 and 6-1/2 per cent. Treasury Bonds at Rs. 107-8

Tenders for Rs. 11/2 crores of three months Treasury bills were opened on Tuesday the 22nd August 1933. Total amount offered was Rs 2.51.25.000. Tenders at Rs. 99-13-0 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-9 received approximately 71 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount of accepted tenders was Rs. 1.50.00.000 and the average rate Re. 0-12-11 per annum.

Tenders for three months' bills to the amount of Rs. 1-1/2 crores will be received on Tuesday. 29th August 1933. Successful tenderers should make payment of the amount of accepted tenders on Friday the 1st September 1933 Other conditions are as usual.

The sale of intermediate treasury bills has been discontinued Intermediate three months' treasury bills sold rfom 16th to 19th August 1933 amounted to Rs. 3.51.25 000.

**CURRENCY RETURN.**

The Currency return of August 15, 1933, shows an increase of Rs. 11.93 lacs in notes in circulation now amounting to Rs. 178.68 crores. Silver coins have declined by Rs. 0.61 lacs to Rs. 94.79 crores and silver bullion by Rs. 45.78 lacs to Rs. 9.53 crores. Gold bullion is unchanged at Rs. 29.22 crores. Securities in India have increased by Rs. 58.32 lacs to Rs. 45.12 crores. The metallic reserve ratio to circulation is 74.74, as against 75.05 a week ago.

The Statement of the combined account of the Gold Standard Reserve as on July 31, 1933 and Paper Currency Reserve of August 15, 1933 is given below:—

LIABILITIES.

| | (In crores) Rs. |
|---|---|
| Notes in Circulation | 178.68 |
| Rupee Redemption | 40.00 |
| | Rs. 218.68 |

ASSETS.

| | (In crores) Rs. |
|---|---|
| Silver Coin and Bullion | 91.00 |
| Rupee Securities | 45.12 |
| Sterling Securities | 38.06 |
| Gold coin and bullion held in India | 41.62 |
| Gold coin and bullion held in England | 2.88 |
| | Rs. 218.68 |

The percentage of gold and sterling securities to the total liabilities is 37.68 per cent.

N.B.—The gold standard reserve of £ 40 million has been revalued at 1s. 6d. per rupee and the excess of Rs. 13-1/3 crores in the total assets is assumed to have been withdrawn in the form of silver coin and bullion and kept by the Government of India.

**EXCHANGE.**

A slightly quieter tone prevailed in sterling exchange with limited turnover. No fresh business for export of gold which had been the mainstay of this market, was reported. Besides money was abundant and cheap. Merchandise exports were also small, though enquiry for remittances was almost negligible. Sellers of ready T. T. quoted at 1s. 6-1/32d. with some buyers at 1s. 6-1/16d. towards the close both for ready as well as for forward.

The dollar sterling quotation after rising from dol. 4.49 to dol. 4.54, declined to dol. 4.49-1/2 and reacting to dol. 4.50-5/8 finished at dol. 4.49-3/4. The Paris-London cross rate after improving from 84.25 to 84.46, closed at 84.28. The Belga is quoted at 23.65 and the Italian Lira at 62.68.

A Press Communique of the 22nd August states that sterling purchased by Government during the week ending 19th August 1933 amounted to £847,000 and since 1st April to date to £16 839 000.

The following are the figures of India's sea-borne trade for the month of July 1933:—

| | (Lacs rupees) |
|---|---|
| Total Exports (including re-exports) of private merchandise | 12.42 |
| Total imports of private merchandise | 8.70 |
| Net movement of treasure exports | 2.62 |
| Total visible balance of trade, merchandise and treasure, in favour of India | 6.37 |
| Balance of remittances of funds adverse to India | 4.34 |
| The Net balance of trade in favour of India | 2.03 |

**GOLD.**

The gold market remained steady, but the volume of trading was comparatively narrow and confined mostly to inter-bazar operators. Banks and exporters took little interest owing to the rates ruling above export parity. The quotation for ready advanced from Rs. 30-14-0 to Rs. 31-0-3. Due to recent large shipments of ready gold, the supply in the local market has been lessened to about 4 lacs tolas and the discount has almost disappeared, both ready and first settlement being quoted almost at par whereas the second settlement is only half an anna more, as compared with the difference of as much as one anna a fortnight ago. Arrivals from upcountry are comparatively unchanged at about 20,000 tolas a day. The price of sovereigns has improved to Rs. 19-12-0 and Rs. 19-12-6 for retady and forward. In London the quotation for gold ranged between 125sh. and 125sh. 3d. Last week's shipment of gold per s.s "Moolian" amounted to Rs. 135.75 lacs. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 31-0-3 and Rs. 30-14-6 for ready, and September 5 settlement and Rs. 31-1-0 and Rs. 30-14-3 for October 4 settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 57.460 in bar and coin.

**SILVER.**

Silver was quiet and dull during the period under report and price fluctuations were narrow. Ready rate declined from Rs. 55-1 to Rs. 54-12. Movements in the Shanghai dollar and in London were also small, the former moving between 1s. 2-15/16d. and 1s. 3d., and the latter between 17-7/8d. and 17-13/16d. for ready and 18d. and 17-15/16d. for forward. The turnover is restricted, the daily offtake averaging about 35 to 40 bars, while stocks on hand continue at the large figure of 10,000 bars. The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs. 55-1 and 54-12 for ready, Rs. 55-9 and Rs. 55-5 for September 9 settlement and Rs. 56-0 and Rs. 55-12 for October 10 settlement. The total imports during the week were 29 bars and Rs. 9 291 in coin.

**SHARES.**

There were only two working days this week and during the short session, prices tended to be steadier and the undertone was healthier. The turnover was however very small. The following are the fluctuations in some of the leaders:—Bombay Dyeing Rs. 780; Century Rs. 228/12, 226/14; Central India Rs. 323/2, 318/2; Crescent Rs. 46/4, 48/12; Fazulbhoy Rs. 288/2, 285/10; Kohinoor Rs. 158/2, 156/14; New Great Rs. 161/14, 160; Pearls Rs. 177/8, 175; Simplex Rs. 80 and Swadeshi Rs. 251/14, 247/8.

Prices in the miscellaneous section moved sympathetically. Tata Iron Ordys. are quoted at Rs. 54/4 and Defds. at Rs. 195. Tata Hydros closed at Rs. 161/4. Tata Powers at Rs. 1 028/12 and Andhra Valleys at Rs. 1,460. Alcocks shares improved from Rs. 213/12 to Rs. 221/4, while Bombay Burmahs eased from Rs. 383/2 to Rs. 382/8. Bombay Trams kept steady at Rs. 140/10 and Bombay Steams at Rs. 285. Scinde steams showed little change at Rs. 11/8. Bundi Cement shares are quoted at Rs. 26/8. Indian Cements at Rs. 305/10 and Katni Ordys. at Rs. 292/8xd. with Defds. rising to Rs. 1.105. Railway shares showed no price changes.

Imperial Bank shares are quoted Rs. 1,205 and Contributories at Rs. 296/4. Bank of India shares closed at Rs. 103/12 and those of the Central Bank at Rs. 22/10xd.

The following are the figures of approximate production of iron and steel at the Steel Works at Jamshedpur for the month of July 1933.

| | Tons. |
|---|---|
| Pig Iron | 74,700 |
| Steel Ingots | 70,700 |
| Finished Steel | 47,700 |

## CITY MARKETS CLOSED

BOMBAY, Aug. 25.

All leading markets remained closed to-day on account of Jain Holiday. Some business in Gold is reported and there exists a belief that there will be further improvement in Franc. Bhadarva delivery was paid Rs. 31-3-6 and Aso Rs. 31/4. There are many buyers but contracts are scarce.

## AMERICAN COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, Aug 24

| | |
|---|---|
| Octob 1933 | 9.40 plus 05 |
| December 1933 | 9.60 plus 03 |
| January 1934 | 9.71 plus 04 |
| March 1934 | 9.86 plus 02 |
| May 1934 | 10.06 plus 05 |
| Middling Spot | 9.30— |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, Aug 24

| | |
|---|---|
| October | 9.36— |
| December | 9.5. plus 03 |
| Middling Spot | 9.26 plus 05 |

NEW YORK
New York, Aug 24

| | |
|---|---|
| New York 10-55 a.m.— | |
| October | 9.37 |
| December | 9.58 |
| New York Noon Call— | |
| October | 9.46 |
| December | 9.65 |

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, Aug 24

Day's receipts at all U S Ports 15,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain 4,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent 3,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, Aug 24

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| August 1933 | | 5.34—12 |
| September 1933 | | 5.35—12 |
| October 1933 | 5.41 | 5.38—12 |
| November 1933 | | 5.39—12 |
| December 1933 | | 5.41—13 |
| January 1934 | 5.47 | 5.44—12 |
| February 1934 | | 5.46—12 |
| March 1934 | | 5.49—12 |
| April 1934 | | 5.51—12 |
| May 1934 | | 5.53—12 |
| June 1934 | | 5.55—12 |
| July 1934 | | 5.57—12 |
| August 1934 | | 5.59—11 |
| Middling Spot | | 5.54—17 |

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, Aug 24

| | |
|---|---|
| SAKELLARIDIS— | |
| October 1933 | 7.15 |
| November 1933 | 7.21 |
| January 1934 | 7.30 |
| March 1934 | 7.39 |
| May 1934 | 7.47 |
| June 1934 | 7.55 |
| F G F Spot | 7.53 |

INDIAN COTTON
Liverpool, Aug 24

| | |
|---|---|
| BROACH— | |
| Fully Good (Good staple) | 4.46 |
| Fine (Good staple) | 4.61 |
| Superfine (Good staple) | 4.76 |
| OOMRA— | |
| Good (No. 1 staple) | 4.66 |
| Fine (No. 1 staple) | 4.81 |
| Choice (No. 1 staple) | 4.96 |
| BENGAL— | |
| Good | 3.55 |
| Fine | 3.65 |
| Superfine | 3.75 |
| SCINDE— | |
| Good | 3.65 |
| Fine | 3.75 |
| Superfine | 3.85 |

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Aug 24

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Aug/Sept sellers 21/4 1/2
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels— Aug/Sept sellers 21/4 1/2
Wheat South Australian parcels— Aug/Sept sellers 25

LONDON RUBBER
London, August 24.

Smoked sheets standard ribber lb spot 3-3/4 sellers.

LONDON METAL
London, August 24.

| | |
|---|---|
| Copper Braziers | £48 |
| Yellow Metal | £39-1/2 |
| Spelter Hard Indian Brands | £16-1/2 |
| Corrugated sheets 24 gauge | £16-1/4 |
| Tin English Ingots | £214 |

LOANS.
London, August 24

| | |
|---|---|
| Interest Day to Day Loan | 0-3/8 p.c. |
| Interest 7 Days' market Loan | 0-3/8 p.c. |

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET
London, Aug 24

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25—
C & F Calcutta per cwt— Aug/Sept sellers 7/7 1/2
C & F Bombay per cwt— Aug/Sept sellers 7/4 1/2
C & F Karachi per cwt— Aug/Sept sellers 7/4 1/2

LINSEED.
London, August 24.

| | |
|---|---|
| Linseed Calcutta, (London) ton | £11:6:3 Aug./Sept. sellers. |
| Linseed Laplata c.i.f. Hull, ton | £10:15:0 Aug./Sept. sellers. |
| Linseed Bombay, (London) ton | £12:0:0 Aug./Sept. sellers. |

LONDON SILVER.
London, August 24.

Silver Market: Closed steady
Spot 17-7/8
Forward 18

GOLD.
London, August 24.

Gold Bars Fine per oz £6:5:9

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, August 24.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank Bills 3 months Market rate | 0-7/16 p.c. |
| Bank Bills 6 months market rate | 0-11/16 p.c. |
| Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate | 2 p.c. |
| Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate | 2-1/2 p.c. to 3 p.c. |

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, August 24.

| | |
|---|---|
| T.T. LONDON ON:— | |
| Berlin | 13.76 |
| Amsterdam | 8.12-1/4 |
| Brussels | 23.50 |
| Madrid | 39.28 |
| Milan | 62.12 |
| Berne | 16.94-1/2 |
| Paris | 83.78 |
| Prague | 111.56 |
| T.T. London on New York | 4.56 |

SEEDS.
London, August 24.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cottonseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. | No offers. |
| Castorseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. ton | £10:7:6 Aug./Sept. sellers. |
| Rapeseed Toria, Hull Continent ton | £10:6:3 Aug./Sept. sellers. |

LINSEED OILS.
London, August 24.

| | |
|---|---|
| Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. | 20/4-1/2 Sept./Dec. sellers. |
| Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. | 20/10-1/2 Jan./Apl. paid and sellers. |

COFFEE NEW YORK MARKET

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)— Spot 8 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, August 24.

| | |
|---|---|
| Chartered Bank of I.A. and China | £15-5/8 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.) | £128-1/2 |
| P. and O. Banking Corporation | £10 |
| National Bank of India | £45 |
| Funding Loan 4 p.c. | £11-1/4 |
| Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c. | £100-3/8 |
| Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p.c. | £62 |
| Indian Stock 3 p.c. 1948 | £71-3/4 |
| Indian Stock 3-1/2 p.c. 1931 | £82-3/4 |
| Indian Stock 4-1/2 p.c. 1950/55 | £107-1/2 |
| Consols 2-1/2 p.c. | £74 |
| War Loan 3-1/2 p.c. | £100 |
| Victory Bonds 4 p.c. | £108-7/8 |

## GOVERNMENT BUYING COTTON

### Hedge Selling Increasing

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta & Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Trading almost entirely professional. Speculation awaiting new political incentive.

New York.—Opened easier but advanced during the morning in sympathy with wheat, supported by Government buying during the afternoon. Hedging continue to increase but have a favourable opinion in the long run. Prefer buying. Cotton goods market—yarn market—quiet and prices nominal.

New York.—Large purchases May position credited Government agencies. Southern selling supplied contracts.


NOTICE!

Private Buses will run for all 6-30 & 10 p.m. shows at PATHE CINEMA from Afghan Church (Colaba) at 5-45 & 9-15 p.m. stopping at Colaba Station, Waterloo Mansions and Flora Fountain. The Buses will wait in the Cinema compound for your return. You can reserve your seat for the show on the Bus.

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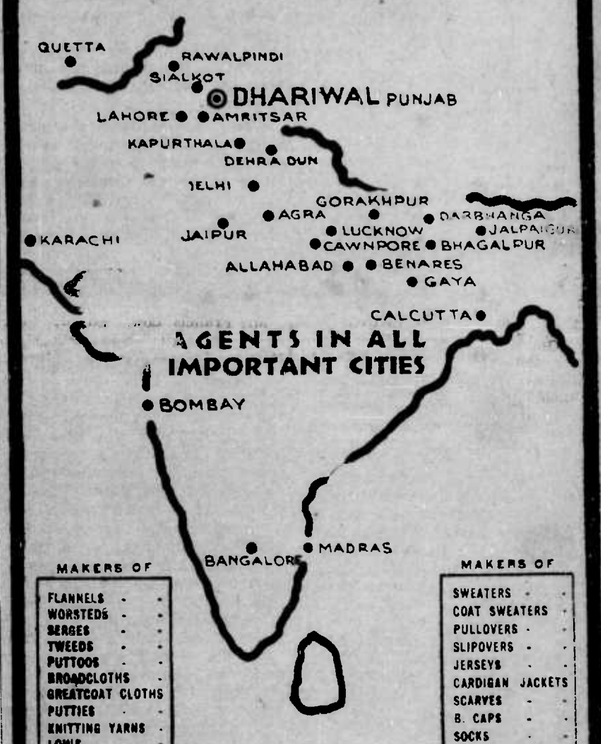


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# WAR PENSION ORDERS

## Government Accept Many Recommendations Of Committee

## CASE OF FORFEITURES

**Authorities Considering Resto ration Of Stoppages Due To Political Misconduct.**

SIMLA, Aug. 24.

Government orders on the War Pensions Committee are published.

A large number of the Committee's recommendations have been accepted.

Government accept the recommendation that applicants for the Great War disability pensions should get the general benefit of the 1922 rules and their claims should be dealt with under those rules, but Government should accept the presumption that all disabilities contracted on the field or on foreign service during war were in fact attributable to military service, unless there is sufficient evidence clearly to rebut such a presumption.

NO EXTENSION OF DATE.

Government are not prepared to extend any further the date after which new applications for the Great War disability pensions are liable to be rejected on the ground that they are time-barred. On the other hand they are prepared to inform all Commanding Officers that they may at their discretion investigate and forward claims received for the first time after the prescribed date, if special reasons justify such a course.

Government accept the recommendation that ex-soldiers be left free to employ non-official agencies but petitions must be submitted through recognized channels and will fall into two classes namely (1) those in which an appeal has not already been made and (2) those in which an appeal has been made and rejected. Claims and petitions in both categories which do not comply strictly with the requirements laid down in the Government order will be liable to immediate rejection.

STILL CONSIDERING.

Government are still considering the question whether the definition of political misconduct should be changed with a view to restoring certain forfeited pensions and an announcement will be made later. Similarly Government are obtaining the views of the Army authorities on the Committee's recommendation regarding widow's re-marriage in the same family. Government consider the existing provision regarding the Medical Board and medical opinion sufficient to meet the point of view urged by the Committee.

As regards arrears, Government retain discretion to limit the amount with due regard to equitable and financial considerations and with due regard to the date on which application is first made and nature of the explanation for delay in making it.

ONLY ONE PENSION.

Government reject the recommendation that the individual may draw more than one pension owing to heavy sacrifices made by the family. Government finally give a warning that acceptance of some recommendations of the Committee does not mean that all pensions claims that have been rejected in the past will now automatically be re-opened.—A. P.

## *SURREY'S HIGHEST AGAINST YORKS*

### *Verity Barracked By Crowd For Bowling Full Tosses*

LONDON, Aug 24

Surrey recorded the highest score of the season against Yorks, the previous highest total being 431 by Lancashire. Barling hit up 50 in 55 minutes out of 124 so far put on by the partnership, and 100 in 165 minutes out of 223. This is his fifth century of the season. Batting in all for 3 hours and 10 minutes he hit one 5 and fifteen 4's. The sixth wicket partnership between Barling and Winlaw, the Cambridge Blue, realised 177 in 105 minutes. Winlaw's innings which included one 6 and five 4's was free from blemish.

Verity bowled slow full tosses and then lobs which did not please the crowd who barracked. The result was that Verity was taken off. The tall score of Surrey to-day, was the highest ever made by them against Yorks, and the biggest against Yorks since Warwick's 536 in 1929.

Every man including the wicket-keeper bowled for Gloucester in their match against Warwickshire.—Reuter's Special.

# VETERAN JOURNALIST

## Publicists Pay Tribute To Natesan On His 60th Birthday

MADRAS, Aug. 24.

In commemoration of the 60th birthday celebration of the Hon'ble Mr. G. A. Natesan, Editor of the "Indian Review," which comes off to-day, a souvenir has been brought out containing a number of appreciative articles about Mr. Natesan by distinguished persons.

These include the Rt. Hon'ble V. S. Srinivasa Sastri, Sir Joseph Bhore, Sir P. S. Sivaswamy Iyer, Sir Jagadish Chandra Bose, Sir Muhammad Habibullah, Sir R. K. Shanmukham Chetty, Sir Frank Noyce, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer Sir S. Radhakrishnan, Messrs. A. Rangaswamy Iyengar, A. A. Hayles, Francis Low, C. Rajagopalachari and C. Y. Chintamani.

TRIBUTES.

"A veteran journalist who has opened up new lines of journalistic enterprise, he has not been content to allow his gifts and energies to carry him along any single channel," says Sir Joseph Bhore.

Sir R. K. Shanmukham Chetty says: "His record of public life extending over thirty years is one of which anyone can be proud.... The enthusiasm and energy which Mr. Natesan puts forth in any work that he undertakes always evoke the admiration of his friends.

Sir Dinsha Wacha says: "He can be cited as a good example of 'Self Help' which Mr. Smiles so extensively inculcated.

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer says "Among his various public services, I shall mention his fight for the Indians in South Africa, his devotion to the work of the Corporation his University work and the fearless discharge of duties in the Council of State."

STAUNCH LIBERAL.

Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar says: "That with his great abilities, qualities of industry and steadfast application with his readiness to seek and give help to others, he should have succeeded so well both in his private affairs and in his public activities, can hardly be a surprise to all those who have known him from his boyhood.

Mr. Francis Low, Editor, the "Times of India" says: "Mr. G. A. Natesan belongs to the category of men with sound and moderate views who have served India well in the past and shall we hope enjoy the opportunity of serving her better in future. A keen nationalist in the best sense of the term and a staunch liberal, he has as Editor of the 'Indian Review' and as a public man done his country good service".

Mr. U. N. Sen says: "I have always entertained the highest respect and admiration for his independence, his judgment and his far-sighted vision in Indian political affairs.—A. P.

## *"GERMANY FOR GERMANS"*

### *Great Historical And Industrial Exhibition Planned In Berlin*

The Nazi insistence on a policy of "Germany for the Germans" is to culminate in a spectacular exhibition to be held in Berlin early next year, of which President von Hindenburg has agreed to act as patron.

Under the motif "German People—German Work" the exhibition, which will last from March 17th to May 1st, will show in one huge setting the racial history and make-up of the German people, with special attention to heredity and hygiene. The problem of unemployment and the betterment of the condition of the peasantry, matters now receiving government attention, will be dealt with and the finest specimens of German labour of every description will be shown.

Gaming which was allowed at German resorts up to seventy years ago, is again to be permitted, and a concession for gaming tables has been granted to Baden-Baden where visitors will be able to indulge in roulette and other games of chance. The winnings of the tables are to be devoted to public uses. The privilege now given to the Black Forest spa is to be extended to other resorts with a fair percentage of foreign guests.


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BOMBAY SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1933

## POLICE PROBE INTO KALYAN DEATH MYSTERY

### Arrest Watchman In Employ Of Railway Institute On Suspicion, Because Of Blood-stain Marks On His Clothes

(From Our Correspondent)
KALYAN, Aug. 24.

The Railway police assisted by the town police have found this morning a plausible clue to the mystery murder of a 20-year-old Hindu boy, whose dead body was picked up in the small hours of yesterday morning from between the rails underneath an overbridge on the north of the Kalyan station at a distance of about 34 miles from Bombay.

It is stated that the deceased boy was clothed in white pyjama, shirt with a collar bearing the initials P. K. N. and a pair of shoes, but without any headgear. The body which was placed at an angle between the rails on the up line was noticed yesterday morning at about 1 o'clock by a pilot driver who immediately reported the matter to the railway police at Kalyan.

MEDICAL EVIDENCE

An inquest on the body was held by the Resident Magistrate Kalyan, but the body was not identified. Medical evidence showed that there were marks of violence near the right eye, the spot having turned dark, and the nail marks on the throat suggesting that the boy must have been strangulated. The post mortem examination further revealed that the viscera contained opium.

DEATH MYSTERY

A verdict of death under suspicious circumstances was recorded.

After a photograph was taken, the body was cremated yesterday by the police according to Hindu rites.

Inspector Scott and Sub-Inspector Abdool Gafoor Khan of the Kalyan Railway Police are investigating into the case.

It transpires that one Gopal, a South Indian watchman ("Ramoshi") in the employ of the Railway Institute, Kalyan reported this morning to Sub-Inspector Kadarkhan Pathan of the Kalyan town police that his son Narayan aged about 17 was missince since 8 p.m. day before yesterday. As Gopal's clothes appeared to have blood-stain marks, the police officer suspecting that he might have something to do with the alleged murder handed him over to the railway police.

TWO INCIDENTS.

Enquiries show that the father of the missing boy has a post office savings bank account in the name of his son Narayan showing a balance of Rs. 600, a sum of Rs. 300 having been deposited on the day the boy left the house. Narayan who worked with a pan shop-keeper was living with his father and stepmother in an outhouse attached to the railway institute. This place is within a shet's range from the railway track, from where the body of the deceased was picked up.

It appears that there was a quarrel over money affair in the house on the day the boy is reported to have been missing. These circumstances are such that there appears to be a connecting link beween the two incidents. The disappearance of the boy at 8 p.m. and the finding of a dead body on the railway track five hours later enhance the suspicion that the boy must have been murdered between the hours of 10 and 11 p.m. and left on the rail track with a view to escape the consequences.

Another circumstance is that no other boy has been reported missing in the neighbourhood. However, the father of the missing boy denies having anything to do with the alleged murder. Gopal is reported to have been present at the inquest but he said not a word about his missing boy.

The railway police have arrested Gopal.

Members of the Poet Narmad Shankar Centenary Celebration Committee, Bombay: Justice H. V. Divetia, President of the Committee is seated at the centre of the sitting row, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, vice-President being on his left.

## THANA JUDGE REJECTS REVISION APPLICATION

### Confirms Lower Court's Order That G. I. P. R. Agent's Appeal Contesting Kurla Municipality's Demand Was Not Time-Barred

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, Aug. 24.

Mr. K. K. Thakor, the District and Sessions Judge of Thana, rejected with costs on Tuesday last a revision application preferred by the Kurla Municipality against the order (on March 23 last) passed by Mr. V. M. Jadhav, Resident Magistrate of Kurla, holding that the appeal of the Secretary of State for India, through the Agent of the G.I.P. Railway contesting the Municipality's notice of demand with regard to house and conservancy taxes on certain railway properties situated within municipal limits was in time.

The judge confirmed the lower court's order and sent back the record to it in order that the appeal might be heard on merits.

QUESTION OF JURISDICTION.

The facts are that the Municipality's notice of demand was served on the railway company on August 17, 1932. Acting on the information supplied by the Superintendent of Rates and Taxes, Kurla Municipality, Messrs. Little and Co., Government Solicitors, on August 30 preferred an appeal in the court of the Resident Magistrate, Kurla, within 15 days. On October 24, when the appeal was argued before the Magistrate an objection was taken on behalf of the Municipality that Mr. Jadhav had no jurisdiction to hear the appeal in the absence of authority from the District Magistrate. Mr. Jadhav had his record searched for such an authority, but it was not forthcoming.

Later, the Government solicitors made a reference to the Bombay Suburban District Magistrate in the matter who also found that no authority was given by him or any of his predecessors to Mr. Jadhav, to bear such appeals.

MUNICIPAL OBJECTION.

On November 18 the District Magistrate authorised Mr. Jadhav, and the appeal was presented to the proper court on November 24, when an objection was taken by the Municipality that the appeal was time-barred. On the data placed before him, Mr. Jadhav came to the conclusion that the contention of the Municipality was not sound and held that the appeal was in time in view of the provisions under Section 14 of the Indian Limitation Act.

Mr. Lawrie for the Municipality urged that the Magistrate heard the appeal under section 110 of the Bombay City Municipalities Act, that such an appeal was under a special Act as mentioned in Section 29 of the Indian Limitation act that as the period of limitation according to the former section was different from that though section 14 applied to the proceedings in the lower court, section 5 of the Limitation Act did not apply, that the former section was confined to suits and applications but not to appeals and therefore it was not competent to the Magistrate to give prescribed under the Limitation Act to the railway company.

APPELLANT'S CONTENTION.

Mr. Colah for the Secretary of State contended that section 14 could be availed of by his client on the ground that section 29 (2) provided not only for suits and applications but also for appeals, and that such being the case it would be to say the least, highly anamolous that section 14 should not apply to an appeal under a special act like the Bombay City Municipalities Act of 1925. Simply because section 14 when read by itself referred to suits and applications and not to appeals.

RIGHT INTERPRETATION.

In the course of his judgment, Mr. Thakor observed: "I have given my best and anxious consideration to the question of the right interpretations of the provisions of section 14 and 29 of the Indian Limitation Act. I have come to the conclusion that the former section does apply to an appeal under the Bombay city Municipalities Act. Had it been otherwise, we would not, in my opinion, have found the word "appeal" in clause 2 of section 29 and it would have been confined only to suits or applications.

"In case it is permissible for a judge to read the mind of the Legislature as revealed in a particular section," declared the Judge, "I may opine that as the word "appeal" was mentioned in clause 2 of section 29, it was not deemed necessary to apply section 5 to the Special Acts. Speaking for myself I cannot see any reason why in a litigation under a special Act the benefit of section 14 should be given in suits and applications and not in appeals. In view of the above considerations I hold that the Magistrate is not shown to have taken a wrong view.

AUTHORITIES QUOTED.

Mr. Justice Greaves has held that "in computing the period of limitation, the time occupied in the proceedings which ended in the decision of the Judicial Committee is to be excluded".

After citing the above Lord Salvesen has observed that "the analogy of the Indian Limitation Act requires that an arbitrator should exclude the time spent in prosecuting in good faith the same claim before an arbitrator who was without jurisdiction."

The Judge declared that an appeal under section 110 of the Bombay City Municipalities Act was quite different from an appeal in the usual sense of the term. It would not be unfair to apply by analogy the provisions of section 14 of the Indian Limitation Act to the present appeal. The argument of Mr. Lawrie that as section 29 did not apply to arbitration proceedings their lordships of the Privy Council applied by analogy section 14 to an arbitration case, though not wanting in cogency, had only an academic value

## ARMING AGAINST C. D.?

### Authorities Invoke Criminal Law Amendment Provisions

### EMERGENCY POWERS

**Came Into Force In Sholapur District with effect From Friday**

The Bombay Government Gazette (extraordinary) issued today contains the following notification:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 1 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1932 (XXIII of 1932), the Governor in Council is hereby pleased to direct that section 7 of the said Act shall come into force in the district of Sholapur with effect from the 25th August 1933

### *WHAT SECTION SAYS*

Section 7 of Act No. XXIII of 1932—The Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1932, says:—

(1) Whoever—

Molesting a person to prejudice of employment or business.

(a) with intent to cause any person to abstain from doing or to do any act which such person has a right to do or to abstain from doing, obstructs or uses violence to or intimidates such person or any member of his family or person in his employ, or loiters at or near a place where such person or member or employed person resides or works or carries on business or happens to be or persistently follows him from place to place, or interferes with any property owned or used by him or deprives him of or hinders him in the use thereof, or

(b) loiters or does any similar act or near the place where a person carries on business, in such a way and with intent that any person may thereby by deferred from entering or approaching or dealing at such place.

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both.

EXPLANATION

Encouragement of indegenous industries or advocacy of temperance without the commission of any of the acts prohibited by this section is not an offence under this section.

(2) No court shall take cognisance of an offence punishable under this section except upon a report in writing of facts which constitute such offence made by a police officer not below the rank of officer in charge of a police station.

GENERAL O'DUFFY

## POLICE BATONS DISPERSE CROWDS

### Gen O'Duffy's Futile Appeal For Peace

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, Aug. 25.

Lively scenes were witnessed at Waterford last night, when 200 Civic Guards took possession of the City Hall and prevented a meeting of the National Guards Association, following Government's announcement that the Association which is not a uniformed Blue Shirt Auxiliary is also within the scope of the ban on National Guards.

General O'Duffy who was to have addressed the meeting received a tumultuous welcome on arrival in the City Hall from the hotel.

He told the crowd that he did not intend to come into conflict with Peoples Civic Guard and therefore, had postponed the meeting. He advised them to go home quietly, whereupon hostile elements became disorderly forcing the police to draw batons and disperse them.

## LANCASHIRE MISSION

### Delegates Out To Prove To Japanese And Indians Their Bona-fides

### COMPLETING OTTAWA

**Members will dispel by frank talks Japans suspicion regarding Empire bloc competition**

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, Aug. 25.

The "Times" in a leading article on the coming Tri-Partite cotton discussions in India, observes that the situation which is resultant of the recent intensification of competition is very delicate.

The paper remarks that the British Delegation to-morrow embarks on a novel venture in the sphere of commercial diplomacy which will afford them an opportunity to dispel by frank discussion the growing, but ill-founded suspicion in the minds of the Japanese that the British Empire have embarked on an anti-Japanese policy.

The Delegation should be no less successful in allaying the equally ill-founded mistrust in the Indian Millowners that Lancashire interests are seeking to hamper the development of cotton industry in India.

COMPLETING OTTAWA

Britain accepts without reserve the growth of domestic cotton industry, even if it ultimately proves to be at Lancashire's expense.

On the other hand, closer contact between the British and Indian industries which is a natural development of the Ottawa Conference should be to the advantage of Oldham and equally of Bombay.

It will be a mistake to underestimate the difficulties bound to be encountered, but however menacing the possibilities of failure are it is most desirable that this method of negotiating trade agreements should be given a chance to prove its usefulness.

It is far better that industries concerned should thresh out an agreement, than that intricate adjustments of international trade should be made pawns in the Diplomatic game.

Much depends on the success with which the British Delegation are able to impress upon Indian and Japanese millowners alike, its business like capacity and sincerity and its desire of co-operation.

Given the right atmosphere and goodwill, it will be possible to find some way of ending the instability of markets in the Far East.—

## NO MOSCOW CALLING

### Nazis Confiscate Wireless Sets Of German Communists

### SHUTTING OUT SOVIET

**But opportunities will be given to them to hear Swastika tune under official control**

(Special Cable)
COLOGNE, Aug. 24.

All wireless sets capable of listening in to the Russian stations have been confiscated from Communist owners.

The Prefecture of the Arnsberg police in Ruhr alleged that Communists were holding meetings in their rooms, in order to hear propaganda from Russia.

Communists, however, will not lack opportunities to listen to German broadcasts under the official control.

### *WHEAT PARLEYS CONTINUE*

RUGBY, Aug. 24.

The Wheat Conference which continued to-day at Canada House London, adjourned until to-morrow without reaching any decision of the International price of wheat necessary to bring an agreement into force.

To-day's session was devoted to the discussion on the terms of the draft agreement presented last Monday by exporting countries.

An Advisory Committee is to be appointed to watch the working of all agreements reached. The countries chosen to be represented are France, Germany, Italy, Spain, Switzerland and the United Kingdom and one northern European country drawn from Norway and Sweden, Denmark, Finland, Esthonia and Latvia.—B. O. W.

## *TAGORE'S APPEAL TO "CHRONICLE" READERS*

### *Wanted Lists Of Scientific Words With English Equivalents*

SANTINIKETAN, Aug. 21.

Poet Rabindranath Tagore, writes to the "Chronicle":—

In co-operation with the Calcutta University I am collecting a complete list of vernacular words used as synonyms for scientific terms of modern usage. I am told that there exist many such words in Gujarati, Hindi and Marathi, newly coined as well as those restored from ancient Indian sources which deal with scientific thought in various departments.

Sometime back I issued an appeal in your esteemed journal inviting the co-operation of your readers in the compilation of the list. I am happy to say, I have had some good response to the appeal. But yet much remains to be done and I again appeal to your readers to provide me with lists of such words with English equivalents which will help me in my work.

### *SHIPPING RULES IN GERMANY*

(Special Cable)
BERLIN, Aug 24

Foreign shipping companies will henceforth be treated on the same footing as German companies as regards booking passages by Germans, but payments must not exceed the fare and expenses aboard.

The Refund of money unused must only be made in Germany.

Passage money received in foreign currencies can be transferred, while transfer in foreign currencies of the Reichbank's bookings is subjected to certain restrictions.

Foreign agencies are allowed to transfer to Home offices accounts upto 50 per cent or transfers in the corresponding month, last year.

## Rs. 60 Lakhs For Hedjaz Railway

Dr. S. A. K. Jeelani, ex-M.L.A., of Madras, who recently returned from the Hedjaz and is now in Bombay, has secured the concession from the Government of King Ibn Saud to build a railway between Mecca and Jeddah, a distance of sixty miles.

When this is completed the railway may be extended to Medina and other suitable points.

The Mecca-Jeddah section is expected to be completed in three years. The King's Firman has been issued and the agreement signed.

The Capital for the scheme will be raised in India. A Company has been registered in Madras and the Directorate will be Indian. The authorised Capital has been fixed at Rs. 60 lakhs, of which 50 lakhs will be the present issue. The distribution will be in Ordinary shares of Rs. 60 each of which Rs. 10 will be payable on application and Rs. 10 every two months until completion.

### *ASSASSINS OR BOOTLEGGERS?*

NEW YORK, Aug 24

It now transpires that the aeroplane which was reported to have left Havana carrying would-be assassins of Senor Machado, is a liquor dealer's machine.—Reuter.

## WHEAT DROPS

### Commodities Featureless On London 'Change

(Special Cable)
LONDON, Aug. 24

On the Stock Exchange, apart from sustained strength the Home Railways, markets were featureless and Kaffirs continued improving.

Among the commodity markets, wheat dropped sharply in the newspaper report of the discovery of 60 million bushels in North America, hitherto not disclosed.

There was again good business in sugar, and other commodities were featureless. Wall Street opened easy and later on improved under the leadership of the Minings

## PICKNICKERS RELEASED

### Nazis Contend Swiss Have No Right Of Entry

(Special Cable)
BASLE, Aug. 24.

Two Swiss picknickers who were arrested on the Rhine island ten days ago have been released. The police contended that they were Communists, and had no right to enter the "German island."

Captain Cyril Cridlan Barrett, Royal Artillery, on leave from India, died in a nursing home at Monaco after three weeks' illness.

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